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Leibniz-Informationszentrum Wirtschaft Leibniz Information Centre for Economics

### SOCIAL PROTECTION: MALTA AND THE EU

### 2014

Data 2009-2013

National Statistics Office, Malta 2015

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#### FOREWORD

This is the seventh publication on social protection in Malta which includes a European dimension. The tables and charts take an all-round approach, presenting public and private expenditure on social protection and related measures as expressed in benefits and services. The publication has a number of characteristics that add to its value: expenditure is analysed by function, and benefits by nature and type. Additionally, a section is dedicated to a comparison between Malta and the EU.

The publication is enriched by an extensive glossary of related terms and by a good range of background information on social protection schemes and their functions.

Some excerpts from the data are in order. In Malta cash benefits made up 69.6 per cent of total social security benefits compared to 64.4 per cent in the EU28. In respect of benefits in kind, this proportion was 30.4 per cent for Malta and 35.6 per cent in the EU28. In 2009-2012 the level of social protection expenditure in Malta was below that of EU28. In 2012, however, the proportion of such expenditure as a share of GDP grew at a faster pace than its counterparts in the EU28 bloc – 3.8 per cent against 1.4 per cent.

My appreciation goes to Mark Galea and Shaun Sammut for their work in compiling and organising this information. I trust that it will be a useful tool to a wide spectrum of users, notably policy makers, researchers, the media and the general public.

Joseph Bonello Acting Director General

March 2015

#### INTRODUCTION

Social protection encompasses all interventions from public and private bodies intended to relieve households and individuals of the burden of a defined set of risks or needs, provided that there is neither a simultaneous reciprocal nor an individual arrangement involved. Social protection systems are crucial to reduce poverty levels and help people towards social inclusion.

The data on expenditure under the various social protection schemes contained in this publication are drawn up according to the ESSPROS (European System of integrated Social Protection Statistics) Manual issued by Eurostat. Generally the objectives of ESSPROS are to provide a comprehensive, realistic and coherent description of social protection which:

- i covers social benefits and their financing;
- ii is geared towards international comparability; and
- iii is completely harmonised with other statistics, particularly the National Accounts, in its main concepts.

The social protection accounts presented in this study are a satellite account of National Accounts. This means that the data are compatible with National Accounts publications and form an integral part of the workings of the macro-economic framework for the calculation of the Gross Domestic Product in terms of ESA 2010.

The data in the first section of this publication cover the 2009-2013 period and are presented in a way that reflects the actual risk being covered. Other details highlight the following characteristics:

- Function allocation:
  - i Sickness/Health care
  - ii Disability
  - iii Old Age
  - iv Survivors
  - v Family/Children
  - vi Unemployment
- vii Housing
- viii Social exclusion n.e.c. (not elsewhere classified)
- Whether the benefit is means-tested or non means-tested
- Type of benefit (in cash or in kind)

The social benefits are grouped into statistical units, or schemes. Where possible, these schemes have been chosen in such a way as to provide protection against a single risk or need. Schemes cover a single specific group of beneficiaries. Naturally, social protection schemes are concerned exclusively with redistribution and not with production. In this way goods and services provided in kind to beneficiaries are considered to be produced by the institutional unit (or units) supporting the scheme in question.

The data in the second section cover the 2009-2012 period, and indicate how Malta fares within the European Union. Data analysis includes comparisons on total social protection benefits per capita, the percentage of means-tested and non means-tested benefits as a percentage of total benefits and allocation of benefits across function level.

#### COMMENTARY

#### Social Protection in Malta

The total social protection expenditure for 2013 was  $\in$ 1,390.4 million, resulting in an increase of  $\in$ 71.5 million (5.4 per cent) when compared to 2012. At function level, seven from the eight functions registered a rise in social protection outlay. The largest rise in social expenditure was recorded under Sickness/Health Care, with the  $\in$ 37.0 million increase accounting for more than 50 per cent of the overall increase in social protection expenditure. Further increases were recorded under Old Age (19.0 million), Family/Children ( $\in$ 6.7 million), Unemployment ( $\in$ 5.9 million), Disability ( $\in$ 2.4 million), Housing ( $\in$ 1.8 million) and Social Exclusion ( $\in$ 0.1 million). Social outlay registered under the Survivors function declined by  $\in$ 1.3 million.

At scheme level, fifteen out of the nineteen schemes registered a rise in expenditure with Hospitals and Other Health Care Facilities (€34.2 million) recording the largest increase. An increase in outlay under Mater Dei Hospital (€19.5 million) proved to be the main catalyst for this rise. Furthermore, significant increases were also recorded under the schemes Social Security Contributory Benefits (€20.0 million) and Social Security Non-Contributory Benefits (+€11.9 million). The former occurs due to a €23.1 million rise in Two-Thirds Pension outlay while the latter is mainly reflected through increases in Children's Allowance (€3.2 million), Social Assistance (€3.0 million) and Unemployment Assistance (€2.0 million) expenditure.

The four schemes which registered a decline in outlay were Treasury Pensions ( $\in 2.6$  million), Third Country Nationals and Refugees ( $\in 0.7$  million), Subsidies on Utilities ( $\in 0.3$  million) and Energy Benefit ( $\in 0.1$  million).

A total of 659,820 sick days were taken in 2013 by public and private employees, an increase of 14,505 days when compared to 2012. Hence, outlay under the scheme Sickness Days – Employers' Expenditure increased by  $\in 0.9$  million, reaching a total of  $\in 39.4$  million in 2013. Furthermore, public transport subsidies, covering subsidised tickets given to elderly persons using the bus or Gozo ferry services, amounted to  $\in 4.8$  million. In 2013, the total amount of bus and ferry tickets sold to pensioners was about 2.7 million.

#### Malta and the EU

Data required to compare social protection expenditure with the other 28 EU Member States is currently available up until 2012, with 2013 data set to be published in the fourth quarter of 2015<sup>1</sup>. In 2012, the total social protection expenditure spent by the 28 Member States rose by 3.5 per cent from 2011. The biggest increases were recorded by the United Kingdom (11.8 per cent), Ireland (8.9 per cent) and Sweden (8.5 per cent). Seven countries reported a decrease in social protection outlay, with Romania (4.8 per cent) and Greece (3.7 per cent) registering the biggest declines. Malta's 2012 social protection expenditure registered a 6.4 per cent increase from the previous year.

As a percentage of the Gross Domestic Product (GDP), the EU28 social protection benefits average in 2012 was 28.3 per cent. This is 1.4 per cent higher than the corresponding value in 2011. An 8.0 per cent increase by Ireland was the largest rise in social protection expenditure as a percentage of GDP for 2012. On the other hand, Latvia (6.8 per cent) recorded the biggest decline in social outlay to GDP ratio, followed by Poland (5.4 per cent) and Romania (4.9 per cent). Malta's social protection expenditure amounted to 19.2 per cent of GDP in 2012, an increase of 3.8 per cent from 2011.

Each social protection related benefit is categorized into one of two groups. It is either classified as a cash benefit, providing an alternative or supplementary source of income to beneficiaries, or as a benefit in kind, which are non-cash based benefits provided in the form of goods and services. For 2012 the EU28 average for the ratio of social protection benefits paid out in cash stood at 64.4 per cent, 0.2 per cent higher than 2011. The largest percentages of social protection benefits classified as cash were recorded in Cyprus (81.0 per cent) and Poland (77.3 per cent). Ireland (47.4 per cent) and Sweden (53.8 per cent) registered the lowest proportions of benefits given in cash, with the former being the only Member State where the majority of available social protection benefits in 2012, a 1.2 per cent rise from 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Please note that, due to some recent backward revisions, there are updates in Malta's social protection expenditure data which feature in Section A but not in Section B.

In 2012, at EU28 level 10.6 per cent of social protection benefits were subject to means testing. Ireland (26.9 per cent) recorded the largest percentage of means-tested benefits which is significantly higher than the second largest recorded by the Netherlands (15.3 per cent). The lowest ratios of means-tested benefits were recorded by Estonia (0.7 per cent) and the Czech Republic (2.0 per cent). In Malta 13.0 per cent of social protection expenditure was subject to means-testing in 2012. Means-tested outlay at EU28 level was split evenly between cash and in kind benefits, while 66.1 per cent of non means-tested benefits were cash benefits.

At 55.3 per cent, the majority of Malta's social protection expenditure was spent on Old Age/Survivors benefits in 2012. This ranks Malta fifth amongst the EU Member States with Italy (61.9 per cent) registering the highest ratio of Old Age/Survivors to social protection benefits. Under the Sickness/Health Care function, Ireland (48.7 per cent) reported the highest percentage with Malta (29.7 per cent) ranked ninth just above the EU28 average (29.6 per cent). Luxembourg (16.2 per cent) recorded the largest percentage of social protection benefits spent under the Family/Children function which is more than twice the EU28 average (7.8 per cent) for 2012. In this function Malta spent 6.2 per cent of its social protection outlay.

For 2012, Malta spent 3.9 per cent of its social protection expenditure on Disability classified benefits with only Cyprus (3.4 per cent) attributing less to such benefits. Furthermore, Malta ranked 22<sup>nd</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> with regards to social benefits spent under the Unemployment (3.5 per cent) and Housing (0.4 per cent) functions respectively. Finally, Malta recorded a total of 1.5 per cent with regards to social protection benefits spent under the Social Exclusion function, equalling the EU28 average.

### SECTION A SOCIAL PROTECTION IN MALTA

#### 1. Social Protection

#### 1.1 Social protection expenditure: 2009-2013

| Schemes                                    | 2009          | 2010          | 2011          | 2012          | 2013          |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Social Security Contributory Benefits      | 501,932,649   | 562,436,574   | 561,161,003   | 604,939,095   | 624,928,005   |
| Social Security Non-Contributory Benefits  | 159,903,903   | 168,914,700   | 166,833,655   | 177,620,306   | 189,529,232   |
| Hospitals and Other Health Care Facilities | 264,882,554   | 267,686,494   | 272,156,360   | 293,371,417   | 327,601,972   |
| Social Welfare Standards                   | 1,695,711     | 2,186,271     | 2,480,912     | 3,407,660     | 3,939,933     |
| Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households | 13,406,205    | 13,245,792    | 12,481,731    | 12,875,540    | 13,264,056    |
| APPOĠĠ                                     | 3,246,252     | 3,478,371     | 3,851,840     | 4,243,542     | 4,514,893     |
| SEDQA                                      | 1,759,809     | 1,776,657     | 1,611,857     | 1,508,974     | 1,773,525     |
| Employment and Training Corporation        | 3,310,133     | 4,179,927     | 5,605,518     | 7,161,975     | 10,693,367    |
| Sickness Days - Employers' Expenditure     | 35,511,997    | 33,262,566    | 36,438,806    | 38,516,151    | 39,379,805    |
| Subsidies on Utilities                     | 3,303,249     | 3,118,780     | 3,584,377     | 4,263,062     | 3,948,891     |
| Energy Benefit                             | 4,041,193     | 3,615,722     | 8,362,683     | 5,121,390     | 5,015,779     |
| Housing Subsidies                          | 195,000       | 93,774        | 77,163        | 79,346        | 352,231       |
| Housing Authority Subsidies                | 9,384,501     | 9,907,614     | 12,159,105    | 5,399,608     | 6,906,724     |
| Pensioners' Route Bus Subsidy              | 812,457       | 940,631       | 1,654,318     | 2,904,395     | 3,428,533     |
| Pensioners' Gozo Ferry Boat Subsidy        | 1,010,787     | 1,115,250     | 1,211,298     | 1,273,233     | 1,373,196     |
| Care of the Elderly and the Disabled       | 46,023,280    | 48,173,498    | 52,270,909    | 55,883,827    | 56,599,883    |
| Treasury Pensions                          | 83,117,193    | 85,642,853    | 86,392,980    | 89,951,004    | 87,329,009    |
| MDD/MSCL/MSY Voluntary Retirement Scheme   | 4,873,212     | 3,796,090     | 3,690,796     | 3,423,185     | 3,573,400     |
| Third Country Nationals and Refugees       | 11,061,584    | 8,152,563     | 8,738,130     | 6,932,201     | 6,241,000     |
| Total                                      | 1,149,471,668 | 1,221,724,127 | 1,240,763,442 | 1,318,875,911 | 1,390,393,434 |
|  |               |               |               |               |               |
| Gross Domestic Product (GDP)               | 6,138,623,000 | 6,599,507,000 | 6,902,572,000 | 7,225,954,000 | 7,571,382,000 |
| Social Protection as a percentage of GDP   | 18.7          | 18.5          | 18.0          | 18.3          | 18.4          |

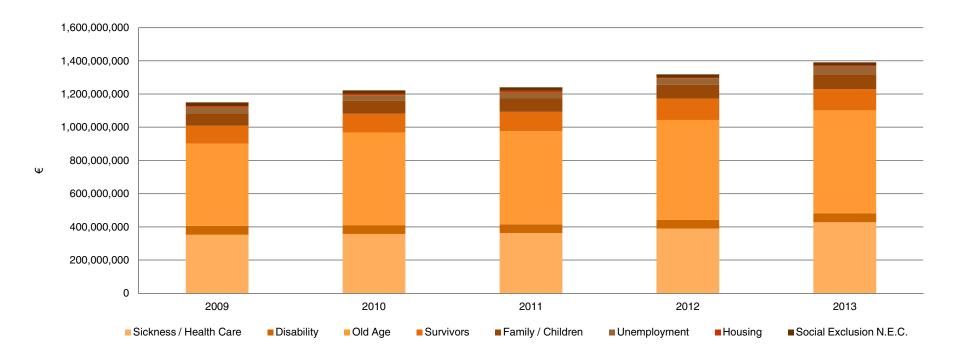
Note: GDP as per NSO News Release 046/2015.

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#### 1.2 Social protection expenditure by function: 2009-2013

| Functions               | 2009          | 2010          | 2011          | 2012          | 2013          |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sickness / Health Care  | 352,997,746   | 357,471,799   | 363,606,200   | 390,505,900   | 427,526,115   |
| Disability              | 53,756,118    | 53,222,732    | 51,435,729    | 51,350,281    | 53,791,583    |
| Old Age                 | 494,744,332   | 557,534,837   | 561,406,077   | 601,735,629   | 620,698,284   |
| Survivors               | 107,613,334   | 113,548,096   | 116,590,965   | 128,559,279   | 127,231,529   |
| Family / Children       | 73,551,031    | 76,187,956    | 79,425,157    | 82,370,372    | 89,099,368    |
| Unemployment            | 34,448,103    | 33,819,418    | 34,738,047    | 39,408,934    | 45,262,705    |
| Housing                 | 9,579,501     | 10,001,388    | 12,236,268    | 5,478,954     | 7,258,955     |
| Social Exclusion n.e.c. | 22,781,503    | 19,937,901    | 21,324,999    | 19,466,562    | 19,524,896    |
| Total                   | 1,149,471,668 | 1,221,724,127 | 1,240,763,442 | 1,318,875,911 | 1,390,393,434 |

#### Chart 1. Expenditure by function



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€

#### 2. SOCIAL BENEFITS

#### 2.1 Social security contributory benefits: 2009-2013

|                                       | 20            | 09          | 20            | 10          | 20            | 2011        |               | 12          | 20            | 13          |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
|                                       | Beneficiaries | €           |
| Sickness benefit                      | 19,776        | 6,368,311   | 18,209        | 6,399,713   | 19,332        | 6,444,522   | 19,688        | 6,963,090   | 20,394        | 7,190,896   |
| Decreased national invalidity pension | 21            | 38,471      | 8             | 34,404      | 9             | 38,211      | 6             | 30,546      | 6             | 31,826      |
| Disablement gratuity                  | 67            | 83,081      | 41            | 52,468      | 50            | 74,892      | 43            | 87,491      | 34            | 60,479      |
| Increased injury pension              | 263           | 1,265,406   | 218           | 1,094,488   | 205           | 1,017,807   | 171           | 815,709     | 138           | 676,735     |
| Injury benefit                        | 2,094         | 1,235,947   | 2,044         | 1,145,438   | 1,847         | 967,701     | 1,948         | 1,089,074   | 1,910         | 1,168,143   |
| Injury pension                        | 328           | 389,016     | 316           | 354,011     | 310           | 346,242     | 303           | 348,088     | 290           | 343,767     |
| Invalidity pension                    | 1,072         | 3,722,896   | 830           | 3,135,914   | 654           | 2,409,422   | 508           | 2,085,715   | 428           | 1,758,717   |
| National minimum invalidity pension   | 5,570         | 26,393,654  | 5,104         | 25,189,861  | 4,687         | 23,227,071  | 4,270         | 22,110,704  | 4,294         | 23,065,463  |
| Decreased national minimum pension    | 99            | 539,225     | 93            | 514,511     | 89            | 454,980     | 85            | 478,380     | 74            | 414,688     |
| Increased national minimum pension    | 1,504         | 11,740,980  | 1,752         | 13,031,098  | 1,969         | 13,954,367  | 1,974         | 15,236,113  | 1,913         | 15,173,567  |
| Increased retirement pension          | 1,859         | 11,963,101  | 2,509         | 12,546,445  | 2,705         | 16,150,404  | 2,051         | 13,639,522  | 1,885         | 9,827,625   |
| National minimum pension              | 6,099         | 29,283,047  | 5,946         | 29,142,197  | 6,042         | 29,597,416  | 5,966         | 30,130,434  | 5,769         | 29,600,556  |
| Retirement pension                    | 9,252         | 48,155,906  | 9,499         | 54,025,353  | 8,876         | 47,775,362  | 7,884         | 46,058,709  | 7,069         | 42,651,849  |
| Two-thirds pension                    | 29,750        | 217,824,704 | 32,042        | 260,631,925 | 34,488        | 259,788,872 | 36,981        | 290,221,657 | 39,511        | 313,289,332 |
| Early survivors retirement pension    | 1,941         | 13,490,684  | 1,976         | 14,462,293  | 1,954         | 14,236,803  | 1,837         | 14,079,864  | 1,810         | 12,738,649  |
| National minimum widows' pension      | 7,548         | 42,177,817  | 7,374         | 42,723,362  | 7,303         | 42,762,173  | 7,381         | 46,847,538  | 7,205         | 43,722,603  |
| Survivors' pension                    | 5,139         | 34,634,863  | 5,476         | 37,699,280  | 5,844         | 40,202,145  | 6,203         | 46,868,189  | 6,846         | 48,929,270  |
| Widows' pension*                      | 458           | 7,160,356   | 417           | 7,338,110   | 318           | 7,381,011   | 263           | 7,208,936   | 249           | 7,579,151   |
| Pension of widows with children       | 11            | 44,347      | 16            | 54,152      | 26            | 78,655      | 39            | 161,480     | 42            | 276,469     |
| Marriage grant                        | 2,988         | 709,030     | 3,343         | 789,162     | 3,185         | 790,944     | 3,361         | 875,084     | 2,962         | 779,923     |
| Maternity benefit**                   | 2,639         | 2,171,237   | 2,358         | 2,100,967   | 2,481         | 2,259,895   | 3,183         | 2,552,367   | 3,649         | 3,050,703   |
| Orphans' allowance                    | 13            | 51,891      | 18            | 75,743      | 16            | 72,852      | 19            | 91,861      | 16            | 83,671      |
| Re-marriage gratuity                  | 41            | 182,521     | 42            | 205,405     | 46            | 230,616     | 48            | 272,914     | 70            | 363,479     |
| Special unemployment benefit          | 1,008         | 987,391     | 847           | 842,982     | 894           | 814,701     | 822           | 807,691     | 956           | 940,039     |
| Unemployment benefit                  | 4,511         | 2,492,695   | 3,530         | 2,007,675   | 2,917         | 1,389,469   | 2,961         | 1,529,150   | 3,242         | 1,754,279   |
| Bonus                                 | -             | 38,826,070  | -             | 46,839,614  |               | 48,694,470  | -             | 54,348,788  | -             | 59,456,128  |
| Total                                 | 104,051       | 501,932,649 | 104,008       | 562,436,574 | 106,247       | 561,161,003 | 107,995       | 604,939,095 | 110,762       | 624,928,005 |
| % of social protection                |               | 43.7        |               | 46.0        |               | 45.2        |               | 45.9        |               | 44.9        |

Sources: Department of Social Security (DSS) Unique Beneficiaries Report; Departmental Accounting System (DAS) Notes:

\*Due to misclassification of the data, the Widows Pension expenditure does not reflect the number of beneficiaries. \*\*As of 2012, Maternity Benefit beneficiaries includes also Maternity Leave Benefit beneficiaries.

|                         | 2009     | 2010  | 2011  | 2012  | 2013  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Function classification | per cent |       |       |       |       |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sickness                | 1.6      | 1.5   | 1.4   | 1.5   | 1.5   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disability              | 6.1      | 5.1   | 4.7   | 4.1   | 4.1   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Old age                 | 69.8     | 72.4  | 72.4  | 72.4  | 73.2  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Survivors               | 21.2     | 19.9  | 20.5  | 21.0  | 20.1  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Family and children     | 0.6      | 0.6   | 0.6   | 0.6   | 0.7   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unemployment            | 0.8      | 0.6   | 0.4   | 0.4   | 0.5   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Housing                 | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benefit type:           |          |       |       |       |       |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non means-tested        | 99.8     | 99.9  | 99.9  | 99.9  | 99.8  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash                    | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benefits in kind        | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Means-tested            | 0.2      | 0.1   | 0.1   | 0.1   | 0.2   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash                    | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benefits in kind        | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |  |

#### 2.2 Social security non-contributory benefits: 2009-2013

|                                      | 20            | 09          | 2010          |             | 2011          |             | 20            | 12          | 20            | 13          |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
|                                      | Beneficiaries | €           |
| Leprosy assistance                   | 47            | 94,216      | 43            | 92,955      | 42            | 86,579      | 36            | 82,955      | 33            | 75,127*     |
| Milk grant                           | 187           | 78,108      | 165           | 78,383      | 144           | 63,327      | 125           | 68,227      | 113           | 56,971      |
| Sickness assistance                  | 14,045        | 16,256,011  | 13,848        | 17,109,035  | 13,738        | 17,146,456  | 13,664        | 19,027,289  | 13,547        | 18,232,305  |
| Social assistance                    | 7,969         | 30,395,498  | 8,069         | 34,122,997  | 8,155         | 32,512,851  | 8,231         | 33,576,129  | 9,241         | 36,581,551  |
| Social assistance for carers         | 416           | 1,217,015   | 388           | 1,330,368   | 372           | 1,157,566   | 341           | 1,136,696   | 345           | 1,142,761   |
| Tuberculosis assistance              | 3             | 1,734       | -             | -           | -             | -           | -             | -           | 1             | _*          |
| Disabled child allowance             | 765           | 648,153     | 819           | 661,085     | 820           | 727,931     | 872           | 744,144     | 947           | 801,798     |
| Disability pension                   | 1,879         | 8,267,840   | 1,894         | 8,742,070   | 1,923         | 8,914,202   | 1,951         | 9,354,436   | 1,991         | 9,952,249   |
| Severly disability pension           | 357           | 1,448,578   | 362           | 1,562,650   | 379           | 1,610,022   | 417           | 1,820,085   | 437           | 2,032,278   |
| Age pension                          | 4,830         | 17,096,622  | 4,876         | 18,235,135  | 4,939         | 18,520,290  | 4,967         | 18,952,707  | 5,137         | 20,281,057  |
| Blind pension                        | 172           | 637,481     | 190           | 714,010     | 197           | 693,482     | 213           | 844,548     | 220           | 915,859     |
| Carers pension                       | 181           | 755,426     | 182           | 767,894     | 162           | 760,426     | 141           | 660,075     | 153           | 682,309     |
| Children's allowance                 | 47,665        | 38,362,119  | 46,808        | 37,087,440  | 46,299        | 36,463,007  | 45,941        | 38,490,149  | 45,955        | 41,728,586  |
| Foster care allowance                | 133           | 698,974     | 172           | 1,146,259   | 200           | 504,017     | 218           | 1,439,279   | 225           | 1,624,395   |
| Social assistance for single parents | 2,945         | 10,511,933  | 3,131         | 12,721,110  | 3,158         | 12,427,401  | 3,302         | 13,528,977  | 3,467         | 14,658,374  |
| Social assistance board              | 26            | 29,304      | 28            | 20,859      | 52            | 46,538      | 54            | 61,169      | 37            | 39,733      |
| Unemployment assistance              | 5,702         | 18,340,183  | 5,914         | 18,941,485  | 5,856         | 18,640,942  | 5,884         | 20,874,836  | 6,119         | 22,861,311  |
| Drug addicts allowance               | 126           | 51,925      | 102           | 56,954      | 100           | 49,181      | 76            | 36,525      | 77            | 33,616      |
| Supplementary allowance              | 28,267        | 5,977,015   | 27,154        | 5,770,417   | 26,596        | 6,714,719   | 26,804        | 6,620,607   | 26,533        | 6,840,102   |
| Non-contributory bonus               | -             | 9,035,768   | -             | 9,753,592   | -             | 9,794,721   | -             | 10,301,474  | -             | 10,988,852  |
| Total                                | 115,715       | 159,903,903 | 114,145       | 168,914,700 | 113,132       | 166,833,655 | 113,237       | 177,620,306 | 114,578       | 189,454,104 |
| % of social protection               |               | 13.9        |               | 13.8        |               | 13.4        |               | 13.5        |               | 13.6        |

Sources: Department of Social Security (DSS) Unique Beneficiaries Report; Departmental Accounting System (DAS) Note: \*For confidentiality reasons, Tuberculosis assistance expenditure has been included under Leprosy assistance.

| Function classification | 2009     | 2010  | 2011  | 2012  | 2013  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Function classification | per cent |       |       |       |       |  |  |  |  |
| Sickness                | 26.2     | 27.1  | 26.6  | 26.5  | 25.6  |  |  |  |  |
| Disability              | 6.5      | 6.6   | 6.8   | 6.8   | 6.8   |  |  |  |  |
| Old age                 | 12.6     | 12.7  | 13.0  | 12.6  | 12.6  |  |  |  |  |
| Survivors               | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |
| Family and children     | 38.6     | 38.1  | 37.3  | 37.6  | 38.3  |  |  |  |  |
| Unemployment            | 12.2     | 11.9  | 11.9  | 12.5  | 12.8  |  |  |  |  |
| Housing                 | -        | -     | -     | -     |       |  |  |  |  |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | 4.0      | 3.7   | 4.3   | 4.0   | 3.9   |  |  |  |  |
| Benefit type:           |          |       |       |       |       |  |  |  |  |
| Non means-tested        | 25.9     | 24.0  | 23.5  | 23.9  | 24.3  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash                    | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Benefits in kind        | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |
| Means-tested            | 74.1     | 76.0  | 76.5  | 76.1  | 75.7  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash                    | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Benefits in kind        | -        | -     | -     | _     |       |  |  |  |  |

#### 3. HEALTH

#### 3.1 Total expenditure of hospitals and other health care facilities: 2009-2013

|   | 2009        | 2010        | 2011        | 2012        | 2013        |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total expenditure                                       | 264,882,554 | 267,686,494 | 272,156,360 | 293,371,417 | 327,601,972 |
| Gozo general hospital                                   | 17,464,898  | 18,224,938  | 19,168,529  | 18,980,913  | 21,189,557  |
| Sir Paul Boffa hospital                                 | 6,350,980   | 6,830,302   | 7,515,753   | 6,975,294   | 8,268,820   |
| Mount Carmel hospital                                   | 20,375,585  | 24,517,080  | 25,052,581  | 24,976,472  | 26,271,111  |
| Mater Dei Hospital                                      | 116,975,939 | 126,466,263 | 127,640,594 | 137,776,859 | 157,292,489 |
| Primary care  | 17,750,102  | 16,534,626  | 18,213,891  | 18,857,389  | 20,964,692  |
| Community pharmacy services                             | 77,036,586  | 65,595,193  | 66,346,531  | 75,830,343  | 83,654,337  |
| Zammit Clapp/The Rehabilitation Hospital Karin<br>Grech | 8,928,464   | 9,518,093   | 8,218,481   | 9,974,147   | 9,960,966   |
| % of social protection                                  | 23.0        | 21.9        | 21.9        | 22.2        | 23.6        |

Sources: Annual Financial Report - Treasury Department; Government Pharmaceutical Services; Ministry for Health, the Elderly and Community Care Annual Reports

#### 3.1.1 Benefit categorisation as per ESSPROS methodology

| Function classification | 2009     | 2010  | 2011  | 2012  | 2013  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Function classification | per cent |       |       |       |       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sickness                | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disability              | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Old age                 | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Survivors               | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Family and children     | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unemployment            | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Housing                 | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benefit type:           |          |       |       |       |       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non means-tested        | 92.8     | 94.0  | 94.0  | 93.7  | 93.7  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash                    | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benefits in kind        | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Means-tested            | 7.2      | 6.0   | 6.0   | 6.3   | 6.3   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash                    | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benefits in kind        | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

€

#### 3.2 Health care statistics

|  | 2009      | 2010      | 2011      | 2012      | 2013      |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Mater Dei Hospital                                 |           |           |           |           |           |
| Admissions   | 50,912    | 50,167    | 53,527    | 51,770    | 58,121^   |
| Number of bed days                                 | 275,489   | 273,627   | 284,998   | 293,786   | 291,025^  |
| Mean bed occupancy rate (%)                        | 87.5      | 87.2      | 91.0      | 92.8      | 89.0^^    |
| Mean length of Hospital stay (days)                | 5.1       | 5.3       | 5         | 4.9       | 5.1^^     |
| Number of day cases                                | 18,390    | 21,720    | 22,345    | 24,110    | 25,826^   |
| Attendances at Accident and emergency department   | 101,439   | 107,102   | 110,279   | 111,533   | 115,716   |
| Surgical operations                                | 38,743    | 41,795    | 43,747    | 45,461    | 47,274    |
| Outpatient clinic visits                           | 442,642   | 496,503   | 524,662   | 545,702   | 585,255   |
| Primary Care Services                              |           |           |           |           |           |
| Attendances in health centres                      | 331,751   | 323,415   | 350,251   | 458,289   | 460,310   |
| Attendances in district clinics                    | 202,609   | 174,974   | 192,229   | 210,202   | 211,004   |
| GP home visit by day*                              | 11,166    | 11,561    | 12,555    | 15,523    | 15,544    |
| GP home visit by night                             | 2,229     | -         | -         | -         | -         |
| Community pharmacy services                        |           |           |           |           |           |
| Prescriptions                                      | 879,972   | 541,547   | 431,742   | 268,054   | 98,756    |
| Items dispensed                                    | 1,795,794 | 1,011,590 | 827,635   | 498,909   | 167,018   |
| Pharmacy of your choice                            |           |           |           |           |           |
| Number of Pharmacies                               | 68        | 98        | 129       | 160       | 212       |
| Prescriptions **                                   | 252,286   | 311,338   | 406,711   | 513,000   | 1,049,951 |
| Items dispensed                                    | 756,859   | 934,013   | 1,220,133 | 1,537,645 | 3,149,853 |
| Sir Paul Boffa Hospital                            |           |           |           |           |           |
| Admissions   | 1,427     | 1,530     | 1,950     | 2,188     | 2,100     |
| Number of bed days                                 | 10,095    | 8,655     | 9,676     | 11,071    | 9,807     |
| Mean bed occupancy rate (%)                        | 54        | 55        | 59        | 64        | 56        |
| Mean length of Hospital stay (days)                | 7         | 6         | 5         | 5         | 5         |
| Number of day cases                                | 231       | 235       | 173       | 188       | 150       |
| Outpatient clinic visits                           | 31,044    | 36,125    | 41,340    | 46,488    | 49,860    |
| Mount Carmel Hospital                              |           |           |           |           |           |
| Admissions   | 1,220     | 1,135     | 1,278     | 1,450     | 1,304     |
| Informal   | 746       | 779       | 765       | 896       | 891       |
| Compulsory   | 474       | 356       | 513       | 554       | 413       |
| Zammit Clapp / Rehabilitation Hospital Karin Grech |           |           |           |           |           |
| Admissions   | 1,315     | 1,300     | 1,498     | 1,564     | 1,529     |
| Number of bed days                                 | -         | -         | 65,918    | 85,005    | 97,096    |
| Mean bed occupancy rate (%)                        | -         | -         | 98        | 99        | 99        |
| Mean length of Hospital stay (days)                | 35        | 38        | 43        | 47        | 65***     |
| Number of day cases/Outpatient clinic visits       | 2,680     | 3,286     | 3,529     | 4,112     | 5,161     |

Source: Ministry of Health

Notes: ^ Estimated

^^ Data covers the period January 2013 to November 2013.

\* As from 2010 GP home visits do not differentiate between day and night.

\*\* Data is estimated at 3 items per prescription.

\*\*\* This increase over the previous year is mostly due to an increase in mean length of stay (LOS) for geriatric rehab (69.6 days in 2013 compared to 48.2 days in 2012. There was a slight increase in mean LOS in physical rehab as well from 39.7 days in 2012 to 42.6 days in 2013).

#### 4. SOCIAL WELFARE

#### 4.1 Expenditure by social welfare standards: 2009-2013

|                        | 2009      | 2010      | 2011      | 2012      | 2013      |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Expenditure (€)        | 1,695,711 | 2,186,271 | 2,480,912 | 3,407,660 | 3,939,933 |
| % of social protection | 0.1       | 0.2       | 0.2       | 0.3       | 0.3       |

Source: Annual Financial Report - Treasury Department.

#### 4.1.1 Benefit Categorisation as per ESSPROS methodology

| Function classification | 2009     | 2010  | 2011  | 2012  | 2013  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| Function classification | per cent |       |       |       |       |  |  |  |
| Sickness                | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |
| Disability              | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |
| Old age                 | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |
| Survivors               | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |
| Family and children     | 81.8     | 75.7  | 78.3  | 81.1  | 83.5  |  |  |  |
| Unemployment            | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |
| Housing                 | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | 18.2     | 24.3  | 21.7  | 18.9  | 16.5  |  |  |  |
| Benefit type:           |          |       |       |       |       |  |  |  |
| Non means-tested        | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |  |
| Cash                    | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |
| Benefits in kind        | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |  |
| Means-tested            | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |
| Cash                    | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |
| Benefits in kind        | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |  |

#### 4.2 Expenditure by non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH): 2009-2013

| Year                   | 2009       | 2010       | 2011       | 2012       | 2013       |
|------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Expenditure (€)        | 13,406,205 | 13,245,792 | 12,481,731 | 12,875,540 | 13,264,056 |
| % of social protection | 1.2        | 1.1        | 1.0        | 1.0        | 1.0        |

Source: National Accounts Unit, NSO.

| Function classification | 2009-2013 |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Function classification | per cent  |
| Sickness                | 14.8      |
| Disability              | 39.9      |
| Old age                 | 14.1      |
| Survivors               | -         |
| Family and children     | 13.0      |
| Unemployment            | 0.1       |
| Housing                 | -         |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | 18.1      |
| Benefit type:           |           |
| Non means-tested        | 100.0     |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | 100.0     |
| Means-tested            | -         |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | -         |

#### 5. AGENCIES

#### 5.1 Expenditure by APPOGG: 2009-2013

|                        | 2009      | 2010      | 2011      | 2012      | 2013      |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Expenditure (€)        | 3,246,252 | 3,478,371 | 3,851,840 | 4,243,542 | 4,514,893 |
| % of social protection | 0.3       | 0.3       | 0.3       | 0.3       | 0.3       |

Source: APPOĠĠ (Annual accounts provided to the NSO).

#### 5.1.1 Benefit Categorisation as per ESSPROS methodology

| Function classification | 2009-2013 |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Function classification | per cent  |
| Sickness                | 16.6      |
| Disability              | 6.6       |
| Old age                 | -         |
| Survivors               | -         |
| Family and children     | 51.1      |
| Unemployment            | -         |
| Housing                 | -         |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | 25.7      |
| Benefit type:           |           |
| Non means-tested        | 100.0     |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | 100.0     |
| Means-tested            | -         |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | -         |

#### 5.2 Expenditure by SEDQA: 2009-2013

| Year                   | 2009      | 2010      | 2011      | 2012      | 2013      |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Expenditure (€)        | 1,759,809 | 1,776,657 | 1,611,857 | 1,508,974 | 1,773,525 |
| % of social protection | 0.2       | 0.1       | 0.1       | 0.1       | 0.1       |

Source: SEDQA (Annual accounts provided to the NSO).

| Function classification | 2009-2013 |
|-------------------------|-----------|
|                         | per cent  |
| Sickness                | -         |
| Disability              | -         |
| Old age                 | -         |
| Survivors               | -         |
| Family and children     | -         |
| Unemployment            | -         |
| Housing                 | -         |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | 100.0     |
| Benefit type:           |           |
| Non means-tested        | 100.0     |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | 100.0     |
| Means-tested            | -         |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | -         |

#### 5.3 Services offered by Agencies

#### 5.3.1 List of services offered by APPOGG

|   | 2009   | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Child protection services   | 1,194  | 1,069  | 1,654  | 1,377  | 1,135  |
| Fostering services (number of foster carers)                      | 187    | 198    | 228    | 232    | 243    |
| Adoption services (number of cases active at the end of the year) | -      | 435    | 471    | 385    | 412    |
| Benniena Service  | -      | 168    | 268    | 311    | 226    |
| Looked after children   | 498    | 507    | 374    | 386    | 424    |
| Court services  | 169    | 177    | 216    | 236    | 256    |
| Youth in Focus  | -      | 260    | 298    | 343    | 273    |
| Supervised access visits  | 108    | 203    | 163    | 170    | 199    |
| Out of home care services (number of children referred)           | -      | -      | -      | 77     | 26     |
| High support service (number of children at the end of the year)  | -      | -      | -      | 23     | 21     |
| Domestic violence unit  | 1,030  | 889    | 803    | 668    | 626    |
| Għabex shelter  | 69     | 51     | 46     | 43     | 71     |
| Men's Service*  | 144    | 105    | 103    | 89     | 95     |
| Family therapy service**  | 170    | 174    | 196    | 163    | -      |
| Psychological services***   | 492    | 235    | 267    | 259    | -      |
| St. Luke's/Mater Dei social work unit                             | 760    | 1,191  | 1,667  | 2,111  | 2,561  |
| Boffa hospital social work unit                                   | 545    | 410    | 503    | 599    | 555    |
| Qormi health centre social work unit                              | 155    | 191    | 219    | 125    | 132    |
| St. Vincent De Paul social work unit                              | 509    | 681    | 349    | 359    | 366    |
| St. Vincent De Paul community work                                | -      | -      | -      | -      | 370    |
| PUD - Programm Flimkien   | 40     | -      | -      | -      | -      |
| Outreach services   | 33     | -      | -      | -      | -      |
| Generic services****  | 169    | 324    | 215    | 232    | -      |
| Paulo Freire Institute  | -      | -      | -      | 67     | 68     |
| Cottonera community service                                       | 542    | 444    | 459    | 490    | 154    |
| Birkirkara community service                                      | -      | -      | 124    | 168    | 154    |
| Qawra community service   | -      | -      | 234    | 235    | 216    |
| Msida community service   | -      | -      | -      | 12     | 55     |
| Valletta community service  | -      | -      | -      | 122    | 212    |
| Initial response service****                                      | 1,143  | 2,682  | 2,427  | 2,357  | -      |
| Intake and Family Support Service****                             | -      | -      | -      | -      | 2,510  |
| Supportline 179 (calls received)                                  | 15,592 | 16,446 | 17,539 | 16,677 | 15,492 |
| Hotline (reports received)  | -      | -      | -      | 128    | 230    |
| Helpline (reports received)                                       | -      | -      | -      | 128    | 150    |

Notes:

In 2011 there was a change in service distribution and a change in variables collected. As a result APPOGG no longer reports the variable "case turnover" but rather reports the number of "cases worked with" instead. This reflects the number of cases which were new, recontacted or known in the reporting year.

\*Previously known as Perpetrator's Programme.

\*\*Stopped in 2013 and now amalgamated with the Sedqa Family therapy service.

\*\*\*Stopped in 2013 and now amalgamated with the Sedqa Psychological therapy service.

\*\*\*\* In 2013 the data from the Generic and the Initial Response Service were amalgamated into the newly formed Intake and Family Support Service.

1. Clients may make use of the service several times in one year.

2. Clients may make use of the service after a number of years, e.g. came in 2010 and then again in 2011.

3. Clients may be making use of the services offered by the different units at the same time.

4. Within some units a case can involve more than one person e.g. family therapy which involves a whole family ; in such circumstances one case is opened.

#### 5.3.2 List of services offered by SEDQA

|   | 2009  | 2010  | 2011  | 2012  | 2013   |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Drugs community team  | 449   | 609   | 467   | 484   | 431    |
| Substance misuse out-patients unit (SMOPU) / detox out-patients | 1,112 | 1,162 | 1,160 | 1,135 | 1,139  |
| Substance misuse in-patients unit (SMIPU) / detox in-patients   | 234   | 267   | 211   | 203   | 180    |
| Kommunita Santa Marija  | 79    | 57    | 51    | 49    | 36     |
| Family services (number of family units)                        | 31*   | 51*   | 28*   | 36*   | 62**   |
| Psychological services  | 106*  | 84*   | 75*   | 78*   | 151*** |
| Teen support services   | 101   | -     | -     | -     | -      |
| Alcohol Rehabilitation (Żernieq)                                | 26    | 18    | 22    | 23    | 17     |
| Alcohol and gambling community team ****                        | 123   | 410   | 411   | 422   | 366    |
| Assessment and Stabilisation Unit                               | -     | -     | -     | -     | 56     |

Notes:

\* As of 2008, there was a change in data collection for these services and thus the figure does not represent the number of individuals throughout the year but the average number of clients in contact with the unit per month.

\*\* Prior to 2013, this unit reported the average number of cases worked with. As of 2013 it amalgamated with the previous Appogg psychological service and began reporting the number of individual clients.

\*\*\* Prior to 2013, this unit reported the number of family units. As of 2013 it amalgamated with the previous Appogg family service and began reporting the number of individual clients.

\*\*\*\* The service caters for clients who may have both a gambling and alcohol problem. Prior to 2009 the services were separated.

1. Clients may make use of the service several times in one year.

2. Clients may make use of the service after a number of years, e.g. came in 2010 and then again in 2011.

3. Clients may be making use of the services offered by the different units at the same time.

4. Within some units a case can involve more than one person e.g. family therapy which involves a whole family ; in such circumstances one case is opened.

#### 6. WORK

#### 6.1 Expenditure by Employment and Training Corporation: 2009-2013

|                                  | 2009      | 2010      | 2011      | 2012      | 2013       |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Expenditure (€)                  | 3,310,133 | 4,179,927 | 5,605,518 | 7,161,975 | 10,693,367 |
| Mainstream courses (attendances) | 6,745     | 13,679    | 15,072    | 6,249     | 1,919      |
| Other courses (attendances)      | 1,854     | 11,519    | 6,244     | 3,868     | 2,492      |
| % of social protection           | 0.3       | 0.3       | 0.5       | 0.5       | 0.8        |

Source: Employment and Training Corporation (ETC) Annual Reports.

#### 6.1.1 Benefit categorisation as per ESSPROS methodology

| Function classification | 2009     | 2010  | 2011  | 2012  | 2013  |  |  |
|-------------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Function classification | per cent |       |       |       |       |  |  |
| Sickness                | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Disability              | -        | 5.7   | 2.8   | -     | 0.3   |  |  |
| Old age                 | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Survivors               | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Family and children     | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Unemployment            | 100.0    | 94.3  | 97.2  | 100.0 | 99.7  |  |  |
| Housing                 | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Benefit type:           |          |       |       |       |       |  |  |
| Non means-tested        | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |
| Cash                    | 31.6     | 7.7   | 15.2  | 10.5  | 3.4   |  |  |
| Benefits in kind        | 68.4     | 92.3  | 84.8  | 89.5  | 96.6  |  |  |
| Means-tested            | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Cash                    | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Benefits in kind        | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |

#### 6.2. Sickness Days - Employers' Expenditure: 2009-2013

|                                      | 2009       | 2010       | 2011       | 2012       | 2013       |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Expenditure (€)                      | 35,511,997 | 33,262,566 | 36,438,806 | 38,516,151 | 39,379,805 |
| % of days taken by public employees  | 49.5       | 50.4       | 50.2       | 50.5       | 50.5       |
| % of days taken by private employees | 50.5       | 49.6       | 49.8       | 49.5       | 49.5       |
| Total sickness days taken            | 660,393    | 605,672    | 636,188    | 645,315    | 659,820    |
| % of social protection               | 3.1        | 2.7        | 2.9        | 2.9        | 2.8        |

Source: Department of Social Security (DSS) Incapacity Report.

Note: Expenditure on sickness days - employers' expenditure is estimated.

| Function classification | 2009-2013 |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Function classification | per cent  |
| Sickness                | 100.0     |
| Disability              | -         |
| Old age                 | -         |
| Survivors               | -         |
| Family and children     | -         |
| Unemployment            | -         |
| Housing                 | -         |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | -         |
| Benefit type:           |           |
| Non means-tested        | 100.0     |
| Cash                    | 100.0     |
| Benefits in kind        | -         |
| Means-tested            | -         |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | -         |

#### 7. UTILITIES

#### 7.1 Subsidies on utilities: 2009-2013

|  | 2009      | 2010      | 2011      | 2012      | 2013      |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Subsidised telephone rent (€)          | 294,755   | 284,204   | 264,058   | 246,238   | 225,979   |
| Beneficiaries (individuals)            | 5,193     | 5,008     | 4,653     | 4,339     | 3,982     |
| Water and electricity meter rebate (€) | 3,008,494 | 2,834,576 | 3,320,319 | 4,016,824 | 3,722,913 |
| Beneficiaries (households)             | 20,465    | 22,580    | 25,887    | 26,372    | 26,703    |
| % of social protection                 | 0.3       | 0.3       | 0.3       | 0.3       | 0.3       |

Sources: Department for the Elderly and Community Care; MITA. Note: Expenditure on Water and Electricity meter rebate is estimated.

#### 7.1.1 Benefit categorisation as per ESSPROS methodology

| Function classification | 2009  | 2010     | 2011  | 2012  | 2013  |  |
|-------------------------|-------|----------|-------|-------|-------|--|
|                         |       | per cent |       |       |       |  |
| Sickness                | -     | -        | -     | -     | -     |  |
| Disability              | -     | -        | -     | -     | -     |  |
| Old age                 | 10.8  | 9.1      | 7.4   | 5.8   | 5.7   |  |
| Survivors               | -     | -        | -     | -     | -     |  |
| Family and children     | -     | -        | -     | -     | -     |  |
| Unemployment            | 89.2  | 90.9     | 92.6  | 94.2  | 94.3  |  |
| Housing                 | -     | -        | -     | -     | -     |  |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | -     | -        | -     | -     | -     |  |
| Benefit type:           |       |          |       |       |       |  |
| Non means-tested        | -     | -        | -     | -     | -     |  |
| Cash                    | -     | -        | -     | -     | -     |  |
| Benefits in kind        | -     | -        | -     | -     | -     |  |
| Means-tested            | 100.0 | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Cash                    | -     | -        | -     | -     | -     |  |
| Benefits in kind        | 100.0 | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

#### 7.2 Energy benefit: 2009-2013

|                        | 2009      | 2010      | 2011      | 2012      | 2013      |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Energy benefit (€)     | 4,041,193 | 3,615,722 | 8,362,683 | 5,121,390 | 5,015,779 |
| Number of households   | 26,900    | 22,580    | 25,887    | 26,372    | 26,703    |
| % of social protection | 0.4       | 0.3       | 0.7       | 0.4       | 0.4       |

Sources: Parliamentary Questions; Department of Social Security (DSS).

| Function classification | 2009-2013 |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Function classification | per cent  |
| Sickness                | -         |
| Disability              | -         |
| Old age                 | -         |
| Survivors               | -         |
| Family and children     | 100.0     |
| Unemployment            | -         |
| Housing                 | -         |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | -         |
| Benefit type:           |           |
| Non means-tested        | -         |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | -         |
| Means-tested            | 100.0     |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | 100.0     |

#### 8. HOUSING

#### 8.1 Housing subsidies: 2009-2013

|                        | 2009    | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013    |
|------------------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| Expenditure (€)        | 195,000 | 93,774 | 77,163 | 79,346 | 352,231 |
| % of social protection | 0.0     | 0.0    | 0.0    | 0.0    | 0.0     |

Source: Annual Financial Report - Treasury Department.

Note: 0 indicates a negligible percentage.

#### 8.1.1 Benefit categorisation as per ESSPROS methodology

| Function classification | 2009-2013 |
|-------------------------|-----------|
|                         | per cent  |
| Sickness                | -         |
| Disability              | -         |
| Old age                 | -         |
| Survivors               | -         |
| Family and children     | -         |
| Unemployment            | -         |
| Housing                 | 100.0     |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | -         |
| Benefit type:           |           |
| Non means-tested        | -         |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | -         |
| Means-tested            | 100.0     |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | 100.0     |

#### 8.2 Housing Authority subsidies: 2009-2013

|                        | 2009      | 2010      | 2011       | 2012      | 2013      |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Expenditure (€)        | 9,384,501 | 9,907,614 | 12,159,105 | 5,399,608 | 6,906,724 |
| % of social protection | 0.8       | 0.8       | 1.0        | 0.4       | 0.5       |

Source: Housing Authority (Annual Accounts provided to NSO).

| Function classification | 2009-2013 |
|-------------------------|-----------|
|                         | per cent  |
| Sickness                | -         |
| Disability              | -         |
| Old age                 | -         |
| Survivors               | -         |
| Family and children     | -         |
| Unemployment            | -         |
| Housing                 | 100.0     |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | -         |
| Benefit type:           |           |
| Non means-tested        | -         |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | -         |
| Means-tested            | 100.0     |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | 100.0     |

#### 9. TRANSPORT

#### 9.1 Pensioners' route bus subsidy: 2009-2013

|                         | 2009      | 2010      | 2011      | 2012      | 2013      |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Subsidy (€)             | 812,457   | 940,631   | 1,654,318 | 2,904,395 | 3,428,533 |
| Number of tickets sold* | 4,048,116 | 4,686,752 | 3,121,816 | 2,169,202 | 2,473,294 |
| % of social protection  | 0.1       | 0.1       | 0.1       | 0.2       | 0.2       |

Sources: Public Transport Association and Transport Malta.

Notes: Expenditure on Pensioners' Route Bus Subsidy is estimated.

\* The decrease in the number of tickets sold from 2011 is mainly due to an increase in the number of multi-trip tickets sold since a private operator took over the public transport system in mid-2011.

#### 9.1.1 Benefit categorisation as per ESSPROS methodology

| Function classification | 2009-2013 |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Function classification | per cent  |
| Sickness                | -         |
| Disability              | -         |
| Old age                 | 100.0     |
| Survivors               | -         |
| Family and children     | -         |
| Unemployment            | -         |
| Housing                 | -         |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | -         |
| Benefit type:           |           |
| Non means-tested        | 100.0     |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | 100.0     |
| Means-tested            | -         |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | -         |

#### 9.2 Pensioners' Gozo ferry boat subsidy: 2009-2013

|                        | 2009      | 2010      | 2011      | 2012      | 2013      |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Subsidy (€)            | 1,010,787 | 1,115,250 | 1,211,298 | 1,273,233 | 1,373,196 |
| Number of tickets sold | 192,121   | 212,663   | 230,781   | 242,427   | 267,750   |
| % of social protection | 0.1       | 0.1       | 0.1       | 0.1       | 0.1       |

Source: Gozo Channel Co. Ltd.

| Function classification | 2009-2013 |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Function classification | per cent  |
| Sickness                | -         |
| Disability              | -         |
| Old age                 | 100.0     |
| Survivors               | -         |
| Family and children     | -         |
| Unemployment            | -         |
| Housing                 | -         |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | -         |
| Benefit type:           |           |
| Non means-tested        | 100.0     |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | 100.0     |
| Means-tested            | -         |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | -         |

#### 10. OTHER

#### 10.1 Care of the elderly and the disabled: 2009-2013

|   | 2009       | 2010       | 2011       | 2012       | 2013       |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Expenditure (€)                           | 46,023,280 | 48,173,498 | 52,270,909 | 55,883,827 | 56,599,883 |
| Homes for the elderly (residents)         | 751        | 747        | 767        | 863        | 942        |
| St. Vincent de Paul Residence (residents) | 1,012      | 1,111      | 1,126      | 1,203      | 1,142      |
| Day care centres (visitors)               | 1,429      | 1,314      | 1,327      | 1,426      | 1,505      |
| Home care help (beneficiaries)            | 3,476      | 3,635      | 3,661      | 3,659      | 3,742      |
| Incontinence service (beneficiaries)      | 3,317      | 3,468      | 3,643      | 3,912      | 4,073      |
| Meals on wheels (number of)               | 85,753     | 86,000     | 85,305     | 87,500     | 90,000     |
| % of social protection                    | 4.0        | 3.9        | 4.2        | 4.2        | 4.1        |

Sources: Annual Financial Report - Treasury Department; Ministry for the Family and Social Solidarity annual report.

#### 10.1.1 Benefit categorisation as per ESSPROS methodology

| Function classification | 2009     | 2010  | 2011  | 2012  | 2013  |  |  |
|-------------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Function classification | per cent |       |       |       |       |  |  |
| Sickness                | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Disability              | 15.2     | 15.5  | 15.8  | 16.4  | 17.2  |  |  |
| Old age                 | 84.8     | 84.5  | 84.2  | 83.6  | 82.8  |  |  |
| Survivors               | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Family and children     | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Unemployment            | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Housing                 | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Benefit type:           |          |       |       |       |       |  |  |
| Non means-tested        | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |
| Cash                    | 0.4      | 0.3   | 0.3   | 7.0   | 9.2   |  |  |
| Benefits in kind        | 99.6     | 99.7  | 99.7  | 93.0  | 90.8  |  |  |
| Means-tested            | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Cash                    | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Benefits in kind        | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |

#### 10.2 Treasury pensions: 2009-2013

|                        | 2009       | 2010       | 2011       | 2012       | 2013       |
|------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Expenditure (€)        | 83,117,193 | 85,642,853 | 86,392,980 | 89,951,004 | 87,329,009 |
| Beneficiaries          | 14,651     | 14,749     | 14,848     | 15,055     | 14,931     |
| % of social protection | 7.2        | 7.0        | 7.0        | 6.8        | 6.3        |

Sources: Annual Financial Report - Treasury Department; Ministry for Gozo.

| Function classification | 2009     | 2010  | 2011  | 2012  | 2013  |  |  |
|-------------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Function classification | per cent |       |       |       |       |  |  |
| Sickness                | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Disability              | 0.1      | 0.1   | 0.1   | 0.1   | -     |  |  |
| Old age                 | 97.8     | 97.9  | 97.9  | 98.0  | 97.9  |  |  |
| Survivors               | 2.1      | 2.1   | 2.1   | 2.0   | 2.1   |  |  |
| Family and children     | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Unemployment            | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Housing                 | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Benefit type:           |          |       |       |       |       |  |  |
| Non means-tested        | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |
| Cash                    | 100.0    | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |
| Benefits in kind        | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Means-tested            | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Cash                    | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |
| Benefits in kind        | -        | -     | -     | -     | -     |  |  |

#### 10.3 MDD/MSCL/MSY voluntary retirement scheme: 2009-2013

|                         | 2009      | 2010      | 2011      | 2012      | 2013      |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Pension Expenditure (€) | 4,873,212 | 3,796,090 | 3,690,796 | 3,423,185 | 3,573,400 |
| Beneficiaries           | 429       | 379       | 317       | 288       | 293       |
| % of social protection  | 0.4       | 0.3       | 0.3       | 0.3       | 0.3       |

Sources: Annual Financial Report - Treasury Department; Beneficiaries provided by Malta Shipyards.

#### 10.3.1 Benefit categorisation as per ESSPROS methodology

| Function classification | 2009-2013 |
|-------------------------|-----------|
|                         | per cent  |
| Sickness                | -         |
| Disability              | -         |
| Old age                 | -         |
| Survivors               | -         |
| Family and children     | -         |
| Unemployment            | 100.0     |
| Housing                 | -         |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | -         |
| Benefit type:           |           |
| Non means-tested        | 100.0     |
| Cash                    | 100.0     |
| Benefits in kind        | -         |
| Means-tested            | -         |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | -         |

#### 10.4 Third country nationals and refugees: 2009-2013

|                         | 2009       | 2010      | 2011      | 2012      | 2013      |
|-------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Expenditure (€)         | 11,061,584 | 8,152,563 | 8,738,130 | 6,932,201 | 6,241,000 |
| Open centres population | 2,974      | 2,240     | 1,661     | 2,156     | 1,499     |
| % of social protection  | 1.0        | 0.7       | 0.7       | 0.5       | 0.4       |

Sources: Annual Financial Report - Treasury Department; Ministry for Justice and Home Affairs.

| Function classification | 2009-2013 |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Function classification | per cent  |
| Sickness                | -         |
| Disability              | -         |
| Old age                 | -         |
| Survivors               | -         |
| Family and children     | -         |
| Unemployment            | -         |
| Housing                 | -         |
| Social exclusion n.e.c. | 100.0     |
| Benefit type:           |           |
| Non means-tested        | 100.0     |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | 100.0     |
| Means-tested            | -         |
| Cash                    | -         |
| Benefits in kind        | -         |

## SECTION B MALTA AND THE EU



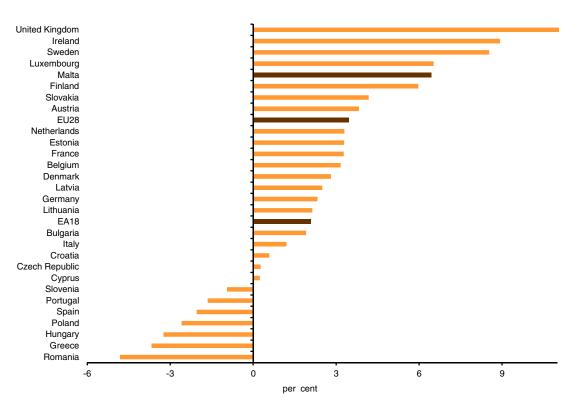
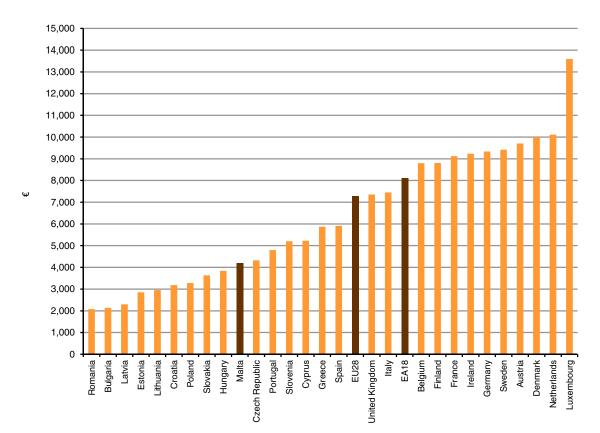


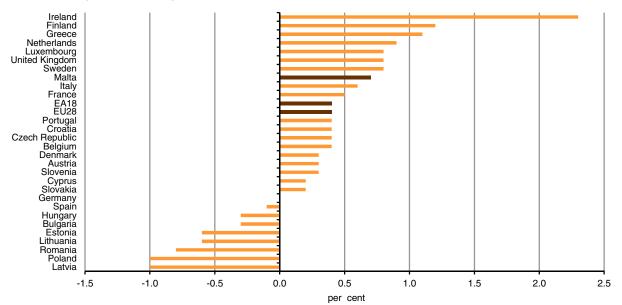
Chart 3. Social protection benefits per capita: 2012 (in PPS)



#### 11. Social protection benefits as a percentage of GDP

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | % Change<br>2012/2011 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|-----------------------|
| EU28           | 28.3 | 28.2 | 27.9 | 28.3 | 1.4                   |
| EA18           | 29.0 | 29.0 | 28.7 | 29.1 | 1.4                   |
| Belgium        | 29.1 | 28.6 | 29.0 | 29.4 | 1.4                   |
| Bulgaria       | 16.7 | 17.6 | 17.2 | 16.9 | -1.7                  |
| Czech Republic | 19.7 | 19.5 | 19.8 | 20.2 | 2.0                   |
| Denmark        | 33.1 | 32.8 | 32.8 | 33.1 | 0.9                   |
| Germany        | 30.2 | 29.4 | 28.3 | 28.3 | 0.0                   |
| Estonia        | 18.8 | 17.8 | 15.9 | 15.3 | -3.8                  |
| Ireland        | 24.9 | 27.7 | 28.7 | 31.0 | 8.0                   |
| Greece         | 27.4 | 28.2 | 28.9 | 30.0 | 3.8                   |
| Spain          | 24.7 | 25.0 | 25.5 | 25.4 | -0.4                  |
| France         | 31.5 | 31.7 | 31.6 | 32.1 | 1.6                   |
| Croatia        | 20.2 | 20.5 | 20.3 | 20.7 | 2.0                   |
| Italy          | 28.5 | 28.6 | 28.4 | 29.0 | 2.1                   |
| Cyprus         | 20.8 | 21.8 | 22.4 | 22.6 | 0.9                   |
| Latvia         | 16.7 | 17.6 | 14.8 | 13.8 | -6.8                  |
| Lithuania      | 20.6 | 18.3 | 16.3 | 15.7 | -3.7                  |
| Luxembourg     | 23.9 | 22.6 | 22.2 | 23.0 | 3.6                   |
| Hungary        | 23.0 | 22.6 | 21.9 | 21.6 | -1.4                  |
| Malta          | 19.3 | 18.9 | 18.5 | 19.2 | 3.8                   |
| Netherlands    | 29.7 | 30.3 | 30.5 | 31.4 | 3.0                   |
| Austria        | 29.8 | 29.8 | 29.0 | 29.3 | 1.0                   |
| Poland         | 20.1 | 19.5 | 18.6 | 17.6 | -5.4                  |
| Portugal       | 25.5 | 25.4 | 25.0 | 25.4 | 1.6                   |
| Romania        | 17.0 | 17.4 | 16.2 | 15.4 | -4.9                  |
| Slovenia       | 23.7 | 24.4 | 24.6 | 24.9 | 1.2                   |
| Slovakia       | 18.3 | 18.1 | 17.7 | 17.9 | 1.1                   |
| Finland        | 29.5 | 29.7 | 29.2 | 30.4 | 4.1                   |
| Sweden         | 31.4 | 29.8 | 29.1 | 29.9 | 2.7                   |
| United Kingdom | 27.5 | 27.1 | 27.6 | 28.4 | 2.9                   |

#### Chart 4. Percentage points change in social protection in terms of GDP: 2012/2011



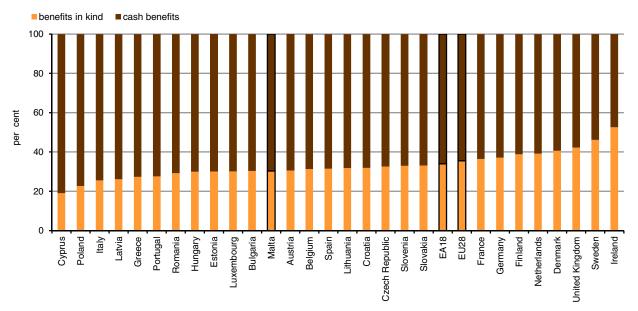
#### 12. Cash benefits as a percentage of social protection benefits

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | % Change<br>2012/2011 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|-----------------------|
| EU28           | 64.7 | 64.5 | 64.3 | 64.4 | 0.2                   |
| EA18           | 65.5 | 65.5 | 65.7 | 66.0 | 0.4                   |
| Belgium        | 69.1 | 69.1 | 69.0 | 68.7 | -0.4                  |
| Bulgaria       | 73.5 | 72.2 | 69.6 | 69.6 | 0.1                   |
| Czech Republic | 67.5 | 67.2 | 67.2 | 67.2 | 0.0                   |
| Denmark        | 57.7 | 57.8 | 59.1 | 59.4 | 0.4                   |
| Germany        | 63.9 | 63.6 | 63.1 | 62.9 | -0.4                  |
| Estonia        | 71.8 | 71.3 | 70.4 | 69.9 | -0.7                  |
| Ireland        | 59.0 | 55.2 | 51.6 | 47.4 | -8.0                  |
| Greece         | 63.1 | 63.5 | 66.4 | 72.7 | 9.4                   |
| Spain          | 65.6 | 66.0 | 66.9 | 68.5 | 2.4                   |
| France         | 63.2 | 63.4 | 63.3 | 63.6 | 0.4                   |
| Croatia        | 68.3 | 68.9 | 69.5 | 68.1 | -1.9                  |
| Italy          | 73.0 | 73.1 | 73.6 | 74.5 | 1.2                   |
| Cyprus         | 76.0 | 77.5 | 78.6 | 81.0 | 3.1                   |
| Latvia         | 75.9 | 76.1 | 74.3 | 73.9 | -0.6                  |
| Lithuania      | 71.7 | 69.9 | 68.1 | 68.2 | 0.1                   |
| Luxembourg     | 70.3 | 69.6 | 69.8 | 69.9 | 0.1                   |
| Hungary        | 68.1 | 67.3 | 67.7 | 70.0 | 3.4                   |
| Malta          | 68.4 | 69.8 | 68.8 | 69.6 | 1.2                   |
| Netherlands    | 60.6 | 61.1 | 61.0 | 60.8 | -0.3                  |
| Austria        | 69.6 | 69.7 | 69.3 | 69.3 | 0.0                   |
| Poland         | 75.7 | 75.9 | 75.3 | 77.3 | 2.7                   |
| Portugal       | 68.6 | 69.7 | 72.4 | 72.4 | 0.1                   |
| Romania        | 72.9 | 71.8 | 71.6 | 70.8 | -1.2                  |
| Slovenia       | 66.8 | 67.2 | 67.9 | 67.1 | -1.2                  |
| Slovakia       | 66.1 | 66.9 | 67.2 | 66.7 | -0.8                  |
| Finland        | 62.0 | 62.1 | 61.3 | 61.2 | -0.2                  |
| Sweden         | 55.1 | 54.5 | 53.4 | 53.8 | 0.8                   |
| United Kingdom | 58.9 | 58.7 | 57.6 | 57.7 | 0.2                   |

# 13. Benefits in kind as a percentage of social protection benefits

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | % Change<br>2012/2011 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|-----------------------|
| EU28           | 35.3 | 35.5 | 35.7 | 35.6 | -0.4                  |
| EA18           | 34.5 | 34.5 | 34.3 | 34.0 | -0.7                  |
| Belgium        | 30.9 | 30.9 | 31.0 | 31.3 | 0.8                   |
| Bulgaria       | 26.5 | 27.8 | 30.4 | 30.4 | -0.2                  |
| Czech Republic | 32.5 | 32.8 | 32.8 | 32.8 | 0.0                   |
| Denmark        | 42.3 | 42.2 | 40.9 | 40.6 | -0.6                  |
| Germany        | 36.1 | 36.4 | 36.9 | 37.1 | 0.6                   |
| Estonia        | 28.2 | 28.7 | 29.6 | 30.1 | 1.7                   |
| Ireland        | 41.0 | 44.8 | 48.4 | 52.6 | 8.6                   |
| Greece         | 36.9 | 36.5 | 33.6 | 27.3 | -18.6                 |
| Spain          | 34.4 | 34.0 | 33.1 | 31.5 | -4.8                  |
| France         | 36.8 | 36.6 | 36.7 | 36.4 | -0.7                  |
| Croatia        | 31.7 | 31.1 | 30.5 | 31.9 | 4.4                   |
| Italy          | 27.0 | 26.9 | 26.4 | 25.5 | -3.4                  |
| Cyprus         | 24.0 | 22.5 | 21.4 | 19.0 | -11.2                 |
| Latvia         | 24.1 | 23.9 | 25.7 | 26.1 | 1.6                   |
| Lithuania      | 28.3 | 30.1 | 31.9 | 31.8 | -0.2                  |
| Luxembourg     | 29.7 | 30.4 | 30.2 | 30.1 | -0.2                  |
| Hungary        | 31.9 | 32.7 | 32.3 | 30.0 | -7.2                  |
| Malta          | 31.6 | 30.2 | 31.2 | 30.4 | -2.6                  |
| Netherlands    | 39.4 | 38.9 | 39.0 | 39.2 | 0.4                   |
| Austria        | 30.4 | 30.3 | 30.7 | 30.7 | 0.1                   |
| Poland         | 24.3 | 24.1 | 24.7 | 22.7 | -8.1                  |
| Portugal       | 31.4 | 30.3 | 27.6 | 27.6 | -0.1                  |
| Romania        | 27.1 | 28.2 | 28.4 | 29.2 | 2.9                   |
| Slovenia       | 33.2 | 32.8 | 32.1 | 32.9 | 2.5                   |
| Slovakia       | 33.9 | 33.1 | 32.8 | 33.3 | 1.7                   |
| Finland        | 38.0 | 37.9 | 38.7 | 38.8 | 0.3                   |
| Sweden         | 44.9 | 45.5 | 46.6 | 46.2 | -0.9                  |
| United Kingdom | 41.1 | 41.3 | 42.4 | 42.3 | -0.3                  |

## Chart 5. Social protection benefits classification (2012)



# 14. Means-tested benefits as a percentage of social protection benefits

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | % Change 2012/2011 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|--------------------|
| EU28           | 10.6 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 10.6 | -1.4               |
| EA18           | 10.7 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 10.7 | -1.4               |
| Belgium        | 5.2  | 5.2  | 4.8  | 5.1  | 5.7                |
| Bulgaria       | 4.2  | 4.5  | 4.1  | 4.1  | 1.2                |
| Czech Republic | 2.0  | 2.0  | 2.0  | 2.0  | -1.5               |
| Denmark        | 4.8  | 4.9  | 5.2  | 5.4  | 4.9                |
| Germany        | 11.9 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 0.0                |
| Estonia        | 0.5  | 1.1  | 1.3  | 0.7  | -48.0              |
| Ireland        | 26.1 | 28.2 | 28.6 | 26.9 | -6.0               |
| Greece         | 7.3  | 6.7  | 6.3  | 5.7  | -9.3               |
| Spain          | 13.8 | 14.8 | 16.1 | 14.6 | -9.4               |
| Croatia        | 10.8 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 10.9 | 1.3                |
| France         | 6.4  | 6.3  | 6.9  | 6.8  | -1.9               |
| Italy          | 7.0  | 6.3  | 6.3  | 6.2  | -2.1               |
| Cyprus         | 13.5 | 13.8 | 12.9 | 14.2 | 9.4                |
| Latvia         | 1.8  | 4.0  | 4.7  | 2.9  | -38.3              |
| Lithuania      | 2.4  | 5.4  | 6.1  | 5.7  | -6.0               |
| Luxembourg     | 3.8  | 3.5  | 3.6  | 3.5  | -3.5               |
| Hungary        | 5.2  | 4.9  | 4.6  | 4.2  | -8.8               |
| Malta          | 13.5 | 13.2 | 13.5 | 13.0 | -3.6               |
| Netherlands    | 15.2 | 15.2 | 15.5 | 15.3 | -1.1               |
| Austria        | 7.4  | 7.7  | 7.9  | 7.8  | -1.4               |
| Poland         | 3.5  | 3.6  | 3.2  | 4.0  | 22.6               |
| Portugal       | 10.2 | 9.9  | 8.8  | 9.0  | 2.5                |
| Romania        | 5.9  | 7.4  | 4.9  | 3.9  | -21.1              |
| Slovenia       | 8.4  | 8.2  | 8.2  | 7.6  | -6.5               |
| Slovakia       | 4.9  | 5.5  | 5.1  | 5.6  | 9.3                |
| Finland        | 4.4  | 4.4  | 4.8  | 4.9  | 3.3                |
| Sweden         | 2.9  | 2.7  | 2.7  | 2.7  | -2.7               |
| United Kingdom | 15.3 | 15.4 | 14.9 | 14.4 | -2.8               |

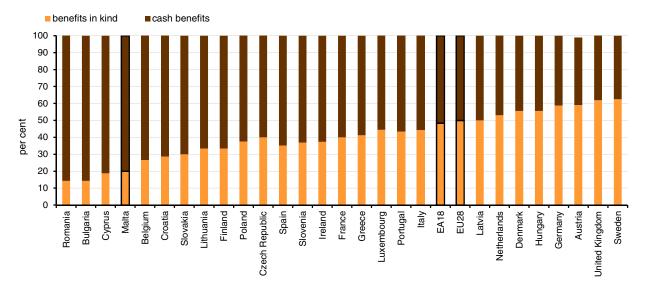
# 15. Cash benefits as a percentage of means-tested benefits

|                | 2009  | 2010  | 2011  | 2012  | % Change 2012/2011 |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------|
| EU28           | 50.0  | 50.0  | 50.0  | 50.0  | 0.0                |
| EA18           | 54.8  | 53.9  | 53.9  | 51.6  | -4.3               |
| Belgium        | 66.7  | 70.0  | 71.4  | 73.3  | 2.7                |
| Bulgaria       | 88.9  | 87.5  | 85.7  | 85.7  | 0.0                |
| Czech Republic | 75.0  | 75.0  | 60.0  | 65.2  | 8.7                |
| Denmark        | 43.8  | 43.8  | 42.3  | 44.4  | 0.0                |
| Germany        | 44.4  | 42.9  | 41.2  | 41.2  | 0.0                |
| Estonia        | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 0.0                |
| Ireland        | 67.7  | 64.1  | 63.4  | 62.7  | -1.2               |
| Greece         | 45.0  | 47.4  | 48.7  | 58.8  | 20.7               |
| Spain          | 58.8  | 62.2  | 63.4  | 64.9  | 2.3                |
| France         | 58.8  | 58.8  | 58.8  | 60.0  | 2.0                |
| Croatia        | 72.9  | 72.9  | 71.4  | 71.4  | 0.0                |
| Italy          | 62.0  | 59.2  | 55.6  | 55.6  | 0.0                |
| Cyprus         | 58.4  | 63.3  | 65.5  | 81.3  | 24.0               |
| Latvia         | 33.3  | 57.1  | 42.9  | 50.0  | 16.7               |
| Lithuania      | 40.0  | 70.0  | 70.0  | 66.7  | -4.8               |
| Luxembourg     | 44.4  | 50.0  | 58.4  | 58.4  | 0.0                |
| Hungary        | 33.3  | 36.4  | 47.8  | 44.4  | -7.1               |
| Malta          | 76.9  | 80.0  | 76.0  | 80.0  | 5.3                |
| Netherlands    | 44.4  | 45.7  | 46.8  | 47.5  | 1.4                |
| Austria        | 40.9  | 39.8  | 39.8  | 39.8  | 0.0                |
| Poland         | 71.4  | 77.4  | 83.3  | 65.6  | -21.3              |
| Portugal       | 61.5  | 62.5  | 54.5  | 56.5  | 3.6                |
| Romania        | 90.0  | 92.3  | 87.5  | 87.5  | 0.0                |
| Slovenia       | 70.0  | 70.0  | 70.0  | 63.2  | -9.8               |
| Slovakia       | 77.8  | 80.0  | 77.8  | 70.0  | -10.0              |
| Finland        | 61.5  | 61.5  | 59.8  | 66.7  | 11.5               |
| Sweden         | 44.4  | 47.4  | 37.5  | 37.5  | 0.0                |
| United Kingdom | 40.5  | 40.5  | 39.0  | 38.7  | -0.9               |

# 16. Benefits in kind as a percentage of means-tested benefits

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | % Change<br>2012/2011 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|-----------------------|
| EU28           | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 0.0                   |
| EA18           | 45.2 | 46.9 | 46.9 | 48.4 | 3.2                   |
| Belgium        | 33.3 | 28.6 | 28.6 | 26.7 | -6.7                  |
| Bulgaria       | 12.5 | 12.5 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 0.0                   |
| Czech Republic | 25.0 | 25.0 | 33.3 | 40.0 | 20.0                  |
| Denmark        | 56.3 | 56.3 | 56.3 | 55.6 | -1.2                  |
| Germany        | 55.6 | 57.1 | 58.8 | 58.8 | 0.0                   |
| Estonia        | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                   |
| Ireland        | 32.3 | 35.9 | 36.6 | 37.3 | 2.1                   |
| Greece         | 55.0 | 52.6 | 52.6 | 41.2 | -21.8                 |
| Spain          | 41.2 | 37.8 | 36.6 | 35.1 | -4.0                  |
| France         | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 40.0 | -2.9                  |
| Croatia        | 28.6 | 28.6 | 28.6 | 28.6 | 0.0                   |
| Italy          | 36.8 | 42.1 | 44.4 | 44.4 | 0.0                   |
| Cyprus         | 40.7 | 36.7 | 34.5 | 18.8 | -45.6                 |
| Latvia         | 66.7 | 42.9 | 57.1 | 50.0 | -12.5                 |
| Lithuania      | 60.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 33.3 | 11.1                  |
| Luxembourg     | 55.6 | 50.0 | 44.4 | 44.4 | 0.0                   |
| Hungary        | 66.7 | 63.6 | 54.5 | 55.6 | 1.9                   |
| Malta          | 23.1 | 20.0 | 24.0 | 20.0 | -16.7                 |
| Netherlands    | 55.6 | 54.3 | 53.2 | 53.1 | -0.2                  |
| Austria        | 59.1 | 59.1 | 59.1 | 59.1 | 0.0                   |
| Poland         | 28.6 | 25.0 | 16.7 | 37.5 | 125.0                 |
| Portugal       | 38.5 | 38.5 | 45.5 | 43.5 | -4.3                  |
| Romania        | 10.0 | 7.7  | 12.5 | 14.3 | 14.3                  |
| Slovenia       | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 36.8 | 22.8                  |
| Slovakia       | 22.2 | 20.0 | 22.2 | 30.0 | 35.0                  |
| Finland        | 38.5 | 38.5 | 38.5 | 33.3 | -13.3                 |
| Sweden         | 55.6 | 55.6 | 62.5 | 62.5 | 0.0                   |
| United Kingdom | 59.5 | 59.5 | 61.0 | 61.9 | 1.5                   |

# Chart 6. Means-tested benefits classification (2012)



17. Non means-tested benefits as a percentage of social protection benefits

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | % Change<br>2012/2011 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|-----------------------|
| EU28           | 89.4 | 89.3 | 89.2 | 89.4 | 0.2                   |
| EA18           | 89.3 | 89.3 | 89.2 | 89.3 | 0.2                   |
| Belgium        | 94.8 | 94.8 | 95.2 | 94.9 | -0.3                  |
| Bulgaria       | 95.8 | 95.5 | 95.9 | 95.9 | -0.1                  |
| Czech Republic | 98.0 | 98.0 | 98.0 | 98.0 | 0.0                   |
| Denmark        | 95.2 | 95.1 | 94.8 | 94.6 | -0.3                  |
| Germany        | 88.1 | 88.1 | 88.0 | 88.0 | 0.0                   |
| Estonia        | 99.5 | 98.9 | 98.7 | 99.3 | 0.6                   |
| Ireland        | 73.9 | 71.8 | 71.4 | 73.1 | 2.4                   |
| Greece         | 92.7 | 93.3 | 93.8 | 94.3 | 0.6                   |
| Spain          | 86.2 | 85.2 | 83.9 | 85.4 | 1.8                   |
| France         | 89.2 | 89.3 | 89.2 | 89.1 | -0.2                  |
| Croatia        | 93.6 | 93.7 | 93.1 | 93.2 | 0.1                   |
| Italy          | 93.0 | 93.7 | 93.7 | 93.8 | 0.1                   |
| Cyprus         | 86.5 | 86.2 | 87.1 | 85.8 | -1.4                  |
| Latvia         | 98.2 | 96.0 | 95.3 | 97.1 | 1.9                   |
| Lithuania      | 97.6 | 94.6 | 93.9 | 94.3 | 0.4                   |
| Luxembourg     | 96.2 | 96.5 | 96.4 | 96.5 | 0.1                   |
| Hungary        | 94.8 | 95.1 | 95.4 | 95.8 | 0.4                   |
| Malta          | 86.5 | 86.8 | 86.5 | 87.0 | 0.6                   |
| Netherlands    | 84.8 | 84.8 | 84.5 | 84.7 | 0.2                   |
| Austria        | 92.6 | 92.3 | 92.1 | 92.2 | 0.1                   |
| Poland         | 96.5 | 96.4 | 96.8 | 96.0 | -0.8                  |
| Portugal       | 89.8 | 90.1 | 91.2 | 91.0 | -0.2                  |
| Romania        | 94.1 | 92.6 | 95.1 | 96.1 | 1.1                   |
| Slovenia       | 91.6 | 91.8 | 91.8 | 92.4 | 0.6                   |
| Slovakia       | 95.1 | 94.5 | 94.9 | 94.4 | -0.5                  |
| Finland        | 95.6 | 95.6 | 95.2 | 95.1 | -0.2                  |
| Sweden         | 97.1 | 97.3 | 97.3 | 97.3 | 0.1                   |
| United Kingdom | 84.7 | 84.6 | 85.1 | 85.6 | 0.5                   |

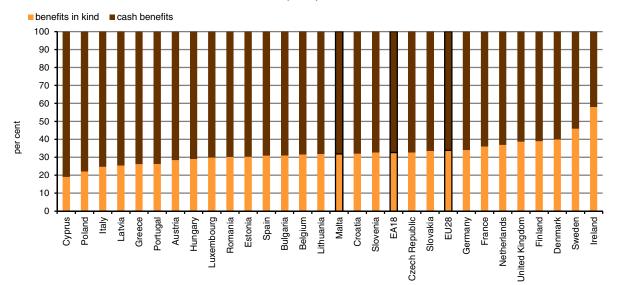
# 18. Cash benefits as a percentage of non means-tested benefits

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | % Change<br>2012/2011 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|-----------------------|
| EU28           | 66.1 | 66.1 | 65.9 | 66.1 | 0.4                   |
| EA18           | 67.2 | 67.1 | 67.2 | 67.3 | 0.2                   |
| Belgium        | 69.2 | 69.0 | 68.8 | 68.5 | -0.6                  |
| Bulgaria       | 72.5 | 71.4 | 68.9 | 68.9 | 0.1                   |
| Czech Republic | 67.4 | 67.2 | 67.5 | 67.2 | -0.5                  |
| Denmark        | 58.4 | 58.7 | 59.8 | 60.1 | 0.4                   |
| Germany        | 66.7 | 66.4 | 66.1 | 66.0 | -0.2                  |
| Estonia        | 72.2 | 71.2 | 70.3 | 69.7 | -0.7                  |
| Ireland        | 56.0 | 52.3 | 46.8 | 42.0 | -10.2                 |
| Greece         | 64.6 | 64.5 | 67.8 | 73.9 | 9.0                   |
| Spain          | 66.7 | 66.8 | 67.3 | 69.1 | 2.7                   |
| France         | 63.7 | 63.6 | 63.8 | 64.0 | 0.2                   |
| Croatia        | 68.3 | 68.8 | 69.3 | 68.0 | -1.8                  |
| Italy          | 74.0 | 74.2 | 74.8 | 75.4 | 0.7                   |
| Cyprus         | 78.5 | 79.8 | 80.5 | 80.9 | 0.5                   |
| Latvia         | 76.2 | 76.9 | 75.9 | 74.6 | -1.7                  |
| Lithuania      | 72.1 | 69.9 | 68.0 | 68.2 | 0.4                   |
| Luxembourg     | 71.3 | 70.3 | 70.4 | 70.1 | -0.4                  |
| Hungary        | 69.7 | 68.7 | 68.9 | 71.0 | 3.1                   |
| Malta          | 67.1 | 68.3 | 68.1 | 68.1 | -0.1                  |
| Netherlands    | 63.5 | 64.1 | 63.6 | 63.2 | -0.6                  |
| Austria        | 72.1 | 72.0 | 71.6 | 71.6 | -0.1                  |
| Poland         | 75.8 | 75.5 | 75.4 | 78.0 | 3.4                   |
| Portugal       | 69.4 | 70.6 | 73.7 | 73.7 | 0.0                   |
| Romania        | 71.3 | 69.8 | 70.8 | 69.8 | -1.4                  |
| Slovenia       | 66.4 | 67.0 | 67.6 | 67.4 | -0.2                  |
| Slovakia       | 65.3 | 66.3 | 66.7 | 66.5 | -0.3                  |
| Finland        | 61.8 | 62.1 | 61.3 | 61.1 | -0.3                  |
| Sweden         | 55.4 | 54.8 | 53.7 | 54.1 | 0.8                   |
| United Kingdom | 62.2 | 62.2 | 60.9 | 61.3 | 0.8                   |

# 19. Benefits in kind as a percentage of non means-tested benefits

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | % Change<br>2012/2011 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|-----------------------|
| EU28           | 33.9 | 33.9 | 34.1 | 33.9 | -0.8                  |
| EA18           | 32.8 | 32.9 | 32.8 | 32.7 | -0.4                  |
| Belgium        | 30.8 | 31.0 | 31.2 | 31.5 | 1.2                   |
| Bulgaria       | 27.5 | 28.6 | 31.1 | 31.1 | -0.1                  |
| Czech Republic | 32.6 | 32.8 | 32.5 | 32.8 | 1.1                   |
| Denmark        | 41.6 | 41.3 | 40.2 | 39.9 | -0.6                  |
| Germany        | 33.3 | 33.6 | 33.9 | 34.0 | 0.4                   |
| Estonia        | 27.8 | 28.8 | 29.7 | 30.3 | 1.7                   |
| Ireland        | 44.0 | 47.7 | 53.2 | 58.0 | 9.0                   |
| Greece         | 35.4 | 35.5 | 32.2 | 26.1 | -18.8                 |
| Spain          | 33.3 | 33.2 | 32.7 | 30.9 | -5.6                  |
| France         | 36.3 | 36.4 | 36.2 | 36.0 | -0.4                  |
| Croatia        | 31.7 | 31.3 | 30.7 | 32.0 | 4.1                   |
| Italy          | 26.0 | 25.8 | 25.2 | 24.6 | -2.2                  |
| Cyprus         | 21.5 | 20.2 | 19.5 | 19.1 | -2.1                  |
| Latvia         | 23.8 | 23.1 | 24.1 | 25.4 | 5.2                   |
| Lithuania      | 27.9 | 30.1 | 32.0 | 31.8 | -0.8                  |
| Luxembourg     | 28.7 | 29.7 | 29.6 | 29.9 | 1.0                   |
| Hungary        | 30.3 | 31.3 | 31.1 | 29.0 | -6.8                  |
| Malta          | 32.9 | 31.7 | 31.9 | 31.9 | 0.2                   |
| Netherlands    | 36.5 | 35.9 | 36.4 | 36.8 | 1.1                   |
| Austria        | 27.9 | 28.0 | 28.4 | 28.4 | 0.2                   |
| Poland         | 24.2 | 24.5 | 24.6 | 22.0 | -10.4                 |
| Portugal       | 30.6 | 29.4 | 26.3 | 26.3 | -0.1                  |
| Romania        | 28.8 | 30.2 | 29.2 | 30.2 | 3.4                   |
| Slovenia       | 33.6 | 33.0 | 32.4 | 32.6 | 0.5                   |
| Slovakia       | 34.7 | 33.7 | 33.3 | 33.5 | 0.6                   |
| Finland        | 38.2 | 37.9 | 38.7 | 38.9 | 0.5                   |
| Sweden         | 44.6 | 45.2 | 46.3 | 45.9 | -0.9                  |
| United Kingdom | 37.8 | 37.8 | 39.1 | 38.7 | -1.2                  |

# Chart 7. Non means-tested benefits classification (2012)



# For Tables 20-27 see Appendix 2

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|
| EU28           | 45.3 | 45.5 | 45.8 | 46.2 |
| EA18           | 45.2 | 45.4 | 45.9 | 46.2 |
| Belgium        | 40.0 | 39.4 | 39.8 | 39.7 |
| Bulgaria       | 51.8 | 51.5 | 50.2 | 50.1 |
| Czech Republic | 45.8 | 47.2 | 48.9 | 49.8 |
| Denmark        | 42.3 | 42.2 | 43.4 | 43.7 |
| Germany        | 40.5 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 40.1 |
| Estonia        | 42.5 | 44.2 | 44.0 | 44.5 |
| Ireland        | 25.4 | 24.2 | 23.4 | 22.2 |
| Greece         | 49.6 | 50.1 | 52.1 | 59.3 |
| Spain          | 40.9 | 42.9 | 43.6 | 45.6 |
| France         | 45.0 | 45.1 | 45.6 | 45.7 |
| Croatia        | 37.4 | 37.7 | 38.1 | 38.0 |
| Italy          | 60.2 | 60.7 | 61.5 | 61.9 |
| Cyprus         | 44.5 | 46.8 | 48.1 | 52.3 |
| Latvia         | 47.2 | 53.5 | 54.9 | 55.9 |
| Lithuania      | 43.7 | 43.6 | 44.1 | 46.8 |
| Luxembourg     | 36.2 | 36.2 | 37.4 | 37.9 |
| Hungary        | 45.3 | 46.1 | 48.1 | 51.9 |
| Malta          | 52.4 | 54.9 | 54.7 | 55.3 |
| Netherlands    | 39.2 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.7 |
| Austria        | 49.2 | 49.5 | 50.1 | 50.7 |
| Poland         | 59.4 | 58.3 | 58.6 | 60.1 |
| Portugal       | 50.7 | 51.7 | 55.2 | 54.8 |
| Romania        | 51.8 | 50.8 | 53.5 | 54.1 |
| Slovenia       | 46.0 | 46.5 | 47.0 | 47.1 |
| Slovakia       | 42.5 | 42.8 | 43.5 | 44.0 |
| Finland        | 38.6 | 39.2 | 40.0 | 40.7 |
| Sweden         | 42.0 | 42.5 | 42.5 | 42.9 |
| United Kingdom | 44.7 | 45.0 | 44.5 | 45.1 |

# 21. Function relating to sickness/health care as a percentage of social protection

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|
| EU28           | 29.6 | 29.5 | 29.6 | 29.6 |
| EA18           | 29.8 | 29.8 | 29.7 | 29.6 |
| Belgium        | 28.5 | 28.7 | 28.8 | 29.0 |
| Bulgaria       | 23.5 | 24.2 | 26.0 | 26.2 |
| Czech Republic | 32.3 | 32.3 | 31.9 | 31.6 |
| Denmark        | 21.9 | 21.3 | 21.0 | 20.9 |
| Germany        | 32.3 | 32.5 | 33.3 | 33.8 |
| Estonia        | 28.4 | 26.8 | 28.0 | 28.2 |
| Ireland        | 39.4 | 41.1 | 44.5 | 48.7 |
| Greece         | 29.1 | 29.2 | 25.9 | 21.4 |
| Spain          | 29.5 | 28.8 | 27.7 | 26.3 |
| France         | 29.3 | 29.2 | 29.0 | 28.7 |
| Croatia        | 35.1 | 34.0 | 33.9 | 34.7 |
| Italy          | 25.6 | 25.5 | 24.8 | 24.1 |
| Cyprus         | 24.4 | 22.9 | 22.7 | 21.8 |
| Latvia         | 23.5 | 20.8 | 21.3 | 21.9 |
| Lithuania      | 26.5 | 26.0 | 27.8 | 27.3 |
| Luxembourg     | 25.4 | 25.5 | 25.4 | 25.5 |
| Hungary        | 25.0 | 25.7 | 25.4 | 23.6 |
| Malta          | 30.7 | 29.3 | 29.3 | 29.7 |
| Netherlands    | 35.1 | 35.2 | 35.7 | 35.9 |
| Austria        | 25.8 | 25.4 | 25.7 | 25.7 |
| Poland         | 23.5 | 23.1 | 23.3 | 24.0 |
| Portugal       | 28.7 | 27.6 | 25.1 | 25.0 |
| Romania        | 24.5 | 25.2 | 25.0 | 26.5 |
| Slovenia       | 32.9 | 32.3 | 31.6 | 32.2 |
| Slovakia       | 31.5 | 30.6 | 30.4 | 30.4 |
| Finland        | 25.6 | 25.2 | 25.5 | 25.3 |
| Sweden         | 25.3 | 24.8 | 25.6 | 25.5 |
| United Kingdom | 31.6 | 31.1 | 32.6 | 32.8 |

22. Function relating to family/children as a percentage of social protection

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|
| EU28           | 8.1  | 8.1  | 8.0  | 7.8  |
| EA18           | 8.0  | 8.0  | 7.9  | 7.8  |
| Belgium        | 7.7  | 7.8  | 7.7  | 7.3  |
| Bulgaria       | 12.0 | 11.4 | 11.0 | 10.6 |
| Czech Republic | 7.3  | 6.8  | 5.9  | 5.5  |
| Denmark        | 13.6 | 13.1 | 12.5 | 12.2 |
| Germany        | 10.5 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 11.2 |
| Estonia        | 11.9 | 12.7 | 12.4 | 11.5 |
| Ireland        | 14.5 | 12.7 | 11.8 | 10.8 |
| Greece         | 6.7  | 6.4  | 6.2  | 5.5  |
| Spain          | 6.2  | 6.0  | 5.5  | 5.4  |
| France         | 8.3  | 8.0  | 7.9  | 7.9  |
| Croatia        | 8.0  | 8.1  | 8.0  | 7.9  |
| Italy          | 5.1  | 4.6  | 4.8  | 4.8  |
| Cyprus         | 10.5 | 9.8  | 9.0  | 7.1  |
| Latvia         | 10.4 | 8.5  | 7.6  | 7.2  |
| Lithuania      | 13.5 | 12.1 | 10.4 | 8.8  |
| Luxembourg     | 17.8 | 17.8 | 16.5 | 16.2 |
| Hungary        | 12.8 | 13.0 | 12.7 | 12.3 |
| Malta          | 6.4  | 6.2  | 6.4  | 6.2  |
| Netherlands    | 4.4  | 4.1  | 4.0  | 3.5  |
| Austria        | 10.2 | 10.3 | 9.8  | 9.5  |
| Poland         | 6.5  | 7.0  | 7.1  | 4.8  |
| Portugal       | 5.5  | 5.5  | 4.9  | 4.9  |
| Romania        | 10.2 | 9.8  | 9.3  | 8.6  |
| Slovenia       | 8.8  | 8.9  | 8.9  | 8.5  |
| Slovakia       | 9.4  | 9.7  | 9.9  | 9.9  |
| Finland        | 11.3 | 11.1 | 11.2 | 11.0 |
| Sweden         | 10.2 | 10.4 | 10.6 | 10.6 |
| United Kingdom | 6.8  | 7.3  | 6.9  | 6.6  |

# 23. Function relating to disability as a percentage of social protection

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|
|                | 7.5  | 7.5  | 7.5  | 7.4  |
| EA18           | 7.1  | 7.0  | 7.0  | 7.1  |
| Belgium        | 7.2  | 7.5  | 7.5  | 7.8  |
| Bulgaria       | 8.3  | 8.0  | 7.9  | 8.0  |
| Czech Republic | 7.7  | 7.8  | 7.6  | 7.1  |
| Denmark        | 12.4 | 12.7 | 12.3 | 12.3 |
| Germany        | 7.7  | 7.8  | 7.8  | 8.0  |
| Estonia        | 9.9  | 10.9 | 11.5 | 11.8 |
| Ireland        | 5.2  | 4.9  | 4.5  | 4.2  |
| Greece         | 4.7  | 4.7  | 4.9  | 4.5  |
| Spain          | 6.9  | 7.0  | 7.0  | 7.2  |
| France         | 6.4  | 6.4  | 6.5  | 6.5  |
| Croatia        | 17.1 | 17.5 | 17.2 | 16.9 |
| Italy          | 6.1  | 5.9  | 5.8  | 5.8  |
| Cyprus         | 3.6  | 3.4  | 3.4  | 3.4  |
| Latvia         | 7.8  | 7.6  | 8.7  | 8.9  |
| Lithuania      | 10.0 | 10.1 | 9.6  | 9.7  |
| Luxembourg     | 11.4 | 11.4 | 11.7 | 11.1 |
| Hungary        | 9.1  | 8.3  | 7.8  | 7.5  |
| Malta          | 4.7  | 4.4  | 4.1  | 3.9  |
| Netherlands    | 8.4  | 8.1  | 7.8  | 7.4  |
| Austria        | 7.5  | 7.5  | 7.6  | 7.4  |
| Poland         | 7.6  | 8.1  | 8.3  | 8.4  |
| Portugal       | 8.4  | 8.2  | 8.2  | 7.4  |
| Romania        | 9.5  | 9.1  | 9.0  | 8.3  |
| Slovenia       | 7.4  | 7.2  | 6.9  | 6.4  |
| Slovakia       | 8.5  | 8.7  | 8.8  | 8.9  |
| Finland        | 12.3 | 12.1 | 11.9 | 11.6 |
| Sweden         | 14.6 | 13.9 | 13.5 | 13.0 |
| United Kingdom | 7.7  | 7.6  | 7.3  | 6.8  |

24. Function relating to unemployment as a percentage of social protection

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|
| EU28           | 6.0  | 5.8  | 5.5  | 5.4  |
| EA18           | 6.7  | 6.6  | 6.2  | 6.1  |
| Belgium        | 13.0 | 13.1 | 12.8 | 12.6 |
| Bulgaria       | 3.2  | 3.4  | 3.4  | 3.6  |
| Czech Republic | 5.3  | 4.2  | 3.6  | 3.3  |
| Denmark        | 4.8  | 5.6  | 5.5  | 5.5  |
| Germany        | 6.3  | 5.8  | 4.6  | 4.2  |
| Estonia        | 6.4  | 4.2  | 2.9  | 3.1  |
| Ireland        | 12.2 | 13.8 | 12.8 | 11.6 |
| Greece         | 5.9  | 6.1  | 7.4  | 6.3  |
| Spain          | 14.7 | 13.5 | 14.5 | 14.0 |
| France         | 6.1  | 6.2  | 6.0  | 6.1  |
| Croatia        | 2.0  | 2.3  | 2.4  | 2.2  |
| Italy          | 2.8  | 2.9  | 2.9  | 3.2  |
| Cyprus         | 4.8  | 4.9  | 5.4  | 6.8  |
| Latvia         | 9.5  | 7.4  | 4.8  | 3.7  |
| Lithuania      | 4.3  | 4.4  | 3.4  | 2.7  |
| Luxembourg     | 5.6  | 5.6  | 5.3  | 5.8  |
| Hungary        | 4.2  | 4.0  | 3.7  | 2.6  |
| Malta          | 3.0  | 2.8  | 2.8  | 3.0  |
| Netherlands    | 4.9  | 5.2  | 4.8  | 5.6  |
| Austria        | 5.8  | 5.7  | 5.2  | 5.2  |
| Poland         | 2.0  | 2.1  | 1.6  | 1.7  |
| Portugal       | 5.4  | 5.7  | 5.5  | 6.8  |
| Romania        | 2.4  | 3.2  | 1.6  | 1.1  |
| Slovenia       | 2.5  | 2.7  | 3.3  | 3.1  |
| Slovakia       | 5.7  | 5.5  | 4.7  | 4.0  |
| Finland        | 8.2  | 8.2  | 7.0  | 6.9  |
| Sweden         | 4.2  | 4.6  | 4.0  | 4.1  |
| United Kingdom | 3.1  | 2.7  | 2.6  | 2.5  |

## 25. Function relating to social exclusion n.e.c. as a percentage of social protection

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|
| EU28           | 1.5  | 1.5  | 1.5  | 1.5  |
| EA18           | 1.6  | 1.6  | 1.6  | 1.6  |
| Belgium        | 2.7  | 2.8  | 2.6  | 2.8  |
| Bulgaria       | 1.2  | 1.4  | 1.4  | 1.5  |
| Czech Republic | 1.2  | 1.2  | 1.4  | 1.7  |
| Denmark        | 2.9  | 3.0  | 3.2  | 3.3  |
| Germany        | 0.5  | 0.5  | 0.5  | 0.6  |
| Estonia        | 0.6  | 0.8  | 0.9  | 0.8  |
| Ireland        | 2.3  | 1.2  | 1.0  | 0.9  |
| Greece         | 2.1  | 2.2  | 2.3  | 2.1  |
| Spain          | 1.0  | 0.9  | 0.8  | 0.8  |
| France         | 2.3  | 2.4  | 2.4  | 2.4  |
| Croatia        | 0.3  | 0.2  | 0.2  | 0.2  |
| Italy          | 0.2  | 0.3  | 0.3  | 0.3  |
| Cyprus         | 6.8  | 7.1  | 7.1  | 5.8  |
| Latvia         | 0.9  | 1.4  | 1.7  | 1.4  |
| Lithuania      | 1.8  | 3.9  | 4.7  | 4.7  |
| Luxembourg     | 2.1  | 2.2  | 2.4  | 2.3  |
| Hungary        | 0.6  | 0.6  | 0.5  | 0.5  |
| Malta          | 2.0  | 1.6  | 1.7  | 1.5  |
| Netherlands    | 6.9  | 6.8  | 7.1  | 6.6  |
| Austria        | 1.1  | 1.1  | 1.1  | 1.2  |
| Poland         | 0.8  | 1.1  | 0.8  | 0.8  |
| Portugal       | 1.4  | 1.4  | 1.2  | 1.1  |
| Romania        | 1.4  | 1.8  | 1.5  | 1.2  |
| Slovenia       | 2.3  | 2.4  | 2.3  | 2.6  |
| Slovakia       | 2.3  | 2.6  | 2.4  | 2.4  |
| Finland        | 2.4  | 2.4  | 2.6  | 2.7  |
| Sweden         | 2.3  | 2.4  | 2.3  | 2.3  |
| United Kingdom | 0.8  | 0.8  | 0.7  | 0.6  |

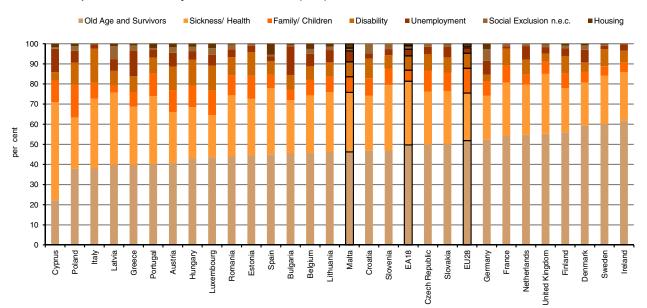
# 26. Function relating to housing as a percentage of social protection

|                | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|
| EU28           | 2.0  | 2.1  | 2.1  | 2.1  |
| EA18           | 1.6  | 1.6  | 1.6  | 1.5  |
| Belgium        | 0.8  | 0.8  | 0.8  | 0.9  |
| Bulgaria       | 0.0  | 0.1  | 0.1  | 0.1  |
| Czech Republic | 0.4  | 0.6  | 0.7  | 1.0  |
| Denmark        | 2.1  | 2.1  | 2.2  | 2.2  |
| Germany        | 2.3  | 2.3  | 2.2  | 2.1  |
| Estonia        | 0.2  | 0.3  | 0.3  | 0.3  |
| Ireland        | 0.8  | 2.1  | 2.0  | 1.6  |
| Greece         | 1.8  | 1.4  | 1.3  | 0.8  |
| Spain          | 0.8  | 0.9  | 0.9  | 0.6  |
| France         | 2.7  | 2.7  | 2.6  | 2.6  |
| Croatia        | 0.1  | 0.1  | 0.1  | 0.1  |
| Italy          | 0.1  | 0.1  | 0.1  | 0.1  |
| Cyprus         | 5.3  | 5.1  | 4.3  | 2.8  |
| Latvia         | 0.8  | 0.8  | 1.0  | 1.0  |
| Lithuania      | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  |
| Luxembourg     | 1.5  | 1.4  | 1.3  | 1.3  |
| Hungary        | 3.0  | 2.3  | 1.8  | 1.6  |
| Malta          | 0.8  | 0.8  | 1.0  | 0.4  |
| Netherlands    | 1.3  | 1.3  | 1.3  | 1.2  |
| Austria        | 0.6  | 0.5  | 0.5  | 0.4  |
| Poland         | 0.3  | 0.3  | 0.3  | 0.3  |
| Portugal       | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  |
| Romania        | 0.1  | 0.1  | 0.1  | 0.1  |
| Slovenia       | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.1  |
| Slovakia       | 0.2  | 0.2  | 0.2  | 0.4  |
| Finland        | 1.7  | 1.7  | 1.8  | 1.8  |
| Sweden         | 1.5  | 1.5  | 1.5  | 1.6  |
| United Kingdom | 5.3  | 5.5  | 5.5  | 5.6  |

## 27. Social protection functions in Europe: an overiew of 2012

|                | Old Age and<br>Survivors | Sickness/<br>Health | Family/<br>Children | Disability | Unemployment | Social<br>Exclusion n.e.c. | Housing |
|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|--------------|----------------------------|---------|
| Ireland        | 22.2                     | 48.7                | 10.8                | 4.2        | 11.6         | 0.9                        | 1.6     |
| Luxembourg     | 37.9                     | 25.5                | 16.2                | 11.1       | 5.8          | 2.3                        | 1.3     |
| Croatia        | 38.0                     | 34.7                | 7.9                 | 16.9       | 2.2          | 0.2                        | 0.1     |
| Netherlands    | 39.7                     | 35.9                | 3.5                 | 7.4        | 5.6          | 6.6                        | 1.2     |
| Belgium        | 39.7                     | 29.0                | 7.3                 | 7.8        | 12.6         | 2.8                        | 0.9     |
| Germany        | 40.1                     | 33.8                | 11.2                | 8.0        | 4.2          | 0.6                        | 2.1     |
| Finland        | 40.7                     | 25.3                | 11.0                | 11.6       | 6.9          | 2.7                        | 1.8     |
| Sweden         | 42.9                     | 25.5                | 10.6                | 13.0       | 4.1          | 2.3                        | 1.6     |
| Denmark        | 43.7                     | 20.9                | 12.2                | 12.3       | 5.5          | 3.3                        | 2.2     |
| Slovakia       | 44.0                     | 30.4                | 9.9                 | 8.9        | 4.0          | 2.4                        | 0.4     |
| Estonia        | 44.5                     | 28.2                | 11.5                | 11.8       | 3.1          | 0.8                        | 0.3     |
| United Kingdom | 45.1                     | 32.8                | 6.6                 | 6.8        | 2.5          | 0.6                        | 5.6     |
| Spain          | 45.6                     | 26.3                | 5.4                 | 7.2        | 14.0         | 0.8                        | 0.6     |
| France         | 45.7                     | 28.7                | 7.9                 | 6.5        | 6.1          | 2.4                        | 2.6     |
| EA18           | 46.2                     | 29.6                | 7.8                 | 7.1        | 6.1          | 1.6                        | 1.5     |
| EU28           | 46.2                     | 29.6                | 7.8                 | 7.4        | 5.4          | 1.5                        | 2.1     |
| Lithuania      | 46.8                     | 27.3                | 8.8                 | 9.7        | 2.7          | 4.7                        | 0.0     |
| Slovenia       | 47.1                     | 32.2                | 8.5                 | 6.4        | 3.1          | 2.6                        | 0.1     |
| Czech Republic | 49.8                     | 31.6                | 5.5                 | 7.1        | 3.3          | 1.7                        | 1.0     |
| Bulgaria       | 50.1                     | 26.2                | 10.6                | 8.0        | 3.6          | 1.5                        | 0.1     |
| Austria        | 50.7                     | 25.7                | 9.5                 | 7.4        | 5.2          | 1.2                        | 0.4     |
| Hungary        | 51.9                     | 23.6                | 12.3                | 7.5        | 2.6          | 0.5                        | 1.6     |
| Cyprus         | 52.3                     | 21.8                | 7.1                 | 3.4        | 6.8          | 5.8                        | 2.8     |
| Romania        | 54.1                     | 26.5                | 8.6                 | 8.3        | 1.1          | 1.2                        | 0.1     |
| Portugal       | 54.8                     | 25.0                | 4.9                 | 7.4        | 6.8          | 1.1                        | 0.0     |
| Malta          | 55.3                     | 29.7                | 6.2                 | 3.9        | 3.0          | 1.5                        | 0.4     |
| Latvia         | 55.9                     | 21.9                | 7.2                 | 8.9        | 3.7          | 1.4                        | 1.0     |
| Greece         | 59.3                     | 21.4                | 5.5                 | 4.5        | 6.3          | 2.1                        | 0.8     |
| Poland         | 60.1                     | 24.0                | 4.8                 | 8.4        | 1.7          | 0.8                        | 0.3     |
| Italy          | 61.9                     | 24.1                | 4.8                 | 5.8        | 3.2          | 0.3                        | 0.1     |

# Chart 8. Social protection benefits by function classification (2012)



# GLOSSARY

#### **BENEFITS IN KIND**

Benefits in kind are benefits granted in the form of goods and services.

## **CASH BENEFITS**

Social cash benefits may be income-substituting benefits such as unemployment cash benefits or pensions, and/or income-supplementing cash benefits such as housing benefits and child allowances.

#### CARE AND REPAIR

This service is intended for disadvantaged people on very low income who find it difficult to acquire assistance through schemes. In contrast to schemes where the applicants have to liaise with contractors to get the repair works done, under the care and repair initiative, it is the Housing Authority that co-ordinates with the contractors on behalf of the beneficiaries. This is done to avoid unnecessary nuisance to clients who are in a vulnerable position.

#### ESA 2010

The European System of National and Regional Accounts (ESA 2010, or simply ESA) is an internationally compatible accounting framework for a systematic and detailed description of a total economy, its components and its relations with other total economies. ESA 2010 is fully consistent with the revised worldwide guidelines on national accounting, the System of National Accounts (SNA 2008, or simply SNA; these guidelines have been produced under the joint responsibility of the United Nations, the IMF, the Commission of the European Communities, the OECD and the World Bank).

### ESSPROS

The European System of integrated Social Protection Statistics (ESSPROS) was developed in the late 1970s in response to the need for a specific instrument of statistical observation of social protection in the EU Member States.

#### GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP)

Gross Domestic Product (at current market prices unless otherwise specified) is the total output produced within a country during a reference period.

#### HOUSEHOLDS

A household consists of individuals living together and sharing the household economy.

#### MEANS-TESTED SOCIAL BENEFITS

Social benefits are broken down between means-tested and non means-tested benefits. Means-tested social benefits are social benefits that are explicitly or implicitly conditional on the beneficiary's income and/or wealth falling below a specified level. Most means-tested benefits are targeted at low-income households; and in principle means-tested benefits may be granted under all functions.

#### NPISH

These are 'non-profit institutions serving households' which comprise all resident non-profit institutions that provide most of their output to households free or at prices which cover less than 50 per cent of production costs, except those which are controlled and mainly financed by government.

## **OTHER BENEFITS**

**Blind Pension:** A person who is certified by a Medical Panel as suffering from a visual impairment may be eligible for a Pension for the Visually Impaired.

**Children's allowance:** is payable to locally residing citizens of Malta who have the care of children under 16 years of age, and where the household income does not exceed a stipulated amount. A flat rate of  $\notin$ 450 is paid out annually to those eligible citizens whose annual income exceeds the pre-defined threshold.

**Disabled Child Allowance:** may be granted to any child (under the age of 16) who is certified to be suffering from some kind of physical and/or mental disability. This allowance is over and above the Children's Allowance.

**Disablement Gratuity:** is a lump sum payment payable to a person following injury at work and where the degree of disability is estimated as being between 1 and 19 per cent.

**Drug Addicts Allowance:** is given to a person following a drug or alcohol rehabilitation therapeutic programme who may become eligible to receive an allowance.

**Foster Care Allowance:** is entitled to a person or married couple certified by the Director of Social Security, Appogg, that they are the official foster carer/s of a child.

**Injury Benefit:** This benefit is payable for injury at work or contraction of industrial disease. Maximum entitlement is limited to 12 months.

**Leprosy Assistance:** is payable to any head of household, who suffers from Leprosy or Hansens Disease, or who has a member in his/her household suffering from one of these diseases.

**Marriage Grant:** is a one-time payment payable upon marriage to persons ordinarily resident in Malta. To be eligible a person must be employed, self-employed or self-occupied for at least six months at any time prior to his marriage.

**Maternity Benefit:** is payable to locally residing pregnant citizens of Malta in respect of the last 8 weeks of pregnancy and the first 6 weeks after childbirth. This benefit is only payable if the female is not entitled to maternity leave from her employer, if employed.

**Maternity Leave Benefit:** is payable, for a maximum of 4 weeks, to locally residing pregnant citizens of Malta who, at any time from 1<sup>st</sup> January 2012, are either in insurable employment and have availed themselves of the full maternity leave entitlement or are self-occupied and have exhausted their Maternity Benefit entitlement.

**Milk Grant:** A head of household who is in receipt of Social or Tuberculosis Assistance may be entitled to Milk Grant.

**Orphans' Allowance:** is a weekly allowance paid to a guardian of a child or children who are under 16 years of age.

**Re-marriage Grant:** is payable to a widow who remarries and hence forfeits her right to a widow's pension. The payment is equivalent to one year's widows' pension.

**Sickness Assistance:** A person becomes entitled to if s/he proves to the satisfaction of the Director of Social Security that s/he or any member of his/her household is suffering from a disease that could only be cured or alleviated by a special diet or regimen, which incurs an exceptional expenditure.

**Sickness Benefit:** Entitlement of 156 days but may, in certain cases, be extended to 312 days. The first three days of each new claim for this benefit are not paid.

**Social Assistance:** is given to head of households, who are incapable of work due to medical reasons, or are unemployed and seeking employment, given that they fulfill the means and capital resources tests.

**Social Assistance Board:** If the head of household, for some reason, is struck off from Part 1 of the ETC register and is registering under Part 2, the partner may apply for social assistance. A Social Assistance Board will review such claims.

**Social Assistance for Carers:** is given to a single or widowed male/female, whether registered or not as an unemployed person, and who is solely taking care of a sick or elderly relative on a full-time basis.

**Social Assistance for Single Parents:** is given to a single parent, who does not earn more than a certain amount of income, and who may be eligible for Social Assistance. His/her total income earned together with the Social Assistance entitlement for 2 persons does not exceed the National Minimum Wage.

**Special Unemployment Benefit:** entitlement is also for 156 days but at a higher rate. This benefit is applicable to persons who would qualify for non-contributory Social Assistance.

**Supplementary Allowance:** is payable to households where the total income of the members falls below the limits outlined by the Social Security Act.

**Unemployment Assistance:** Heads of household, who are registering under Part 1 of the Unemployment Register and are thus actively seeking employment may be entitled to Unemployment Assistance after the period for the Unemployment Benefit has elapsed.

**Unemployment Benefit:** is payable to unemployed persons for a period of 156 days. This benefit is considered as a short-term benefit. Subsequently unemployed persons may qualify for long-term benefits under *'Social Assistance'*.

**Tuberculosis Assistance:** is given to any head of household who proves to the satisfaction of the Director of Social Security that s/he or a member of his/her household suffers from Tuberculosis or Koch's Disease.

#### PENSIONS

The purpose of pensions is to guarantee all citizens a certain level of income in connection with old age, disability, early retirement from the labour market or loss of provider. The various types of pensions available in Malta are listed hereunder:

**Carer's Pension:** is entitled to a person who is either single or a widow and who all by her/himself and on full-time basis, takes care of a sick relative who is bedridden or confined to a wheel-chair in the same household. Relatives referred to in this section can be the parents, grandparents, brothers, sisters, uncles, aunts, brothers or sisters-in-law and fathers/mothers-in-law.

**Decreased National Minimum Pension:** where a person is entitled to a service pension and his service pension together with the rate of retirement pension or increased retirement pension applicable in his case is less than the rate of national minimum pension in his case, such a person shall be entitled to the National Minimum Pension reduced by his service pension.

**Increased Retirement Pension:** applies to cases where the sum total of a person's service pension together with the rate of retirement pension applicable in the case are lower than two-thirds of the person's pensionable income.

**National Minimum Pension/Increased National Minimum Pension:** is payable to a person who is not in receipt of a Service pension from an employer. The rates applicable are four-fifths of the National Minimum Wage in the case of a married man maintaining his wife and two-thirds of the National Minimum Wage in the case of any other person.

**Old Age Pension:** is payable to citizens of Malta over 60 years of age provided that his/her weekly means fall below the benchmark established by the Social Security Act.

**Retirement Pension:** is payable on reaching pension age (61 in the case of males and 60 for females). The rates and types of categories vary according to a range of statutory conditions.

**Two-Thirds Pension:** is a pension related to earnings, payable to persons who have retired after January 1979. This scheme provides for a pension equivalent to two-thirds of the insured person's pensionable income. Maximum and minimum rates are applicable.

In the case of an employed person born on or before 31<sup>st</sup> December 1951 the pensionable income is calculated by taking the average yearly salary on which the relevant contribution has been paid, of the best *three consecutive calendar years* during the last 10 years prior to retirement. This calculation is

further adjusted to cater for cost of living updates. For self-employed persons (a 'self-employed', for social security purposes is that person who is not gainfully self-employed in a business or profession and mainly lives on income derived from investments/rents) the pensionable income is the average of his/her net income, derived from investments/rents/pensions etc., of the last 10 calendar years or part thereof if the person had not been in self-employment for the whole ten-year period prior to retirement. In the case of a person defined as self-occupied (i.e. a person who derives income from an economic activity and hence declares a net profit/loss) the pensionable income is assessed as the average net income declared from the person's gainful activity during the last 10 years or part thereof as for the case of a self-employed.

The pensionable income is similarly calculated as above for gainfully occupied persons born during the calendar years 1952 to 1955 with the only difference being that the last **11** years prior to retirement are assessed. Meanwhile, the last 12 years are taken into consideration in calculating the pensionable income for gainfully occupied persons born between 1956 and 1958. The last 13 years are assessed for persons born between 1959 and 1961.

The pensionable income for Employed/self-employed/self-occupied persons born from 1961 onwards is equivalent to the yearly average salary (employed) or net income (self employed/self-occupied) of the best 10 years during the last 40 years prior to retirement.

**Invalidity Pension:** is payable to persons deemed permanently incapable for suitable full-time or regular part-time employment. There are various rates according to different conditions.

**Injury Pension:** is payable if injury or disease caused or contracted while at work is considered to cause a loss of physical or mental faculty calculated between 20 and 89 per cent. Rates awarded vary according to the degree of disability. Where the degree of disablement is assessed at 90 per cent and over, the person concerned is automatically awarded an Invalidity Pension at the full rate.

Widows' Pension/National Minimum Widows' Pension/Pension of Widows with Children: is payable to widows, irrespective of age, who are not gainfully occupied, or who are occupied but earning less than the National Minimum Wage, or who are carrying out gainful activities but have the care and custody of children under 16 years of age. Rates may vary according to conditions outlined in the Social Security Act (Social Security Act, Part IV, and subsequent amendments). Any reference to a widow also means a widower.

**Survivors' Pension/Early Survivors Retirement Pension:** is an earnings-related pension payable to a widow whose husband was entitled to a two-thirds pension or whose husband would have been entitled to a pension had he reached retiring age at the time of his death.

#### PURCHASING POWER STANDARD

This purchasing power standard (PPS) equalises the purchasing power of different currencies in their home countries for a given basket of goods. The PPS basis is useful when comparing differences in overall living standards among nations because it takes into account the relative cost of living and the inflation rates of different countries, rather than just nominal Gross Domestic Product (GDP) comparison.

#### SCHEME

The social protection scheme is a unit specifically defined for the ESSPROS. A scheme may be defined as a distinct body of rules, supported by one or more institutional units, governing the provision of social benefits and their financing. Typically schemes are as specific as possible to the risk or need for which protection is provided and the categories of people protected. At the same time schemes are drawn up in such a way as to allow for the computation of an account of receipts and expenditures.

#### SOCIAL PROTECTION BENEFITS

Social Protection Benefits encompasses all expenditure interventions from public or private bodies intended to relieve households and individuals of the burden of a defined set of risks or needs, provided that there is neither a simultaneous reciprocal nor an individual arrangement involved.

# **APPENDICES**

## **APPENDIX** 1

## LIST OF SCHEMES

- 1. Contributory Benefits
- 2. Non-Contributory Benefits
- 3. Hospitals and Other Health Care
- 4. Social Welfare Standards
- 5. NPISH
- 6. APPOĠĠ
- 7. SEDQA
- 8. Employment and Training Corporation
- 9. Sickness Days Employers' Expenditure
- 10. Subsidies on Utilities
- 11. Energy Benefit
- 12. Housing Subsidies
- 13. Housing Authority Subsidies
- 14. Route Bus Subsidy for Pensioners
- 15. Gozo Ferry Subsidy for Pensioners
- 16. Care of the Elderly and Community Care
- 17. Treasury Pensions
- 18. MDD/MSCL/MSY Voluntary Retirement Schemes
- 19. Third Country Nationals and Refugees
- 1. The contributory scheme in Malta is a system where an employee, self-occupied or selfemployed person pays a weekly contribution as laid down in the Social Security Act, through a 'pay as you go' system. This scheme is universal since it practically covers all strata of the Maltese society. All pensions and allowances payable under this scheme are subject to some form of a contribution test depending on the type of benefit claimed.
- 2. The non-contributory scheme was originally intended to cater for those below the 'poverty line'. It has over a period of years evolved into a comprehensive scheme with a number of provisions that can provide simultaneous coverage in those cases where more than one contingency is present, such as in the case of persons with a disability as well as in the case of single parents.
- 3. Health: This scheme covers the Maltese health care system as operated by means of an integrated health service that is organised at the national level. Parliament is responsible for enacting health care legislation and for approving the health care budget. Although a number of ministries have a health-related function, most decisions regarding health care are taken at the level of the Ministry for Social Policy.
- 4. The Department of Social Welfare Standards offers services in social work that aim at favouring a better mutual adaptation of individuals, families, groups and the social environment in which they live, and developing their self-respect and self-responsibility.
- 5. The data covering the NPISH sector is based on information from a specific survey, as well as from the financial statements of the more prominent components of this sector. The functions covered under this scheme are:
  - Sickness / Health care (Various services offered by non-profit institutions to sick people. Some
    of these institutions provide support, while others collect funds to help people that suffer from
    cancer and other illnesses);
  - Disability (provision of rehabilitation and other services to help the disabled offered by the various NPISH);
  - Old Age (offering non-profit homes for the elderly, the major part covered by the Archdiocese of Malta);
  - Family/Children (Child day-care centres and homes for children. The majority of these homes are provided by the Archdiocese of Malta. This function includes also various counselling and support services for children and their parents);
  - Other Social Exclusion (This function includes provision of accommodation to sufferers from domestic violence, rehabilitation services for alcohol and drug abusers, as well as support and counselling services for drug and alcohol abusers, victims of crime, prisoners, and help given to poor people).

- 6. In 1994 the APPOĠĠ (originally called Social Welfare Development Programme) was set up within the Ministry for Social Policy. It was set up by the Cabinet of Ministers to work for the improvement of the social welfare sector as well as community development, with particular emphasis on children.
- 7. SEDQA agency was mandated by a Cabinet decision to provide prevention and care services in order to increase awareness and treat drug and alcohol abuse. The objective of this agency is to plan and recommend developments and updates of the national policy in the field of drug and alcohol abuse and to provide services in health promotion, prevention, treatment and rehabilitation to persons with drug and/or alcohol problems (and their families) in order to help them live a healthier life and to integrate better in society.
- 8. The Employment and Training Corporation provides training programmes and gives training allowances to unemployed persons who are seeking employment. (Naturally the Corporation performs other tasks that do not fall within the scope of ESSPROS such as maintaining the unemployment register and other administrative tasks).
- 9. Sickness Days Employers' Expenditure: This scheme covers employer's expenditure made with regards to employees who are on sick or injury leave:

(i) <u>Sick leave:</u> These consist mainly of wages and salaries paid by employers during periods of sick leave. According to local legislation, full pay must continue to be paid during the first three days of sick leave. Subsequently, sick leave pay is financed partly through social security benefits paid by the Social Security Department, with the shortfall being contributed by the employer. Depending on specific employee-employer arrangements, the employer will, after an established period of time, proceed to cover 50 per cent of the salary. At a later point, the employer may be relinquished from his/her obligations to pay any salary to employees on long-term sick leave. Administrative sources from the Department of Social Security provide data covering the first three days of sick leave, as well as the total number of sick leave days taken. The average daily wage, based on the National Accounts estimates available at the NSO was used to arrive at the final level of imputed benefits. The cost is underestimated since employers generally do not send medical certificates which cover the first three days of sickness since they receive no benefits in return.

(ii) <u>Injury leave</u>: All employees are entitled to a maximum period of one year injury leave on full pay, less the full amount of any injury benefit to which such employee may be entitled in terms of the Social Security Act, if s/he is injured during the actual discharge of his duty and not due to contributory negligence on her/his part or to any contravention of safety rules laid down by the employer. As in the case of sick leave, the first 3 days of absence from work are paid by the employer. Administrative sources from the Department of Social Security provide data covering payments made by the employer during periods of injury leave.

- 10. Subsidies on Utilities: Subsidised telephone rent is offered to elderly people who are in possession of the pink form and are on social assistance. Water and electricity rebates awarded to domestic households whose head is benefiting from social assistance. These rebates are in the form of a waiver on the meter rents (both water and electricity), as well as a reduction in the consumption charge for water.
- 11. Energy Benefit: All those who are in receipt of Social Assistance, Unemployment Assistance, Supplementary Allowance, Carer's Pension, Old Age Pension and those who benefit from water and electricity meter rebates are eligible to receive a voucher which is redeemed when the bill is paid.
- 12. Housing Subsidies: The benefits falling under this scheme are issued by the Ministry for Social Policy and include subsidies on the interest paid by members of the public on loans obtained to purchase housing units, and subsidies on rents. These benefits are not aimed towards engaged couples.
- 13. Housing Authority Subsidies: The Housing Authority subsidises the interest paid by members of the public on loans obtained to purchase housing units from the Authority and to build on land leased from the Authority. The Housing Authority also subsidises the cost of housing units, plots and ground rents to members of the public. Grants are also given on various schemes offered by the Authority.

- 14. Pensioners' Route Bus subsidies: Subsidies to pensioners (in possession of the *Kartanzjan* card) on route bus fares.
- 15. Pensioners' Gozo Ferry Boat subsidies: Subsidies to pensioners (in possession of the *Kartanzjan* card) on Gozo Channel Co. Ltd. ferry boat trips.
- 16. The scheme covering the Elderly function is composed of non means-tested Old Age as well as Disability benefits. Services such as the Adult Training Centres (which provide resources, services, training and other forms of support that enable persons with disability, and their families, to form an integral part of society) are included within this function; although the bulk of expenditure under this scheme covers 'homes for the elderly'.
- 17. Treasury pensions: This scheme covers several programmes as follows:
  - i Pensions, Allowances and Gratuities under Pensions Ordinance and rules previously in force;
  - ii Pensions and Allowances under the Widows' and Orphans' Pensions Act;
  - iii Pensions and Allowances under the Personal Injuries (Emergency Provisions);
  - iv Allowances under Act XVII of 1966 (Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Act, 1966) and pensions under Act XXVI of 1979 (Members of Parliament Pensions Act, 1979) as amended by Act XIII of 1981;
  - v Pensions specifically authorised;
  - vi Cost of Living Bonus to retired Members of Parliament and Civil and Police pensioners;
  - vii Cost of Living Bonus to widows and orphans under the Widows' and Orphans' Pensions Act;
  - viii Bonus to Government pensioners.
- 18. Malta Drydocks/Malta Shipbuilding Company Limited/Malta Shipyards (MDD/MSCL/MSY) Voluntary Retirement Schemes: This monthly retirement benefit which is directly linked to the number of service years is payable under this scheme until the beneficiaries attain the age of 61, when the normal retirement pensions become available.
- 19. Third Country Nationals and Refugees: This vote covers recurrent expenditure in connection with the stay of irregular immigrants in Malta. Costs covered include the provision of food, medical services, maintenance of temporary shelter and surveillance by the Armed Forces of Malta. It should be noted that the NSO takes into account only part of the AFM information.

## APPENDIX 2

#### LIST OF FUNCTIONS

- 1. Sickness/Health Care
- 2. Disability
- 3. Old Age
- 4. Survivors
- 5. Family/Children
- 6. Unemployment
- 7. House
- 8. Social Exclusion n.e.c.
- 1. Sickness/Health care: Income maintenance and support in cash in connection with physical or mental illness, excluding disability. Health care intended to maintain, restore or improve the health of the people protected irrespective of the origin of the disorder.
- 2. Disability: Income maintenance and support in cash or kind (except health care) in connection with the inability of physically or mentally disabled people to engage in economic and social activities.
- 3. Old age: Income maintenance and support in cash or kind (except health care) in connection with old age.
- 4. Survivors: Income maintenance and support in cash or kind in connection with the death of a family member.
- 5. Family/Children: Support in cash or kind (except health care) in connection with the costs of pregnancy, childbirth and adoption, bringing up children and caring for other family members.
- 6. Unemployment: Income maintenance and support in cash or kind in connection with unemployment.
- 7. Housing: Help towards the cost of housing.
- 8. Social exclusion not elsewhere classified: Benefits in cash or kind (except health care) specifically intended to where classified combat social exclusion where they are not covered by one of the other functions.