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IMD WORLD TALENT RANKING

2021



December 2021 IMD WORLD TALENT RANKING 2021

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Preface

One of the most affected economic areas from COVID-19 worldwide is the labor market. For some positions, the skills and competences required can be performed at a distance, essentially substituting the work-office with a home-office. The separation of individuals from their workplace has brought not only a degree of deterioration to the organizational culture but has also increased the distance among staff. It is in this environment that we are launching the eighth edition of the *IMD World Talent Ranking*.

The IMD World Talent Ranking assesses the extent to which an economy develops its domestic talent pool while tapping into the overseas pipeline so as to be able to satisfy the market's demands for talent. In doing so, talent competitive economies bolster their overall competitiveness. While studying 64 economies, the ranking first evaluates an economy's efforts to boost its domestic talent (i.e., Investment and Development factor); second, its ability to retain the local talent while drawing from the international talent pool (i.e., Appeal factor); and third, the ranking traces the skills and competencies available in a particular economy (i.e., Readiness factor).

The current report suggests that organizational leadership in combination with the quality of life a particular country offers, largely drive high levels of worker motivation displayed by highly talent- competitive countries. It also displays that policies adapted to address the pandemic contributed to the decline of any brain drain impact on talent competitiveness. Finally, it shows that talent- competitive countries find a balance between the effectiveness of their local talent force and attracting international highly skilled staff.

Once again we are indebted to our many stakeholders for the support and assistance they provide. *Partner Institutes* worldwide, the *IMD Alumni community* and our *Panel of Experts* from all the countries we study offer data and insights that are crucial for the completion of the ranking. We are, as always, most appreciative for their encouragement and help. The reason you have this publication in your hands now is, for a great part, because of our stakeholders. We are most thankful!

Professor Arturo Bris Director IMD World Competitiveness Center

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The IMD World Competitiveness Center

For more than thirty years, the IMD World Competitiveness Center has pioneered research on how countries and companies compete to lay the foundations for sustainable value creation. The competitiveness of nations is probably one of the most significant developments in modern management and IMD is committed to leading the field. The World Competitiveness Center conducts its mission in cooperation with a network of 58 Partner Institutes worldwide to provide the government, business and academic communities with the following services:

- · Competitiveness Special Reports
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We also have the privilege of collaborating with a unique network of Partner Institutes, and other organizations, which guarantees the relevance of the data gathered.

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We would like to express our deep appreciation for the contribution of our Partner Institutes, enabling an extensive coverage of competitiveness in their home countries. The following Institutes and people supplied data from national sources and helped distribute the survey questionnaires:

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In challenging times, leadership matters

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1. Introduction

The IMD World Talent Ranking assesses the extent to which an economy develops its domestic talent pool while tapping into the overseas pipeline so as to be able to satisfy the market's demands for talent. In doing so, talent competitive economies bolster their overall competitiveness. While studying 64 economies, the ranking first evaluates an economy's efforts to boost its domestic talent (i.e., Investment and Development factor); second, its ability to retain the local talent while drawing from the international talent pool (i.e., Appeal factor); and third, the ranking traces the skills and competencies available in a particular economy (i.e., Readiness factor).

Since the onset of the COVID-19 crisis, talent competitiveness has experienced taxing circumstances. As we indicated in the 2020 edition of our Talent Raking, to sustain productivity under pandemic conditions, the level of workers' motivation was fundamental. This has been particularly challenging for those members of the workforce whose tasks have transitioned to a work-from-home model. The separation of individuals teleworking from their workplace has brought not only a degree of deterioration to the organizational culture but also has increased the distance among staff. In turn, such limited interaction with colleagues has negatively affected the employees' support network. In this context, the motivation of the workforce has been crucial requiring additional bolstering.

Indeed, this year's results show that talent-competitive countries display high levels of motivation among their workforce, which in turn increases the country's talent retention levels and its attractiveness for overseas talent. The combination of competent organizational leadership and the quality of life a particular economy offers, largely has driven such levels of worker motivation. Among other contributing factors, we found the prioritization of staff training. Furthermore, through increasing talent retention and attractiveness, top-ranked countries find a balance between the effectiveness of their local talent force and appealing to international highly skilled staff. In doing so, they are better able to face any challenges arising from gaps between talent demands and talent availability. In addition, among highly competitive countries, it seems that policies adopted to address the pandemic have contributed to lessening any impact of brain drain on talent competitiveness. The latter is also grounded in the effectiveness of the healthcare system of a particular country.

In what follows, we trace the overall trends among the five most talent competitive countries identifying specific factors that have contributed to their success. Among other factors, we assess the impact of public expenditure on education and the effectiveness of the education system in meeting the talent demands on the overall talent competitiveness of those countries. In subsequent sections, we highlight the long-term trends displayed by the different regions covered in our study which show Western Europe's dominance of the talent ranking. In addition, we underline the fundamental role that leadership has played in increasing and sustaining the level of the workforce motivation under the current pandemic conditions.

rigure 1. IND World Talent Marking 2021, top 5 economies				
Rank	Country	Change		
1 🕂	Switzerland	100		
2	Sweden	▲ 3 90.611		
3	Luxembourg	88.344		
4	Norway	▲ 3 87.646		
5	Denmark	▼ 3 86.455		

Figure 1: IMD World Talent Ranking 2021, top 5 economies

2. Top 5 economies, highlights

Switzerland remains in the leading position in the IMD World Talent Competitiveness Ranking as a result of its sustained performance in all talent-competitiveness factors. It is 1st in Investment & Development and in Appeal, taking 3rd position in Readiness. At the indicator level, the country's performance is strongly supported by public expenditure in education, the implementation of apprenticeships, the prioritization of employee training and the overall effectiveness of the health system.

Switzerland remains attractive for overseas highly skilled personnel and experiences weak brain drain effects (i.e. brain drain does not hinder the country's competitiveness). The combination of a high quality of life and work environment combined with highly available opportunities to further develop work-related skills contribute to high levels of worker motivation. The readiness of the country to meet talent demands is underlined by the effectiveness of its education system (e.g., university education and student mobility) and the type of skills and competencies it offers (e.g., skilled workforce, finance skills and senior managers with international skills) as a result of that effectiveness.

Sweden moves up to 2nd place (from 5th) on the back of improvements in its performance in Appeal (3rd, up from 4th) and Readiness (4th, up from 11th); it remains in 7th position in Investment & Development. The implementation of apprenticeship schemes, the private sector's prioritization of staff training and the effectiveness of the health system have strongly added to the country's performance in the Investment & Development factor.

Similarly, Sweden's quality of life and perceptions about the fairness of institutions (e.g. the justice system) boost its attractiveness and retention of talent, and contributes to the overall level of motivation among the workforce, which in turn heightens its performance in the Appeal factor. Additionally, under Appeal, Sweden shows low brain-drain impact. In terms of the advances in the Readiness factor, the main contributors are Sweden's performance in the PISA educational assessment, the availability of skilled labor, finance skills and competent senior managers as well as managers with international experience.

Luxembourg remains in 3rd place with a strong performance in Investment & Development and Appeal factors – 2nd in both. At the indicator level, Luxembourg's performance is sustained by a strong performance in total public expenditure on education (per student), the quality of education (measured by pupil-teacher ratio, 1st in primary education and 8th in secondary), and to a lesser extent the implementation of apprenticeships (15th up from 22nd) and employee training (11th up from 13th). Similarly to Switzerland and Sweden, Luxembourg's Appeal is enhanced by the high quality of life that it offers combined with the reduced impact of brain drain and the availability of foreign highly skilled personnel. In addition, the motivation

of the labor force, as well as perceptions about the fairness of the administration of justice, contribute to the country's appeal.

Norway rises from 7th position to 4th. Its advancement in the Appeal (from 10th to 4th) and Readiness (from 20th to 12th) factors as well as the stable performance in Investment & Development (remaining in 5th), lead to such an increase in the overall talent competitiveness ranking. The total public expenditure on education (per student, 4th), the quality of education (measured by pupil-teacher ratio in primary education, 5th) and the effectiveness of the health infrastructure enables Norway to maintain its position in Investment & Development.

In relation to the Appeal factor, improvements in attracting and retaining talent, worker motivation, brain drain, quality of life and the availability of foreign highly skilled personnel as well as the fair administration of justice and measures of environmental protection (i.e. exposure to particle pollution), lead to a stronger performance in this factor. Norway's improvement in Readiness is mainly due to its performance in measures of the effectiveness of the education system (if it meets the needs of the business community, 6th in primary and secondary education, 5th in university education and 3rd in management education) and the availability of skilled workforce, finance skills and competent senior managers.

In the overall ranking, Denmark declines three places to 5th position. Despite the decline, the country performs strongly in the Investment & Development (3rd) and Readiness (8th) factors. The main contributors to Investment & Development are the total public expenditure on education (per student, 6th), the implementation of apprenticeship programs (4th), prioritization of employee training (2nd), the female labor force level (12th), and the effectiveness of the health system (2nd). With regards to Readiness, the effectiveness of the education system at the primary and secondary level (3rd), university education (3rd) and management education (2nd) greatly contribute to the country's performance in this factor. In addition to the effectiveness of education in satisfying the demands for talent, the type of skills and competencies available (e.g. 5th in skilled labor, 4th in finance skills and 2nd in language skills) boost Denmark's readiness. In terms of Appeal (18th), a robust performance in attracting and retaining talent (2^{nd}) . worker motivation (1st), the effect of brain drain (5th) and quality of life (4th) is offset by the level of collected personal income tax (63rd) and a high cost of living (50th).

3. Long-term regional trends

Figure 2 depicts the evolution of the regional trends for the last five years, 2017-2021. During that period, Western European economies dominate the talent ranking with a significant difference from Eastern Asian economies. The latter realized a slight increase exchanging second place with North America which experienced a decline. Conversely Ex-CIS & Central Europe as well as South America have much room for improvement.

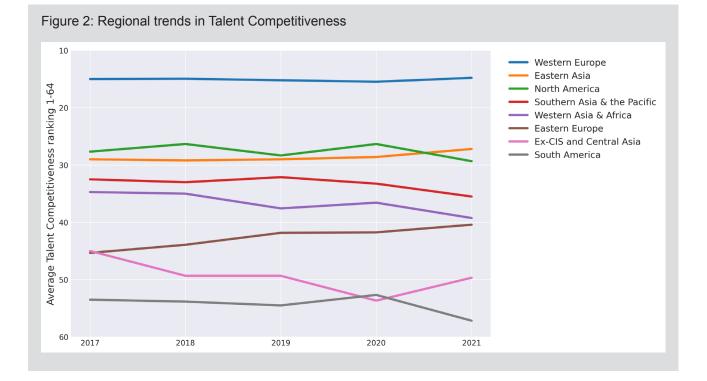
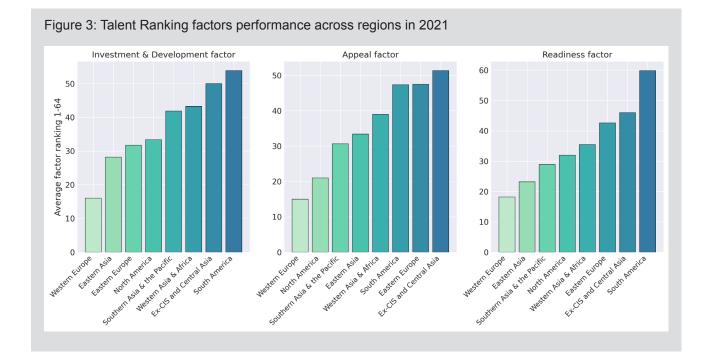


Figure 3 outlines the prevailing strength that Western European economies enjoy in all the factors under consideration. Eastern Asian economies follow in Investment & development as well as the Readiness factors showcasing the importance that these economies place in education and the development on the local talent.

The performance of Eastern Asia, in addition, benefits from a robust alignment between the graduates from all levels of education and the needs of a competitive market. North America takes the second place in the Appeal factor outlining the attractiveness that USA and Canada for the international talent pool for skilled labor.

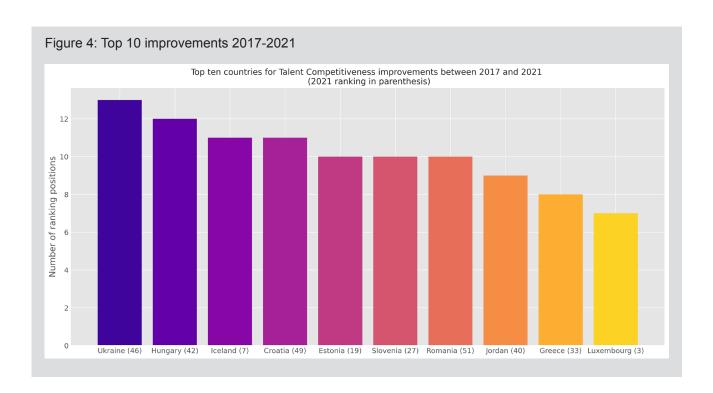


The asymmetries we discussed in the past with respect to the performance of Eastern Europe and Southern Asia and the Pacific remain. Thus, the Eastern European economies place a strong emphasis in education and development of local talent (Investment and Development factor, 3rd out of 8 subregions). Yet, they are not able to retain that talent nor to appeal to the international talent pool for their talent needs (Appeal factor, 7th; Readiness factor, 6th).

In comparison, the Southern Asia and the Pacific subregion performs below the average in the development of local talent (Investment and Development factor, 5th). The fact that the subregion manages to attract high skilled talent from the international pool (Appeal, 3rd), safeguards

the skills and competences that are needed in their local job market (Readiness, 3rd). Both subregions, Eastern Europe and Southern Asia and the Pacific, however, neglect the balance between the development and retention of their domestic talent and the enticement of the international talent pool, which much benefits competitive regions.

There are some success stories that need to be highlighted. Over the past five years, six out of the ten mostimproved economies in terms of talent competitiveness are Central/Eastern European economies. Ukraine, Hungary, Croatia, Estonia, Slovenia and Romania gained each at least ten places between 2017 and 2021 (**Figure 4**).



Ukraine is the country that has improved the most, rising 13 places to 46^{th} in 2021. This improvement comes from strengthening the Investment & Development factor from 35^{th} in 2017 to 26^{th} now, as well as the Readiness factor that rose from 60^{th} to 44^{th} in the same period.

Estonia joined the group of the top 20 most competitive economies in talent reaching 19th place in 2021. Such an advancement emerges from its increasing appeal for the international talent pool (from 38th in 2017 to 20th)

in 2021) while ensuring that its ranking in Investment and Development of the local talent remains strong. This, in turn, facilitates the availability of the level of skills and competences needed in the local competitive market, which is reflected in Estonia's performance in the Readiness factor moving from 35th to 29th during the same period.

4. The importance of leadership

One of the most affected economic areas from COVID-19 worldwide is the labor market. Concepts like 'teleworking' and 'home-office' have become part of every position that the skills and competences required can be performed from a distance. In addition, phenomena like "The Great Resignation" and a general shift in preferences of workers towards a more flexible work-life balance have become key documented trends in many of the largest economies in the world. In this hybrid environment of working from home for some employees while others, because of the nature of their tasks, need to be on-site, the decline of organizational and operational culture has been noted. Therefore, since the aftermath of the first pandemic wave, workers' motivation has become an increasingly important element for companies to assess and consider in order to attract and retain talent.

Indicators included in the Talent Ranking 2021 show that the average worker's motivation is increasingly linked to the quality of life of the country in which they live, as opposed to the level of remuneration they are offered. **Figure 5** depicts the relationship between the average remuneration in services and the responses by mid- and upper-level executives on whether workers' motivation is high. The correlation is positive implying that countries with high salaries are the ones that the executives perceive the work force as highly motivated as well.

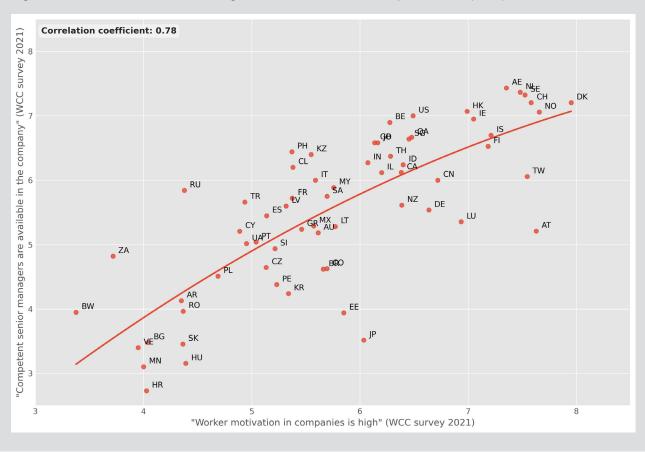
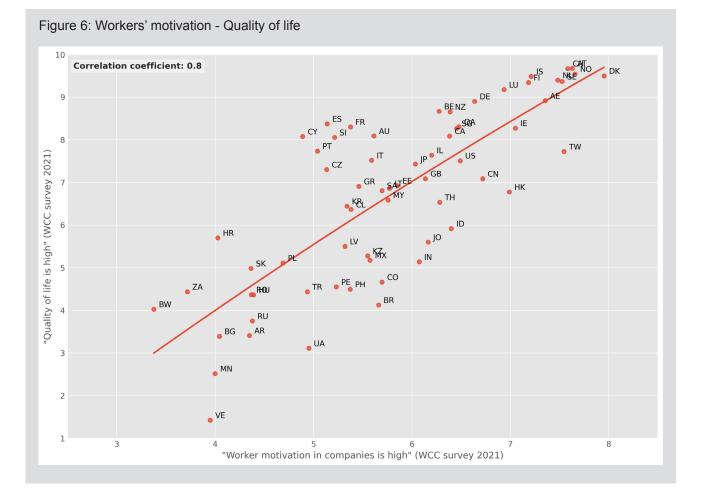


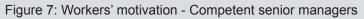
Figure 5: Workers' motivation - Average remuneration in services professions (USD)

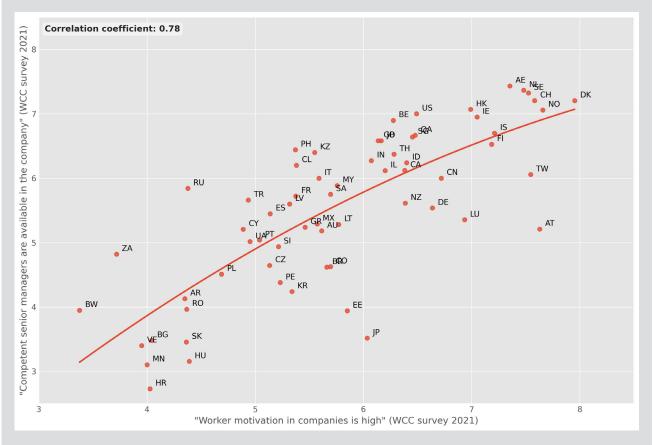
Alternatively, **Figure 6** focuses on the relationship between workers' motivation and quality of life. It shows that the countries that are characterized by high quality of life, are also the countries that its work force is highly motivated. In fact, the positive relationship is very strong with a correlation coefficient equal to 0.80.

A fundamental question in this context is whether managers can affect the levels of motivation, so as to assess other contributing factors beyond country specific such as the quality of life. We attempt to identify criteria that can approximate the leadership capabilities of managers. Two such criteria are the competence of executives as well as their international experience.

The underlying thought is that competent managers can reflect upon the new working realities and address the potential issues of organizational discontent. This in turn, will foster a more motivated labor force. **Figure 7** shows that counties that are characterized by competent managers are also the countries with high workers' motivation (correlation coefficient equal to 0.78).







19

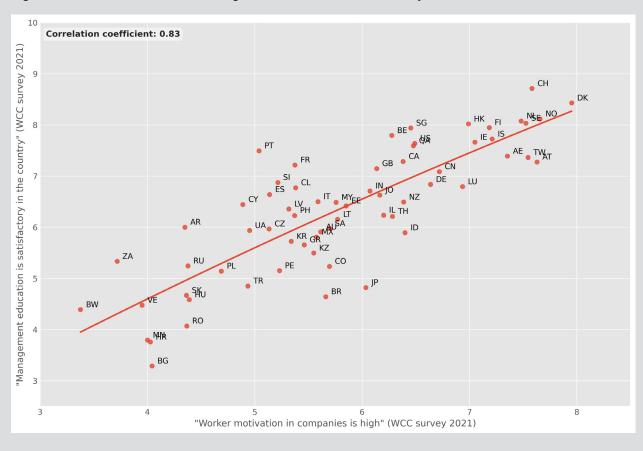


Figure 8: Workers' motivation - Management Education is satisfactory



Undoubtedly, the competence of managers depends on the levels of education and experiences they have. **Figure 8** presents the relationship between workers' motivation and whether the management education in the country is satisfactory. The figure depicts a strong positive relationship implying that countries characterized by high levels of management, and therefore counties that prepare more adequately their managers for the challenges they may face, are also the countries with high levels of workers' motivation.

One additional criterion that provides further indication of the competences of managers is their exposure to other countries, cultures and practices. This allows managers to compare and contrast their managerial approaches within a broader framework, a capacity that is important in relation

Concluding remarks

Regional trends have shown that the talent raking is dominated by countries from Western Europe. The trends also highlight the increasing levels of talent competitiveness among several Central/Eastern European economies and the continuous stagnation experienced by countries from the South American region.

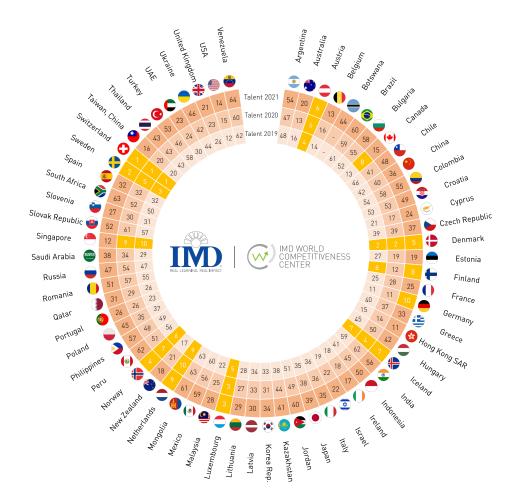
Our results this year, in addition, show that the level of worker motivation is fundamental for talent competitiveness. The boosting of that motivation goes beyond economic incentives such as remuneration and is increasingly linked to a country's quality of life. Results also emphasize the impact of organizational leadership in cementing the motivation among members of the workforce. We have seen, for example, how the competence and international experience of managers sustain that motivation. Other contributing factors to worker motivation in highly talentcompetitive countries include retraining opportunities for staff members.

Additionally, trends among top-ranked economies indicate that talent competitiveness greatly relies on striking a balance between the development and retention of domestic talent, and continuously attracting overseas talent. The balance is located at the point in which an economy whose talent pool cannot meet the demand for to the levels of motivation as well. **Figure 9** describes this strongly positive relationship.

To summarize, we show that countries with strong management leadership (assessed by their competences, the quality of management studies, and international exposure) are the ones in which workers' motivation is high and therefore guarantee the retention and attraction of highly skilled employees.

particular skills or competencies, is able to tap into the overseas pipeline to do so. Trends among top-ranked countries, also highlight the possible role that the adoption of particular policies to counteract the effect of the COVID-19 crisis have had in reducing the threats that brain drain presents to talent competitiveness. Furthermore, the overall strength of the health system greatly contributes to the level of talent competitiveness.

To conclude, it is important to emphasize that success in a post-pandemic context will greatly depend on the level of motivation of the workforce. In such a context, therefore, the interconnection between organizational leadership and worker motivation will remain all the more essential for talent competitiveness.



	A		
Annendix 7	 Composition 	of sub-regions	and regions
Appendix L		or sub-regions	anaregions

	 Austria 	▪ Italy	
	 Belgium 	Luxembourg	
	 Cyprus 	Netherlands	
	Denmark	Norway	
Western Europe	Finland	 Portugal 	
Western Europe	France	Spain	
	Germany	Sweden	
	 Greece 	Switzerland	
	Iceland	United Kingdom	
	Ireland		Europe,
	Bulgaria	Latvia	Middle East &
	Czech Republic	Poland	Africa
Eastern Europe	Estonia	Romania	
Eastern Europe	Croatia	Slovenia	
	Hungary	Slovak Republic	
	 Lithuania 	 Ukraine 	
	 Botswana 	Saudi Arabia	
Western Asia &	Israel	 South Africa 	
Africa	 Jordan 	 Turkey 	
	 Qatar 	UAE	
Ex-CIS &	Kazakhstan	Russia	
Central Asia	 Mongolia 		
	China	Korea Rep.	
Eastern Asia	Hong Kong SAR	Taiwan, China	
	Japan		Asia &
	Australia	New Zealand	Pacific
Southern Asia &	India	Philippines	
The Pacific	Indonesia	Singapore	
	 Malaysia 	Thailand	
North America	Canada	USA	
	 Mexico 		
	Argentina	Colombia	The Americas
South America			
South America	BrazilChile	Peru	

IMD WORLD TALENT RANKING 2021

All data are available from the World Competitiveness Online

> Visit our eShop www.wcceshop.org

The 2021 IMD World

Talent COMPETITIVENESS RANKING (Ranks I - 30)

0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
100.00	00								(I) Switze	erland I
90.611								(5) Sw	veden 2	
88.344	ŧ							(3) Luxembou	rg 3	
87.646	5							(7) Norwa	y 4	
86.455	5							(2) Denmark	5	
85.356	5							(6) Austria 6		
84.241								(4) Iceland 7		
83.133	3						(12	2) Finland 8		
82.527	7						(10) Net	herlands 9		
81.768	3						(11) Ger	rmany 10		
80.891						(1-	4) Hong Kong	SAR II		
80.779)						(9) Singaj	oore 12		
79.352	2						(16) Belgiu	im 13		
77.270)						(15) USA	14		
74.578	3					8)	3) Canada 15			
74.159)					(20) Taiwa	an, China 16			
73.942	2					(18) Ireland 17			
72.565	5					(21) New Z	ealand 18			
72.023	3					(19) Es	stonia 19			
70.575	5					(13) Austr	alia 20			
69.504	1				(23)	United Kingdor	m 21			
69.026						(22) Israe	el 22			
68.994	1					(24) UAE	E 23			
68.987						(17) Cyprus				
68.239						(28) France				
67.486						(26) Portugal 2				
66.130						(30) Slovenia 27				
66.094						25) Malaysia 28				
65.881						.7) Lithuania 29				
64.298	3				(33) Latvia 30				

(2020 rankings are in parentheses)

Talent Ranking

Talent COMPETITIVENESS RANKING (Ranks 31 - 64)

0	10	20	30	40	50	60	7	0	80	90	10
63.572					(29) Qatar 31					
62.433					(32)	Spain 32					
61.639					(37) Gr	eece 33					
61.237					(31) Korea	Rep. 34					
58.826					(36) Italy	/ 35					
57.839					(40) China	36					
57.209				(39) C	zech Republic 3	7					
56.980				(34)	Saudi Arabia 3	3					
56.688					(38) Japan 39						
54.832				(4	49) Jordan 40						
54.220				(44) Ka	azakhstan 41						
53.043				(50) H	lungary 42						
53.005				(43) T	hailand 43						
52.060				() Bot	swana 44						
51.417				(35) Po	pland 45						
50.371				(42) Ukra	ine 46						
48.948				(54) Russi	a 47						
48.334				(41) Chile	48						
47.507			(.	53) Croatia 4	49						
47.471			(45) Indonesia !	50						
45.018			(57) R	omania 51							
44.753			(61) Slovak R	epublic 52							
41.355			(46) Turke	ey 53							
41.295			(47) Argentir	na 54							
39.396			(58) Colombia	55							
38.723			(62) India 5	6		Т	he IMD \	Vorld Talen	t Ranking 2	021 show	s the
38.578			(48) Philippines 57	7		а	re rankec	nking for 64 I from the m	ost to the le	ast compet	titive,
37.965			(55) Bulgaria 58			а	re also s	ange from t hown. The s	cores are a	ictually in	dices
36.350			(56) Mexico 59					enerated fo ng graphics.	r the uniq	ue purpos	se of
35.182			(59) Brazil 60								
34.247		(63)	Mongolia 61								
34.010			(51) Peru 62								
31.683		(52) South	Africa 63								

(2020 rankings are in parentheses)

27

Overall and Factor

Switzerland	Sweden	Luxembourg	Norway	Denmark
1 1 3	7 3 4	2 2 2	5 4 12	3 (18 8
1	2	3	4	5
Hong Kong SAR	Singapore	Belgium	USA	Canada
(14) (26) (1)	(23) (15) (2)	(8) (17) (15)	13 6 28	(24) (13) (16)
11	12	13	14	15
United Kingdom	Israel (?) (40) (34) 22	UAE	Cyprus	France
40 16 13		50 (12) 6	15 28 30	(21) (21) (31)
21		23	24	(25)
Qatar	Spain	Greece	Korea Rep.	Italy
(44) (25) (19)	30 24 41	(29) (33) (37)	(28) (41) (36)	(31) (38) (39)
(31)	32	33	(34)	(35)
Kazakhstan	Hungary	Thailand	Botswana	Poland
(42) (39) (43)	32 53 46	(51) (31) (40)	38 48 51	35 54 45
(41)	42	(43)	44	45
Romania (55) (47) (49) 51	Slovak Republic 48 52 53 52	C Turkey 52 56 55 53	Argentina (47) (59) (56) 54	Colombia 58 42 57 55
Mongolia	Peru	South Africa	Venezuela	
(59) (55) (60)	61 (50) 61	(60) (62) (59)	57 64 63	
61	62	63	64	

Rankings 2021

Austria	Iceland	Finland	Netherlands	Germany
6 8 14	(4) (10) (17)	10 11 5	17 5 7	(1) (9) (10)
6	7	8	9	10
Taiwan, China	Ireland	New Zealand	Estonia	Australia
20 22 9	39 7 11	(27) (14) (20)	12 20 29	(22) (19) (24)
16	17	18	19	20
Portugal	Slovenia	Malaysia	Lithuania	Latvia
25 30 25	(19) (36) (26)	33 29 21	(18) (32) (32)	(16) (49) (33)
26	27	28	29	30
China	Czech Republic	Saudi Arabia	Japan	Jordan
(43) (51) (22)	(41) (45) (38)	(37) (35) (42)	36 27 48	56 34 18
(36)	37	38	39	40
Ukraine 26 63 44 46	Russia (49 60 35 47	* Chile (46) (23) (58) (48)	Croatia 34 58 54 49	Indonesia 53 37 50 50
India	Philippines	Bulgaria	Mexico	Brazil
64 57 27	62 (43) (47)	(45) (61) (62)	(63) (44) (52)	54 46 64
56	57	58	59	60
Assesses ti develop, a	World Talent Ranking he extent to which nation ttract and retain talent perating in those econo	ons for Inve	stment & Appeal	Readiness

Methodology in a Nutshell

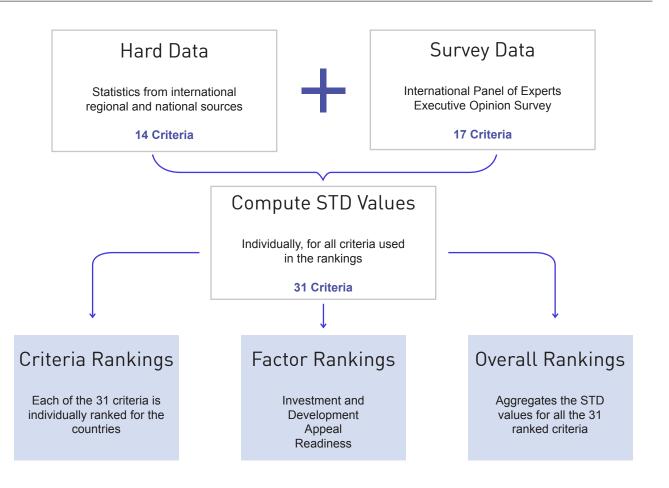
- 1. The IMD World Talent Ranking (WTR) assesses the status and the development of competencies necessary for enterprises and the economy to achieve long term value creation. It does so by using a set of indicators which measure the development, retention and attraction of a domestic and international highly-skilled workforce.
- 2. Based on our research, the methodology of the World Talent Ranking defines Talent Competitiveness into three main factors:
 - Investment and Development
 - Appeal
 - Readiness
- 3. These 3 factors comprise 31 criteria, although each factor does not necessarily have the same number of criteria (for example, it takes more criteria to assess Readiness than to evaluate Investment and Development).
- Each factor, independently of the number of criteria it contains, has the same weight in the overall consolidation of results that is 1/3 (3x33.3 ~100).
- 5. Criteria can be hard data, which analyze talent development as it can be measured (e.g. Total Public Expenditure on Education) or soft data, which analyze the quality of these investments as they can be perceived (e.g. Management Education).
- 6. Finally, to compute the overall World Talent Ranking, we aggregate the criteria to calculate the scores of each factor which function as the basis to generate the overall ranking.

What is the IMD World Talent Ranking?

World Talent Ranking Factors



Computing the Rankings



The 2021 IMD World Talent Rankings: Selected Breakdowns

	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	10
81.768							C	Germany I		
77.270							US	A 2		
74.578							Canada 3			
74.159						Ta	aiwan, China 4			
70.575						A	ustralia 5			
69.504						United King	gdom 6			
68.239						Fra	nce 7			
66.094						Malaysia	8			
62.433						Spain 9				
61.237					Korea P	ep. 10				
58.826					Italy	11				
57.839					China I	2				
56.980				:	Saudi Arabia 13					
56.688					Japan 14					
53.005				Th	nailand 15					
51.417				Pol	and I6					
50.371				Ukraii	ne I7					
48.948				Russia	18					
47.471				Indonesia I	9					
41.355			Tu	rkey 20						
41.295			Arger	itina 21						
39.396			Colombi	a 22						
38.723			India	23						
38.578			Philippines	24						
36.350			Mexico 25							
35.182			Brazil 26							
34.010			Peru 27							
31.683		South	Africa 28							
24.373		/enezuela 29								

Populations greater than 20 million

Populations less than 20 million

0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90) 100
100.0	00								S	Switzerland I
90.61	1								Sweden 2	
88.34	4							Luxen	nbourg 3	
87.64	6							No	orway 4	
86.45	5							Denm	ark 5	
85.35	6							Austr	ria 6	
84.24	1							Iceland	7	
83.13	3							Finland 8	3	
82.52	7						1	Vetherlands 9		
80.89	1						Hong Ko	ong SAR 10		
80.77	9						Sir	ngapore II		
79.35	2						Be	elgium 12		
73.94	2						Ireland 13	3		
72.56	5					New	Zealand 14			
72.02	3						Estonia 15			
69.02	6					Isra	ael 16			
68.99	4					U	AE 17			
68.98	7					Сург	us 18			
67.48	6					Portugal	19			
66.13	0					Slovenia 2	0			
65.88	1					Lithuania 2				
64.29	8					Latvia 22				
63.57	2					Qatar 23				
61.63	9				G	ireece 24				
57.20	9			C	Zzech Republic	25				
54.83	2				Jordan 26					
54.22	0			K	azakhstan 27					
53.04	3			ŀ	Hungary 28					
52.06	0			Bot	tswana 29					
48.33	4			Chile	e 30					
47.50	7			Croatia	31					
45.01	8			Romania 32						
44.75	3		Slovak	Republic 33						
37.96	5		Bulgaria 3	4						
34.24	7		Mongolia 35							

GDP per capita greater than \$20,000

0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
100.00	00								Switzer	rland I
90.61								Swe	eden 2	
88.344	4							Luxembour	g 3	
87.646	5							Norway	4	
86.45	5							Denmark 5		
85.356	6							Austria 6		
84.24	I							Iceland 7		
83.133	3							Finland 8		
82.527	7						Ne	etherlands 9		
81.768	3						G	ermany 10		
80.89	I						Hong Kon	g SAR II		
80.779	9						Sing	apore 12		
79.352	2							ium 13		
77.27(C						USA	14		
74.578	3						Canada 15			
74.159	9					Taiw	an, China 16			
73.942							Ireland 17			
72.56	5					New Z	Zealand 18			
72.023	3					E	stonia 19			
70.57	5					Aust	ralia 20			
69.504	4					United Kingdo	om 21			
69.026							el 22			
68.994						UA	E 23			
68.987	7					Сурги	ıs 24			
68.239	9					France	25			
67.486	5					Portugal	26			
66.130	0					Slovenia 27	·			
63.572	2					Qatar 28				
62.433	3					Spain 29				
61.237	7				Korea	Rep. 30				
58.826	5				lta	y 3 I				
57.209	9			C	Zech Republic	32				
56.688	3				Japan 3	3				

0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
66.094	4					Malaysia I				
65.88	I					Lithuania 2				
64.298	3					Latvia 3				
61.639	9					Greece 4				
57.839	9				CI	hina 5				
56.980	0				Saudi Aral	bia 6				
54.832	2				Jordan	7				
54.220	D				Kazakhstan 8	1				
53.043	3				Hungary 9					
53.005	5				Thailand 10					
52.060	0			Bo	tswana 11					
51.417	7			P	Poland 12					
50.37	I			Ukr	aine 13					
48.948	3			Russ	sia 14					
48.334	4			Chil	e 15					
47.507	7			Croatia	16					
47.47	1			Indonesia	17					
45.018	3			Romania 18						
44.753	3		Slovak	Republic 19]					
41.35	5		Tu	rkey 20						
41.295	5		Arger	ntina 21						
39.396	6		Colombi	ia 22						
38.723			India							
38.578			Philippines							
37.96	5		Bulgaria 2	25						
36.350			Mexico 26							
35.182			Brazil 27							
34.247		М	ongolia 28							
34.010			Peru 29							
31.683		South Af	rica 30							
24.373	3 Ver	nezuela 31								

0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
100.00	00	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		i i i					Switze	rland I
90.611								Sw	reden 2	
88.344								Luxembou	rg 3	
87.646	5							Norway		
86.455		,						Denmark !		
85.356								Austria 6]	
84.241								Iceland 7	-	
83.133		,						Finland 8		
82.527							Net	herlands 9		
81.768								rmany 10		
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73.942							Ireland 12			
72.023						E	stonia 13			
69.504						United Kingdo				
69.026							el 15			
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68.987						Сурги				
68.239						France				
67.486						Portugal				
66.130						Slovenia 20				
65.881						Lithuania 21				
64.298						Latvia 22				
63.572						Qatar 23				
62.433						Spain 24				
61.639					Gi	reece 25				
58.826						y 26				
57.209				C	Zech Republic 2					
56.980					Saudi Arabia 2					
54.832	2				Jordan 29					
54.220)			K	azakhstan 30					
53.043	;				Hungary 31					
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51.417	7			Р	oland 33					
50.371					aine 34					
48.948					ia 35					
47.507	7			Croatia	36					
45.018			F	Romania 37]					
44.753				epublic 38	-					
41.355				ey 39						
37.965			Bulgaria 40							
31.683		South A	Africa 41	_						

Asia - Pacific

0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70)	80	90	100
80.891							Hor	ng Kong SAR	I		
80.779								Singapore	2		
74.159							Taiwan, Chi	na 3			
72.565							New Zealand	4			
70.575							Australia 5				
66.094						Mala	aysia 6				
61.237					Korea	a Rep. 7]				
57.839					China	a 8					
56.688					Japan	9					
53.005				Т	hailand 10						
47.471				Indonesia	11						
38.723			India	a 12							
38.578			Philippines	s I 3							
34.247			Mongolia 14								

The Americas

0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
77.270							USA I			
74.578							Canada 2			
48.334				Chi	le 3					
41.295			Arg	entina 4						
39.396			Colorr	ibia 5						
36.350			Mexico 6	5						
35.182			Brazil 7							
34.010			Peru 8							
24.373		Venezuela 9								

The investment in and development of home-grown talent

	10	20 3	30 4	10 5	60 60)	70	80	90	10
00.000										Switzerlan
6.989										uxembour
5.661									(2) Denmar
2.915										(4) Iceland
01.826									_	5) Norway
90.320 39.954										Austria 6
32.903								(8) Belgi		Sweden 7
30.940								(9) Israel 9	unio	
8.734								(12) Finland 10		
4.973								Germany II		
74.104								Istonia 12		
3.565							(17) L			
3.494								long Kong SAR I	4	
1.995							(14) Cyp			
9.913							(15) Latvia			
8.592							(16) Netherla			
6.611						(1	3) Lithuania 18			
5.802						(20) Slovenia 19			
4.688						(25)	Taiwan, China	20		
4.506							rance 21			
3.882						. ,	ustralia 22			
3.513							ngapore 23			
3.508						· · ·	anada 24			
3.492							ortugal 25			
2.238						(26) Ukr				
1.068						(29) New 2				
0.057						(28) Korea				
0.069 9.289						(30) Greece	27			
9.289						(31) Spain 30				
7.699						3) Italy 31 5) Hungary 32	,			
6.521						Malaysia 33	-			
5.857						Croatia 34				
4.188					(32) (24) Pol					
3.390					(36) Japar					
3.249						i Arabia 37				
3.211					() Botswa					
2.929					(39) Irelar	nd 39				
2.651					(38) Unite	d Kingdom 4	С			
51.740					(40) Czech	Republic 41				
0.401					(41) Kazakhst	an 42				
5.268					China 43					
4.406					atar 44					
1.267				(45) Bulgari						
0.640				(48) Chile 46						
0.303				(43) Argentir						
8.872				(49) Slovak Rep	oublic 48					
8.735				(47) Russia 49						
6.458 5.827) UAE 50 Thailand 5 I						
5.374				Turkey 52						
3.500				onesia 53						
0.732			(56) Brazil 5							
0.713			(53) Romani							
5.993		(60)	Jordan 56							
5.041			/enezuela 57							
3.218			ombia 58							
2.156		(59) Mong								
9.696		(57) South Af								
7.228		(54) Peru 61								
3.116	(61) Philippine									
5.260 (62) Mexico 63									
	4									

The extent to which a country taps into the overseas talent pool

	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	[(
93.467										witzerla
33.070									(5) Luxembourg	g 2
31.682) Sweden 3	
79.691									Norway 4	
79.319									etherlands 5	
77.987								(2) USA		
76.527								(12) Irelan		
74.697								(II) Austria		
74.108			-					(9) Germany	9	
72.345) Iceland 10		
70.854 70.740								Finland II		
59.589								UAE 12		
59.574								nada 13 Iew Zealand I4	1	
57.574 58.179									+	
64.664							(22) Sing (20) United K	gapore 15		
54.508							(17) Belgium			
54.382							(8) Denmark			
53.228							(6) Denmark 16) Australia I			
52.521						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9) Estonia 20	·		
52.521 52.415							5) France 21			
52.415 50.768							Taiwan, China	22		
50.788 50.688							Chile 23			
59.908							pain 24			
59.199						(23) 3 (21) Qa				
57.971							g Kong SAR 26			
57.616						(27) Japan				
6.804						(24) Cypru				
55.822						(29) Malaysia				
55.178						(33) Portugal				
54.194						(28) Thailand 3				
53.642						(35) Lithuania 3				
51.508						Greece 33				
51.271						Jordan 34				
51.137					(39)	Saudi Arabia 3	5			
50.966					(41)	Slovenia 36				
50.450					(32)	ndonesia 37				
19.568					(42) Ita	aly 38				
19.221					(47) Ka	zakhstan 39				
19.157					(34) Isr	ael 40				
18.949					(36) Ko	rea Rep. 41				
1 8.75 I						lombia 42				
18.507					(31) Phil	ippines 43				
18.217					(38) Mex					
17.524						h Republic 45				
17.157					(45) Brazil					
5.795					(53) Romani					
5.617					() Botswana					
5.604					(51) Latvia 4	9				
4.871					(44) Peru 50					
2.637				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6) China 51					
1.548					Slovak Republ	ic 52				
1.428					Hungary 53					
9.809					oland 54					
8.909					ngolia 55					
8.810				(46) Tur	rkey 56					
5.233				(55) India 57						
34.176				(61) Croatia 58						
34.110				(52) Argentina	57					
34.049				(62) Russia 60						
33.138				57) Bulgaria 61	~					
32.107 28.574			`) South Africa	62					
			(60) Ukr	aine 61						

Factor 3: Readiness

The availability of skills and competencies in the talent pool

0	10	20	•	0 5	0 6	50	70	80) 9	0 100
92.248									(2)	Hong Kong SAF
91.687										(I) Singapore
87.574										Switzerland 3
81.237									(II) Sweder	
80.851									(10) Finland	5
80.825									(3) UAE 6	
80.708									(8) Netherla	
80.361 78.062								(1	(6) Denmark 5) Taiwan, Chi	
77.264) Germany 10	na 7
73.409								(13) (13) (13) (13)		
72.462								(20) Norw		
72.237									I Kingdom 13	
72.092								(12) Austria	-	
71.686								(22) Belgium		
71.679								(7) Canada		
68.504							(16) Iceland 17		
68.272							(42)	Jordan 18		
68.151								Qatar 19		
68.092							(23)	New Zealand	d 20	
66.980								1alaysia 21		
66.652								hina 22		
66.014								xembourg 23		
65.655							(4) Aus			
64.830							24) Port			
62.663							Slovenia	a 26		
61.977							ndia 27			
61.300 60.485						(27) U				
59.204						(32) Est (14) Cypr				
58.836						(35) Franc				
58.430						(34) Lithua				
58.418						(40) Latvia				
58.021						28) Israel 3				
55.102						Russia 35				
54.746						orea Rep.	36			
54.381						reece 37				
53.403					(37) Cze	ch Repub	lic 38			
50.237					(39) Italy 39					
50.035					(45) Thailand	40				
49.144					(43) Spain 41					
47.596					0) Saudi Arabia	42				
44.079					zakhstan 43					
41.343				(49) Ukraine						
41.296				(44) Poland						
41.042 40.151				(59) Hungar						
40.151				(33) Philippine (54) Japan 48	55 T/					
39.586				(55) Romania 4	49					
39.505			-	(46) Indonesia						
38.394			0) Botswana 51						
36.612				Mexico 52						
34.879				ovak Republic 5	3					
33.528			(62) Cro							
30.922			(41) Turkey							
30.512			(51) Argentin							
27.259		(6	0) Colombia 57							
24.715			Chile 58							
24.286			outh Africa 59							
22.715		(56) Mor								
20.972		(53) Peru 6								
20.530		(57) Bulgaria	a 62							
15.690		8) Venezuela 63								
8.698	(63) Brazil 6	4								

	2017		VERALL		2021		tmen			·
•	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2017	2018	2019	2020	202
Argentina	50	47	48	47	54	55	53	43	43	4
Australia	19	14	16	13	20	36	26	34	18	2
Austria	4	4	4	6	6	3	2	4	6	
Belgium	3	11	14	16	13	2	8	9	8	
Botswana	-	-	-	-	44	-	-	-	-	3
Brazil	52	58	61	59	60	45	49	52	56	5
Bulgaria	58	57	52	55	58	44	45	46	45	4
Canada	11	6	13	8	15	22	19	26	19	2
Chile	44	43	46	41	48	53	55	50	48	4
China	40	39	42	40	36	42	40	42	42	4
Colombia	55	60	54	58	55	59	60	60	58	5
Croatia	60	54	53	53	49	32	39	36	32	3
Cyprus	17	15	21	17	24	8	5	8	14	L
Czech Republic	38	37	39	39	37	39	38	40	40	4
Denmark	2	2	2	2	5	1	1	1	2	
Estonia	29	28	27	19	19	14	16	21	10	
Finland	5	7	8	12	8	4	6	10	12	10
France	27	25	25	28	25	20	21	23	27	2
Germany	8	10	25	28	10	10	10	11		
Greece	41	44	40	37	33	31	29	37	30	2
	41	44 18	40	37	33	24	31	20	23	
Hong Kong SAR							-	-		
Hungary	54	49	45	50	42	46	41	33	35	3
Iceland	18	16	7	4	7	11	12	6	4	
India	51	53	59	62	56	62	63	63	63	6
Indonesia	47	45	41	45	50	56	51	51	52	5
Ireland	14	21	18	18	17	34	42	44	39	3
Israel	20	19	19	22	22	17	14	17	9	
Italy	36	32	36	36	35	33	33	31	33	3
Japan	31	29	35	38	39	18	23	30	36	30
Jordan	49	41	51	49	40	60	50	57	60	5
Kazakhstan	30	40	38	44	41	23	30	39	41	4
Korea Rep.	39	33	33	31	34	38	20	19	28	2
Latvia	35	35	34	33	30	13	11	12	15	1
Lithuania	33	36	28	27	29	12	13	14	13	
Luxembourg	10	9	5	3	3	16	18	5	3	:
Malaysia	28	22	22	25	28	19	17	32	34	3
Mexico	56	61	60	56	59	61	61	62	62	6
Mongolia	62	62	63	63	61	54	57	59	59	5
Netherlands	6	5	9	10	9	15	15	16	16	
New Zealand	15	20	17	21	18	28	32	29	29	2
				7					5	-
Norway	7	3	6		4	6	3	3	_	
Peru	57	52	56	51	62	50	52	55	54	6
Philippines	45	55	49	48	57	63	62	61	61	6
Poland	34	38	37	35	45	21	24	27	24	3
Portugal	24	17	23	26	26	7	7	13	22	2
Qatar	22	24	26	29	31	47	44	41	44	4
Romania	61	56	55	57	51	51	54	54	53	5
Russia	43	46	47	54	47	40	43	45	47	4
Saudi Arabia	26	34	29	34	38	26	35	28	37	3
Singapore	13	13	10	9	12	41	34	25	21	2
Slovak Republic	46	59	57	61	52	43	47	47	49	4
Slovenia	37	30	31	30	27	27	27	22	20	P
South Africa	48	50	50	52	63	57	56	56	57	6
Spain	32	31	32	32	32	30	36	35	31	3
Sweden	9	8	3	5	2	9	9	7	7	
Switzerland	, 	1	I	J I	1	5	4	2	- <u>'</u>	
Taiwan, China	23	27	20	20	16	25	25	24	25	2
	42	42	43	43	43	48	-	49	51	5
Thailand							46			_
Turkey	53	51	58	46	53	52	58	58	46	5
UAE	25	26	30	24	23	58	59	53	55	50
Ukraine	59	48	44	42	46	35	22	18	26	20
United Kingdom	21	23	24	23	21	37	37	38	38	40
USA	16	12	12	15	14	29	28	15	17	E
Venezuela	63	63	62	60	64	49	48	48	50	57

		Арреа	ıl			Re	adine	ess		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
53	48	50	52	59	46	44	52	51	56	Argentina
18	19	15	16	19	13	6	5	4	24	Australia
15	13	13	11	8	16	18	10	12	14	Austria
16	16	17	17	17	12	14	24	22	15	Belgium
-	-	-	-	48	-	-	-	-	51	Botswana
47	53	49	45	46	61	61	62	63	64	Brazil
57	58	58	57	61	59	58	55	57	62	Bulgaria
6 27	3 30	5 34	3 30	13 23	9 43	5 35	15 46	7 48	16 58	Canada Chile
54	51	55	56	51	30	33	31	26	22	China
39	45	36	37	42	57	59	53	60	57	Colombia
59	60	61	61	58	62	62	60	62	54	Croatia
21	27	33	24	28	25	26	32	14	30	Cyprus
40	35	45	48	45	36	36	39	37	38	Czech Republic
10	7	II.	8	18	4	8	6	6	8	Denmark
38	33	23	19	20	35	31	35	32	29	Estonia
24	21	16	15	Ш	5	7	3	10	5	Finland
29	22	25	25	21	28	28	29	35	31	France
8	6	9	9	9	15	21	14	13	10	Germany
56	54	51	50	33	40	47	44	36	37	Greece
11	14	18	18	26	6	9	4	2	1	Hong Kong SAR
61	59	56	58	53	54	53	57	59	46	Hungary
20	20	6	6	10	21	19	18	16	17	Iceland
43	44	57	55	57	29	30	25	25	27	India
32	34	24	32	37	47	49	42	46	50	Indonesia
5	- 11	8	12	7	10	12	8	9	11	Ireland
28	23	28	34	40	23	16	19	28	34	Israel
41	36	38	42	38	34	33	37	39	39	Italy
22 44	28 39	26 44	27 43	27 34	48	41 25	49 54	54 42	48 18	Japan
37	49	39	43	34	32	42	38	42 50	43	Jordan Kazakhstan
42	41	41	36	41	42	34	36	29	36	Korea Rep.
52	52	48	50	49	38	43	40	40	33	Latvia
48	46	35	35	32	45	45	33	34	32	Lithuania
4	4	4	5	2	17		17	19	23	Luxembourg
30	26	27	29	29	27	24	16	18	21	Malaysia
33	43	40	38	44	53	54	47	38	52	Mexico
60	62	63	63	55	56	55	63	56	60	Mongolia
7	10	7	7	5	3	3	7	8	7	Netherlands
14	17	14	13	14	8	13	11	23	20	New Zealand
13	12	10	10	4	14	10	21	20	12	Norway
46	47	47	44	50	58	57	58	53	61	Peru
34	38	31	31	43	11	37	26	33	47	Philippines
45	40	46	49	54	33	39	45	44	45	Poland
36	29	32	33	30	31	22	27	24	25	Portugal
9	8	21	21	25	18	20	20	21	19	Qatar
58	55	52	53	47	55	52	50	55	49	Romania
55	57	59	62	60	39	46	36	47	35	Russia
31	31	43	39	35	26	38 2	22	30 I	42	Saudi Arabia
50	15 56	20 54	22 54	15 52	2 49	60	l 59	61	53	Singapore Slovak Republic
49	42	42	41	36	37	29	30	31	26	Slovak Republic
35	37	37	40	62	52	51	48	52	59	South Africa
25	25	22	23	24	41	40	41	43	41	Spain
12	9	3	4	3	19	15	9		4	Sweden
1	Ì	1	i	1		1	2	5	3	Switzerland
26	32	29	26	22	22	27	12	15	9	Taiwan, China
23	24	30	28	31	50	50	43	45	40	Thailand
51	50	53	46	56	51	48	56	41	55	Turkey
3	5	12	14	12	7	4	13	3	6	, UAE
62	61	60	60	63	60	56	51	49	44	Ukraine
19	18	19	20	16	20	17	23	17	13	United Kingdom
2	2	2	2	6	24	23	28	27	28	USA
63	63	62	59	64	63	63	61	58	63	Venezuela

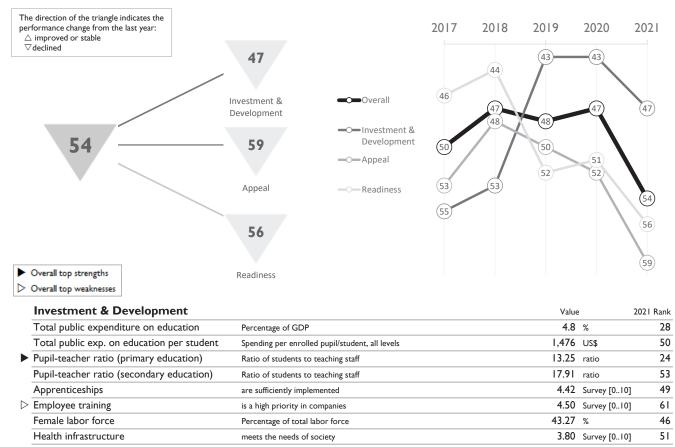
TALENT COUNTRY PROFILES

All data are available from the World Competitiveness Online

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ARGENTINA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



	Appeal		Value	!	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	61.40	index	12
\triangleright	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	4.99	Survey [010]	6
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	4.35	Survey [010]	58
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	2.57	Survey [010]	58
	Quality of life	is high	3.41	Survey [010]	60
\triangleright	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	1.69	Survey [010]	63
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	12,539	US\$	45
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	37,849	US\$	59
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	2.57	%	18
\triangleright	Justice	is fairly administered	1.67	Survey [010]	62
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	13.85	micrograms	27

Readiness

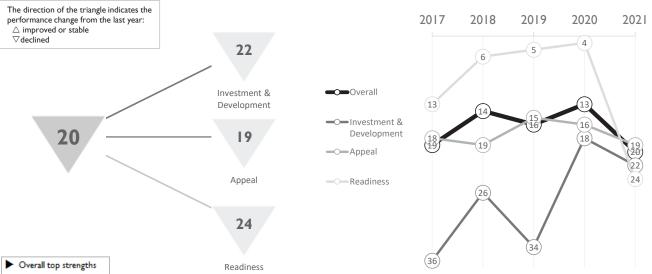
Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.01 %		26
Skilled labor	is readily available	4.97 Su	rvey [010]	44
Finance skills	are readily available	5.32 Su	rvey [010]	50
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.56 Su	rvey [010]	53
Competent senior managers	are readily available	4.13 Su	rvey [010]	54
> Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	2.87 Su	rvey [010]	62
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	15.42 %		60
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.47 Su	rvey [010]	43
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.00 Su	rvey [010]	39
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	4.95 Su	rvey [010]	47
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	2.59 nu	mber	31
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	395 Av	erage	56

Value

2021 Rank

AUSTRALIA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



Overall top weaknesses

Investment & Development		Value	2021 Rank
Total public expenditure on education	DN Percentage of GDP	5.3	% 21
Total public exp. on education per s	tudent Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	9,697	US\$ 17
Pupil-teacher ratio (primary educatio	on) Ratio of students to teaching staff	15.14	ratio 33
Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary educa	tion) Ratio of students to teaching staff	11.89	ratio 29
\triangleright Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	3.98	Survey [010] 54
\triangleright Employee training	is a high priority in companies	4.82	Survey [010] 58
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	47.27	% 16
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	7.32	Survey [010] 23

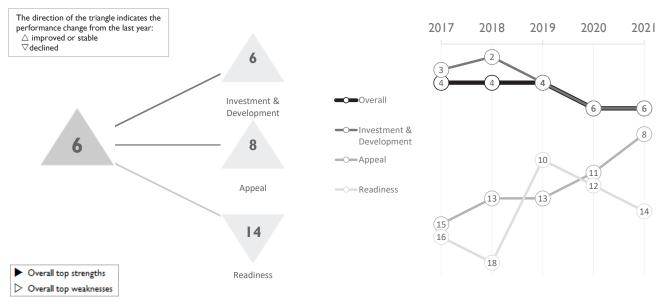
	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	75.20	index	40
\triangleright	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.19	Survey [010]] 47
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.61	Survey [010]] 35
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	5.50	Survey [010]] 23
	Quality of life	is high	8.09	Survey [010]] 19
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	7.09	Survey [010]] []
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	46,494	US\$	10
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	156,674	US\$	34
\triangleright	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	11.48	%	57
	Justice	is fairly administered	6.91	Survey [010]] 21
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	6.75	micrograms	7

Readiness

	Readiness		Value	9	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.94	%	10
	Skilled labor	is readily available	5.79	Survey [010]	33
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.73	Survey [010]	23
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.86	Survey [010]] 45
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.18	Survey [010]	43
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.73	Survey [010]	24
\triangleright	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	18.63	%	54
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.70	Survey [010]	29
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.91	Survey [010]	43
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	5.89	Survey [010]	38
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	20.07	number	2
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	499	Average	20

AUSTRIA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



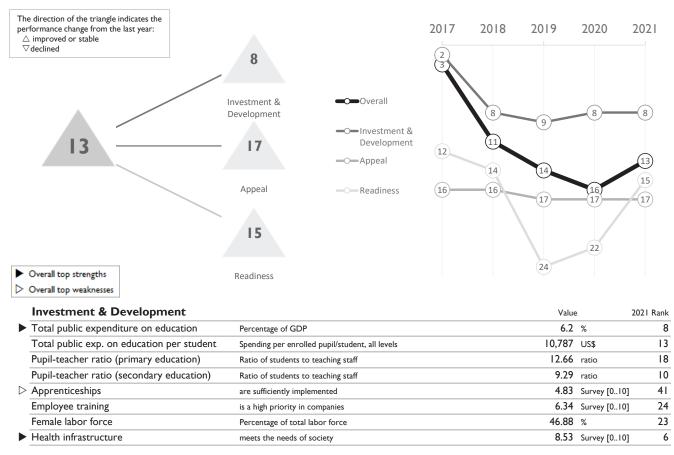
e 20	021 Rank
%	30
US\$	10
ratio	12
ratio	7
Survey [010]	3
Survey [010]	I
%	21
Survey [010]	3
0 05	16 ratio 10 Survey [010] 05 Survey [010] 03 % 34 Survey [010]

	Appeal		Value	!	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	77.30	index	43
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	8.00	Survey [010]	6
►	Worker motivation	in companies is high	7.63	Survey [010]	3
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	5.65	Survey [010]	21
	Quality of life	is high	9.68	Survey [010]	
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	6.44	Survey [010]	18
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	46,305	US\$	12
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	275,520	US\$	6
\triangleright	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	9.61	%	50
	Justice	is fairly administered	7.16	Survey [010]	17
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	12.22	micrograms	23

	Readiness		Value	9	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.42	%	35
\triangleright	Skilled labor	is readily available	4.08	Survey [010]	53
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.64	Survey [010]	27
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.90	Survey [010]	21
\triangleright	Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.21	Survey [010]	41
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.85	Survey [010]	10
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	31.40	%	7
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.88	Survey [010]	2
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	7.28	Survey [010]	18
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	6.96	Survey [010]	24
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	8.41	number	6
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	491	Average	28

BELGIUM

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



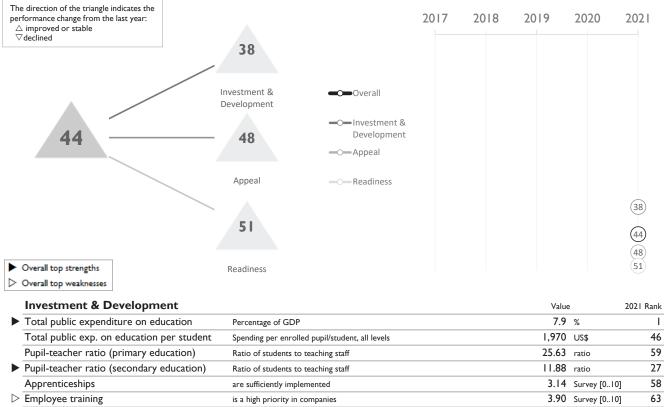
Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	72.40	index	35
Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.30	Survey [010]] 22
Worker motivation	in companies is high	6.28	Survey [010]] 23
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	5.89	Survey [010]] 18
Quality of life	is high	8.67	Survey [010]] 12
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.54	Survey [010]] 29
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	38,108	US\$	18
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	254,449	US\$	11
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	11.32	%	56
Justice	is fairly administered	5.93	Survey [010]] 28
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	12.73	micrograms	25

Readiness

	Readiness		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	1.01	%	8
	Skilled labor	is readily available	6.52	Survey [010]	2
	Finance skills	are readily available	7.31	Survey [010]]]
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	6.52	Survey [010]	
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.90	Survey [010]	10
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.21	Survey [010]	9
\triangleright	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	17.55	%	59
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	8.14	Survey [010]	8
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	7.79	Survey [010]	9
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	8.07	Survey [010]	4
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	4.55	number	16
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	500	Average	19

BOTSWANA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

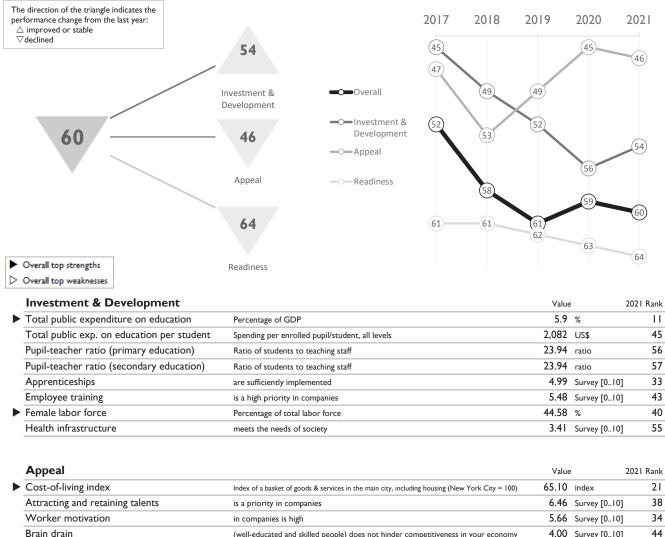


	0			
Female labor f	force	Percentage of total labor force	50.68 %	Ι
Health infrast	ructure	meets the needs of society	4.45 Survey [010]	48

Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	47.70	index	I
Dash Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	4.81	Survey [010]	62
▷ Worker motivation	in companies is high	3.38	Survey [010]	64
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	4.47	Survey [010]	34
Quality of life	is high	4.03	Survey [010]	58
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.09	Survey [010]	36
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	10,680	US\$	52
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	-	US\$	-
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	5.46	%	35
Justice	is fairly administered	5.51	Survey [010]	32
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	25.33	micrograms	52

	Readiness		Value	9	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	1.94	%	3
	Skilled labor	is readily available	4.34	Survey [010]	50
	Finance skills	are readily available	4.82	Survey [010]	58
\triangleright	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	3.87	Survey [010]	61
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	3.95	Survey [010]	56
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.16	Survey [010]	51
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	23.34	%	37
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.99	Survey [010]	50
\triangleright	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	4.39	Survey [010]	60
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	4.91	Survey [010]	50
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	0.48	number	52
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	-	Average	-

BRAZIL OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

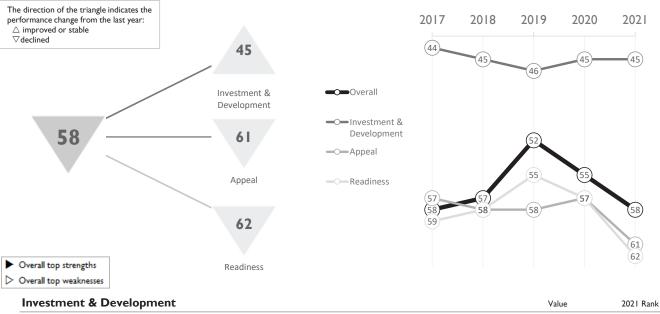


	Drain Grain	(weil-educated and skilled people) does not initidel competitiveness in your economy	1.00	Survey [0ro]	
	Quality of life	is high	4.13	Survey [010]	57
\triangleright	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	2.79	Survey [010]	59
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	15,916	US\$	36
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	93,850	US\$	48
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	2.99	%	20
	Justice	is fairly administered	2.67	Survey [010]	52
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	11.67	micrograms	19

	Readiness		Value		2021 Rank
\triangleright	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-6.13	%	62
	Skilled labor	is readily available	4.07	Survey [010]	54
	Finance skills	are readily available	4.96	Survey [010]	53
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.36	Survey [010]	58
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	4.62	Survey [010]	50
\triangleright	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	2.72	Survey [010]	63
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	18.53	%	56
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.27	Survey [010]	59
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	4.64	Survey [010]	57
\triangleright	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	3.14	Survey [010]	63
\triangleright	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	0.10	number	59
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	400	Average	55

BULGARIA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



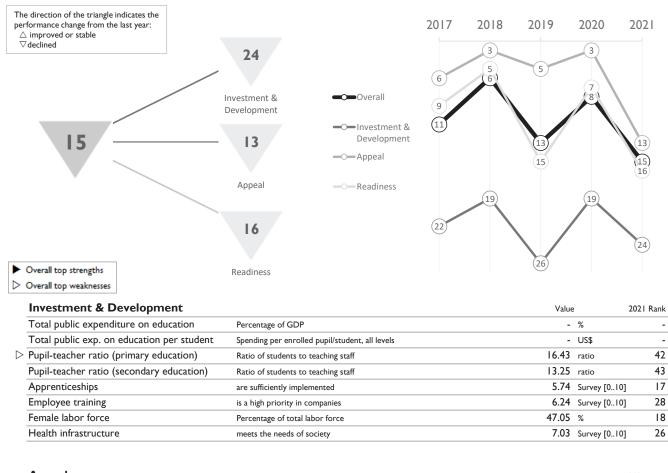
Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	3.9	%	45
Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	2,241	US\$	43
 Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education) 	Ratio of students to teaching staff	15.21	ratio	34
 Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education) 	Ratio of students to teaching staff	13.00	ratio	41
Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	3.70	Survey [010]	56
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	4.83	Survey [010]	57
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	46.14	%	31
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	3.48	Survey [010]	54

	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	55.80	index	5
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	5.96	Survey [010]	52
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	4.04	Survey [010]	59
\triangleright	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	1.30	Survey [010]	64
	Quality of life	is high	3.39	Survey [010]	61
\triangleright	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	2.43	Survey [010]	62
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	9,351	US\$	53
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	48,022	US\$	57
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	3.35	%	22
	Justice	is fairly administered	2.17	Survey [010]	60
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	19.93	micrograms	45

	Readiness		Value	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-2.54 %	53
	Skilled labor	is readily available	3.83 Survey	· [010] 58
\triangleright	Finance skills	are readily available	3.70 Survey	· [010] 63
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.50 Survey	[010] 55
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	3.48 Survey	[010] 59
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	3.38 Survey	[010] 59
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	19.82 %	50
\triangleright	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	3.04 Survey	· [010] 63
\triangleright	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	3.29 Survey	· [010] 64
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	5.09 Survey	· [010] 44
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	2.36 numbe	er 35
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	427 Avera	ge 47

CANADA

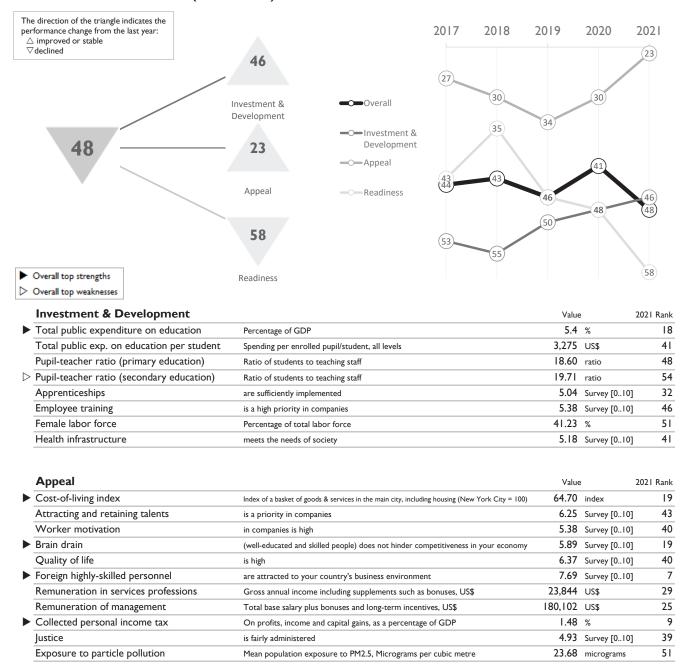
OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	70.10	index	30
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.32	Survey [010]	21
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	6.38	Survey [010]	21
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	6.21	Survey [010]]]
	Quality of life	is high	8.09	Survey [010]	20
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	6.99	Survey [010]	13
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	46,489	US\$	11
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	201,383	US\$	20
\triangleright	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	12.02	%	58
	Justice	is fairly administered	7.04	Survey [010]	9
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	7.09	micrograms	8

	Readiness		Value	2	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-1.21	%	45
	Skilled labor	is readily available	6.35	Survey [010]	9
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.88	Survey [010]	9
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.88	Survey [010]	24
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.12	Survey [010]	23
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.53	Survey [010]	7
\triangleright	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	25.05	%	30
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.74	Survey [010]	15
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	7.28	Survey [010]	7
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	7.50	Survey [010]	9
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	7.49	number	7
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	517	Average	7

CHILE OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



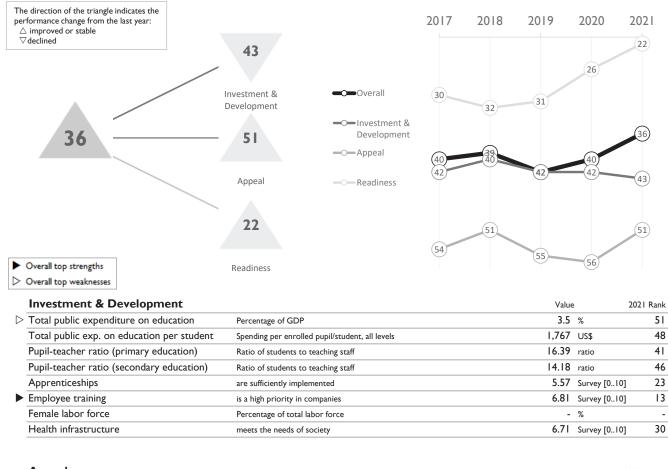
Readiness

Labor force growth	Percentage change	-8.92	%	63
Skilled labor	is readily available	5.31	Survey [010]	39
Finance skills	are readily available	6.23	Survey [010]	35
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.92	Survey [010]	20
Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.20	Survey [010]	22
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	3.86	Survey [010]	56
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	20.57	%	47
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.61	Survey [010]	41
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.77	Survey [010]	25
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	3.58	Survey [010]	60
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	0.38	number	53
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	438	Average	43
	Skilled labor Finance skills International experience Competent senior managers Primary and secondary education Graduates in Sciences University education Management education Language skills Student mobility inbound	Skilled labor is readily available Finance skills are readily available International experience of senior managers is generally significant Competent senior managers are readily available Primary and secondary education meets the needs of a competitive economy Graduates in Sciences % of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences University education meets the needs of a competitive economy Management education meets the needs of a competitive economy Language skills are meeting the needs of enterprises Student mobility inbound Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	Skilled laboris readily available5.31Finance skillsare readily available6.23International experienceof senior managers is generally significant5.92Competent senior managersare readily available6.20Primary and secondary educationmeets the needs of a competitive economy3.86Graduates in Sciences% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences20.57University educationmeets the needs of a competitive economy5.61Management educationmeets the needs of the business community6.77Language skillsare meeting the needs of enterprises3.58Student mobility inboundForeign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants0.38	Skilled laboris readily available5.31Survey [010]Finance skillsare readily available6.23Survey [010]International experienceof senior managers is generally significant5.92Survey [010]Competent senior managersare readily available6.20Survey [010]Competent senior managersare readily available6.20Survey [010]Primary and secondary educationmeets the needs of a competitive economy3.86Survey [010]Graduates in Sciences% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences20.57%University educationmeets the needs of a competitive economy5.61Survey [010]Management educationmeets the needs of the business community6.77Survey [010]Language skillsare meeting the needs of enterprises3.58Survey [010]Student mobility inboundForeign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants0.38number

Value

2021 Rank

CHINA OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

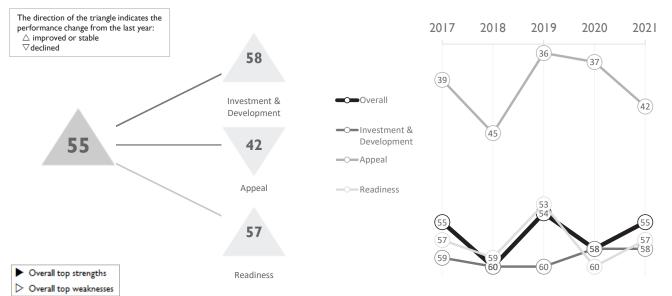


	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	98.80	index	56
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.07	Survey [010]	31
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	6.72	Survey [010]	14
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	4.68	Survey [010]	31
	Quality of life	is high	7.09	Survey [010]	31
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.52	Survey [010]	31
\triangleright	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	11,684	US\$	48
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	152,385	US\$	35
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	1.05	%	5
	Justice	is fairly administered	6.37	Survey [010]	26
\triangleright	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	47.73	micrograms	61

	Readiness		Value		2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.72	%	14
	Skilled labor	is readily available	6.19	Survey [010]	23
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.69	Survey [010]	24
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.91	Survey [010]	44
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.00	Survey [010]	26
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	8.00	Survey [010]	7
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	-	%	-
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.27	Survey [010]	21
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	7.09	Survey [010]	21
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	6.30	Survey [010]	34
\triangleright	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	0.14	number	56
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	579	Average	I

COLOMBIA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



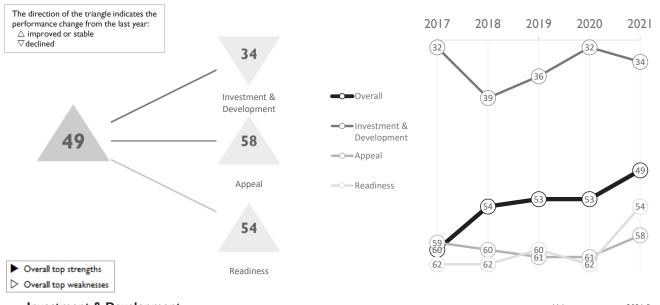
Investment & Development

Investment & Development		Value	2021 Rank
Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	4.5 %	34
Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	1,082 Us\$	54
Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	23.07 ratio	54
Dash Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	26.09 ratio	60
Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	5.92 Survey [01	oj 14
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	6.09 Survey [01	0] 33
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	41.56 %	50
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	4.09 Survey [01	0] 50

	Appeal		Value	9	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	55.40	index	4
\triangleright	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	5.66	Survey [010]] 57
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.70	Survey [010]] 33
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	4.15	Survey [010]] 38
	Quality of life	is high	4.66	Survey [010]] 50
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	4.56	Survey [010]] 44
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	12,241	US\$	47
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	128,854	US\$	39
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	1.21	%	6
\triangleright	Justice	is fairly administered	2.38	Survey [010]] 55
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	22.53	micrograms	49

Readiness		Value	2	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	-2.02	%	51
Skilled labor	is readily available	5.15	Survey [010]	41
Finance skills	are readily available	5.66	Survey [010]	48
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.78	Survey [010]	48
Competent senior managers	are readily available	4.63	Survey [010]	49
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.03	Survey [010]	54
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	24.63	%	33
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.74	Survey [010]	52
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.23	Survey [010]	51
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	3.11	Survey [010]	64
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	0.11	number	58
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	406	Average	52

CROATIA OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



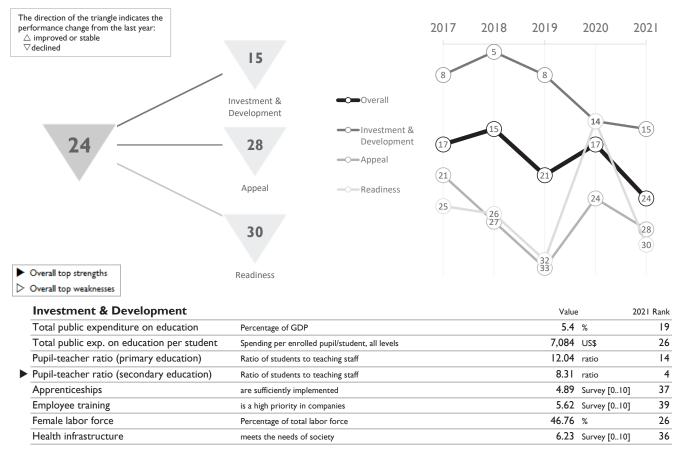
	Investment & Development		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	4.8	%	27
	Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	3,831	US\$	39
	Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	10.38	ratio	6
	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	8.04	ratio	3
	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	2.96	Survey [010]	61
\triangleright	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	3.86	Survey [010]	64
	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	45.69	%	35
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	4.19	Survey [010]	49

Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	61.50	index	13
\triangleright Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	4.30	Survey [010]	64
Worker motivation	in companies is high	4.03	Survey [010]	60
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	1.89	Survey [010]	63
Quality of life	is high	5.70	Survey [010]	42
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	2.44	Survey [010]	6
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	14,350	US\$	40
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	87,775	US\$	50
 Collected personal income tax 	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	3.62	%	26
Justice	is fairly administered	1.62	Survey [010]	63
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	18.23	micrograms	38

	Readiness		Value	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.39 %	34
	Skilled labor	is readily available	3.67 Surve	y [010] 59
\triangleright	Finance skills	are readily available	3.40 Surve	ey [010] 64
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	3.46 Surve	ey [010] 62
\triangleright	Competent senior managers	are readily available	2.73 Surve	ey [010] 64
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.30 Surve	y [010] 50
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	27.27 %	22
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.25 Surve	ey [010] 60
\triangleright	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	3.76 Surve	ey [010] 63
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	6.86 Surve	y [010] 27
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	I.41 numb	er 47
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	472 Avera	age 36

CYPRUS

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

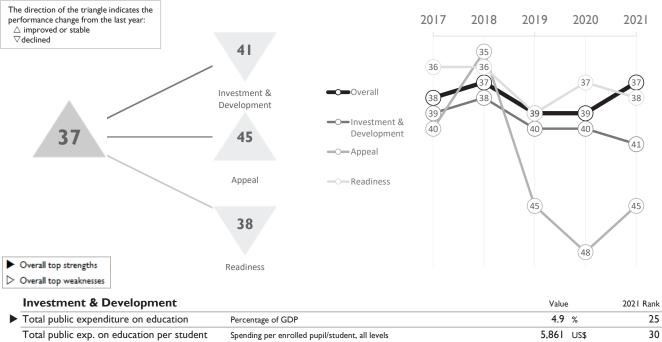


	Appeal		Value	!	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	58.90	index	9
\triangleright	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.00	Survey [010]	51
\triangleright	Worker motivation	in companies is high	4.89	Survey [010]	52
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	5.00	Survey [010]	28
	Quality of life	is high	8.07	Survey [010]	21
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.67	Survey [010]	26
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	27,374	US\$	26
\triangleright	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	85,236	US\$	52
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	3.30	%	21
	Justice	is fairly administered	5.21	Survey [010]	36
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	15.79	micrograms	31

	Readiness		Value	9	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.89	%	13
	Skilled labor	is readily available	5.36	Survey [010]	37
	Finance skills	are readily available	7.04	Survey [010]	16
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.63	Survey [010]	31
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.21	Survey [010]	42
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.72	Survey [010]	25
\triangleright	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	13.59	%	61
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.06	Survey [010]	23
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.44	Survey [010]	32
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	8.07	Survey [010]	13
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	14.84	number	3
\triangleright	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	438	Average	42

CZECH REPUBLIC

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



	l otal public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	5,861	US\$	30
\triangleright	Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	18.73	ratio	50
	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	11.54	ratio	25
\triangleright	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	3.40	Survey [010]	57
	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	5.40	Survey [010]	45
	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	44.20	%	44
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	7.07	Survey [010]	24

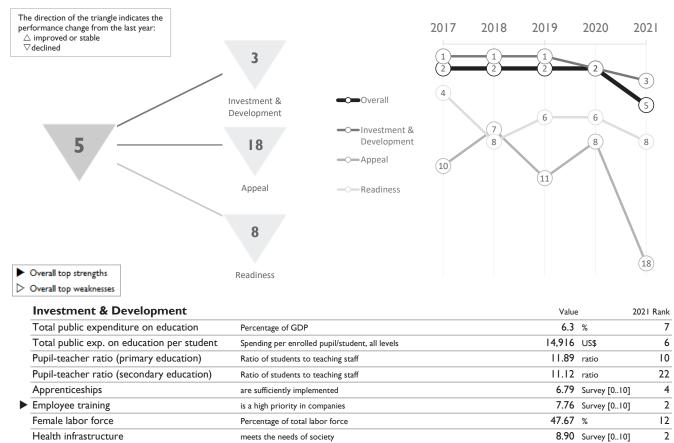
Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	69.80	index	29
\triangleright Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.13	Survey [010]	49
Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.13	Survey [010]	48
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	4.03	Survey [010]	42
Quality of life	is high	7.30	Survey [010]	29
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	4.50	Survey [010]	45
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	15,563	US\$	37
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	106,454	US\$	44
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	4.41	%	29
Justice	is fairly administered	5.13	Survey [010]	37
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	16.97	micrograms	36

Readiness

	Readiness		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.78	%	42
\triangleright	Skilled labor	is readily available	4.60	Survey [010]	49
\triangleright	Finance skills	are readily available	4.60	Survey [010]	59
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.53	Survey [010]	34
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	4.64	Survey [010]	48
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.50	Survey [010]	43
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	25.86	%	25
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.37	Survey [010]	32
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.97	Survey [010]	41
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	5.77	Survey [010]	40
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	4.29	number	21
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	495	Average	23

DENMARK

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

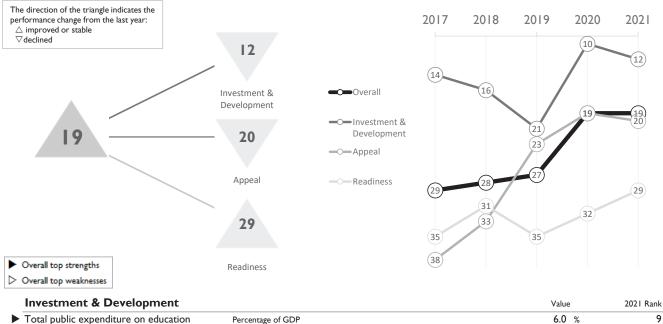


Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
▷ Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	85.50	index	50
Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	8.3 I	Survey [010]	2
 Worker motivation 	in companies is high	7.95	Survey [010]	
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	7.64	Survey [010]	5
Quality of life	is high	9.50	Survey [010]	4
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	6.95	Survey [010]	4
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	58,896	US\$	5
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	217,395	US\$	16
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	24.06	%	63
▶ Justice	is fairly administered	9.00	Survey [010]	2
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	9.78	micrograms	12

Read	iness
Reau	mess

Readiness		Value	2	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.31	%	32
Skilled labor	is readily available	7.00	Survey [010]	5
Finance skills	are readily available	8.05	Survey [010]	4
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	6.64	Survey [010]	10
Competent senior managers	are readily available	7.20	Survey [010]	4
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	8.55	Survey [010]	3
▷ Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	22.54	%	40
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	8.67	Survey [010]	3
 Management education 	meets the needs of the business community	8.43	Survey [010]	2
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	8.82	Survey [010]	2
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	5.58	number	13
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	501	Average	17

ESTONIA OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



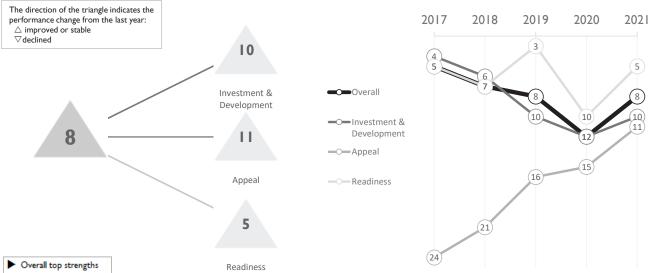
I otal public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	6.0	%	9
Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	6,803	US\$	27
Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	13.15	ratio	22
Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	12.39	ratio	35
Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	5.07	Survey [010]	31
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	6.78	Survey [010]	16
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	48.41	%	9
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	6.54	Survey [010]	33

Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	62.50	index	15
Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.43	Survey [010]] [8
Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.85	Survey [010]] 29
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	4.48	Survey [010]	33
Quality of life	is high	6.93	Survey [010]	32
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.55	Survey [010]	28
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	15,532	US\$	38
> Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	98,070	US\$	47
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	5.45	%	34
Justice	is fairly administered	7.04	Survey [010]] 19
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	5.95	micrograms	3

	Readiness		Value		2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.28	%	19
\triangleright	Skilled labor	is readily available	3.46	Survey [010]	62
\triangleright	Finance skills	are readily available	4.84	Survey [010]	57
\triangleright	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.81	Survey [010]	46
\triangleright	Competent senior managers	are readily available	3.94	Survey [010]	57
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.58	Survey [010]	15
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	27.91	%	18
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.07	Survey [010]	22
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.42	Survey [010]	33
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	7.19	Survey [010]	22
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	3.80	number	24
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	526	Average	4

FINLAND

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



Overall top weaknesses

	Value	e 2	2021 Rank
Percentage of GDP	5.6	%	13
Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	10,671	US\$	14
Ratio of students to teaching staff	13.59	ratio	26
Ratio of students to teaching staff	12.92	ratio	39
are sufficiently implemented	5.16	Survey [010]	28
is a high priority in companies	7.26	Survey [010]	7
Percentage of total labor force	47.87	%	11
meets the needs of society	8.71	Survey [010]	4
	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels Ratio of students to teaching staff Ratio of students to teaching staff are sufficiently implemented is a high priority in companies Percentage of total labor force	Percentage of GDP 5.6 Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels 10,671 Ratio of students to teaching staff 13.59 Ratio of students to teaching staff 12.92 are sufficiently implemented 5.16 is a high priority in companies 7.26 Percentage of total labor force 47.87	Percentage of GDP 5.6 % Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels 10,671 US\$ Ratio of students to teaching staff 13.59 ratio Ratio of students to teaching staff 12.92 ratio are sufficiently implemented 5.16 Survey [010] is a high priority in companies 7.26 Survey [010] Percentage of total labor force 47.87 %

Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	72.70	index	37
Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.47	Survey [010]] 17
Worker motivation	in companies is high	7.18	Survey [010]] 10
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	6.34	Survey [010]] 10
Quality of life	is high	9.34	Survey [010]	8
\triangleright Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	4.79	Survey [010]	39
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	40,528	US\$	16
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	177,937	US\$	27
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	12.24	%	60
▶ Justice	is fairly administered	9.08	Survey [010]] I
 Exposure to particle pollution 	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	5.64	micrograms	I

Readiness	
Labor force growth	

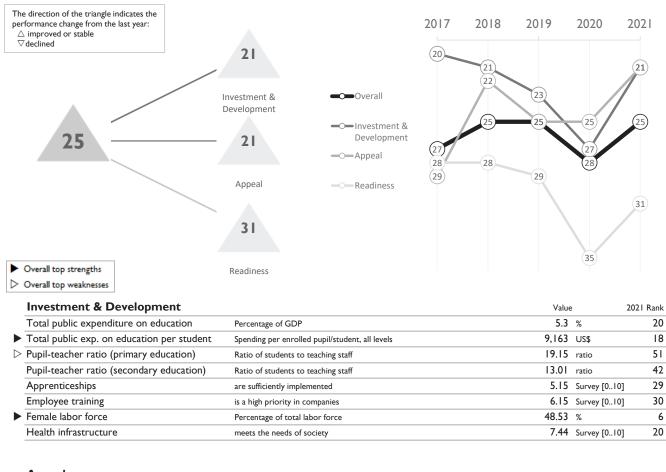
Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.33	%	33
Skilled labor	is readily available	6.66	Survey [010]	
Finance skills	are readily available	7.47	Survey [010]	12
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	6.05	Survey [010]	18
Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.53	Survey [010]	16
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	9.11	Survey [010]	I
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	28.38	%	14
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	8.63	Survey [010]	4
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	7.95	Survey [010]	7
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	8.29	Survey [010]	- 11
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	4.31	number	20
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	516	Average	9

Value

2021 Rank

FRANCE

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	78.10	index	44
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.23	Survey [010]	26
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.38	Survey [010]	41
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	4.61	Survey [010]	32
	Quality of life	is high	8.30	Survey [010]	16
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.53	Survey [010]	30
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	37,845	US\$	19
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	257,540	US\$	9
\triangleright	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	9.60	%	49
	Justice	is fairly administered	6.45	Survey [010]	24
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	11.37	micrograms	18

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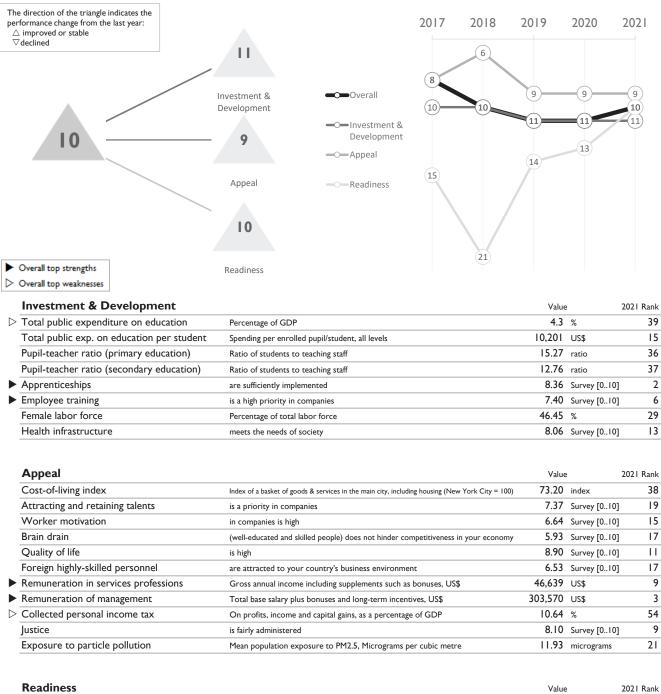
	Readiness		Value		2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-1.13	%	44
	Skilled labor	is readily available	5.43	Survey [010]	36
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.68	Survey [010]	25
\triangleright	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.80	Survey [010]	47
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.72	Survey [010]	31
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.53	Survey [010]	27
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	25.77	%	27
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.87	Survey [010]	27
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	7.22	Survey [010]	19
\triangleright	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	4.61	Survey [010]	54
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	3.67	number	25
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	494	Average	25

Value

2021 Pank

GERMANY

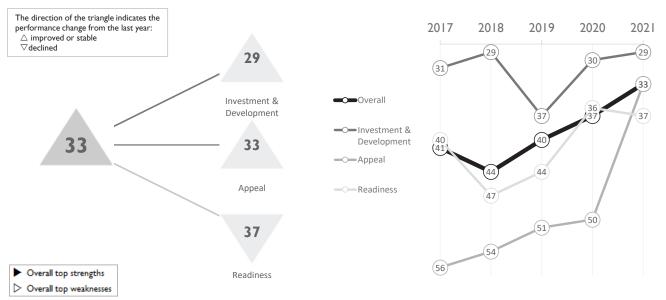
OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



	Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.90	%	12
\triangleright	Skilled labor	is readily available	5.05	Survey [010]	43
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.78	Survey [010]	22
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	6.09	Survey [010]	15
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.54	Survey [010]	35
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.61	Survey [010]	14
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	36.78	%	3
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.76	Survey [010]	14
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.84	Survey [010]	23
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	6.96	Survey [010]	24
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	4.01	number	22
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	500	Average	18

GREECE

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



Investment & Development

21 Rank
43
40
2
5
42
44
45
38

	Appeal		Value		2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	64.40	index	18
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.25	Survey [010]] 44
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.46	Survey [010]	39
\triangleright	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	3.06	Survey [010]	55
	Quality of life	is high	6.91	Survey [010]	33
\triangleright	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	3.63	Survey [010]	52
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	20,159	US\$	33
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	178,793	US\$	26
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	5.92	%	36
	Justice	is fairly administered	4.48	Survey [010]] 46
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	14.32	micrograms	28

Readiness

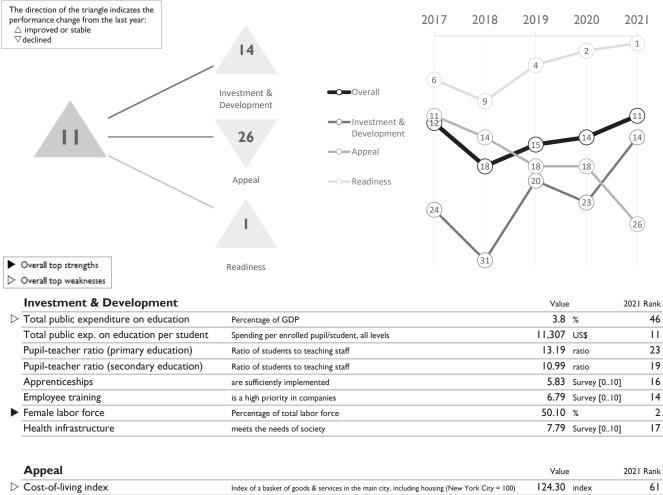
> Labor force growth	Percentage change	-1.86 %	49
 Skilled labor 	is readily available	6.41 Survey [010]] 17
Finance skills	are readily available	6.22 Survey [010]] 36
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	6.03 Survey [010]] 19
Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.24 Survey [010]] 40
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.77 Survey [010]	41
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	27.34 %	20
> University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.25 Survey [010]] 46
> Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.66 Survey [010]] 47
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	7.97 Survey [010]] 15
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	2.59 number	30
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	453 Average	41

Value

2021 Rank

HONG KONG SAR

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



\mathcal{V}	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	124.30	index	61
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.51	Survey [010]	15
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	6.99	Survey [010]	12
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	5.63	Survey [010]	22
	Quality of life	is high	6.78	Survey [010]	36
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	6.62	Survey [010]	16
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	32,983	US\$	22
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	285,857	US\$	5
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	1.93	%	- 11
	Justice	is fairly administered	7.25	Survey [010]	16
\triangleright	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	19.00	micrograms	41

Readiness

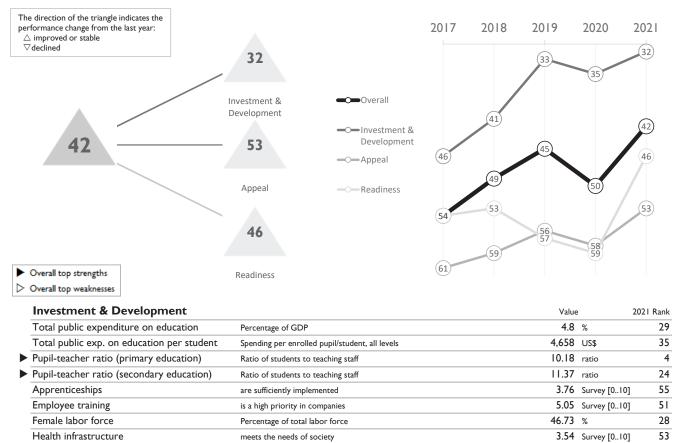
⊳ Labor fo	prce growth	Percentage change	-1.97	%	50
Skilled I	abor	is readily available	6.89	Survey [010]	8
Finance	skills	are readily available	8.40	Survey [010]	I
Internat	ional experience	of senior managers is generally significant	7.44	Survey [010]	4
Compe	tent senior managers	are readily available	7.07	Survey [010]	6
Primary	and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.69	Survey [010]	12
► Gradua	tes in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	41.48	%	I
Univers	ity education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.80	Survey [010]	13
Manage	ment education	meets the needs of the business community	8.02	Survey [010]	6
Languag	je skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	7.65	Survey [010]	18
Student	mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	5.68	number	11
► Educatio	onal assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	531	Average	3

Value

2021 Rank

HUNGARY

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	57.30	index	7
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.41	Survey [010]] 41
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	4.39	Survey [010]] 54
\triangleright	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	2.17	Survey [010]] 60
	Quality of life	is high	4.37	Survey [010]] 56
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	3.64	Survey [010]] 51
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	12,322	US\$	46
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	81,100	US\$	54
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	5.18	%	31
	Justice	is fairly administered	4.58	Survey [010]] 44
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	16.60	micrograms	35

Readiness

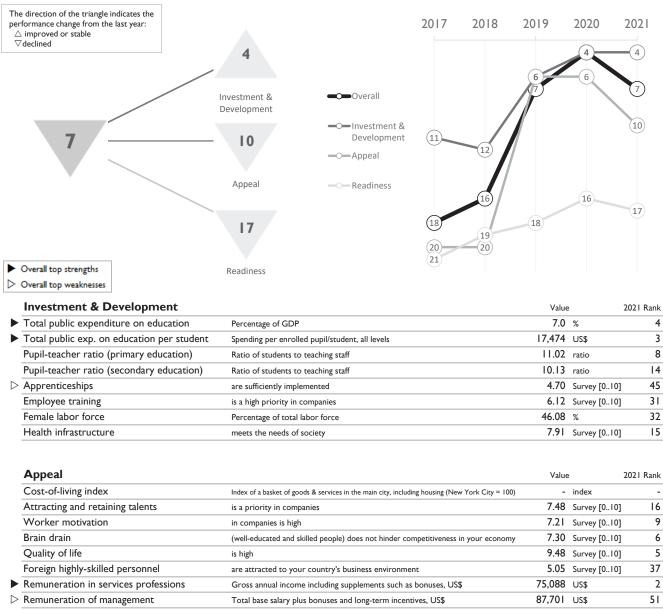
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.67	%	15
\triangleright	Skilled labor	is readily available	3.33	Survey [010]	63
	Finance skills	are readily available	4.96	Survey [010]	54
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.30	Survey [010]	36
\triangleright	Competent senior managers	are readily available	3.16	Survey [010]	62
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.32	Survey [010]	49
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	23.35	%	36
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.99	Survey [010]	49
\triangleright	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	4.59	Survey [010]	58
\triangleright	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	3.69	Survey [010]	59
►	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	3.63	number	26
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	479	Average	33

Value

2021 Rank

ICELAND

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

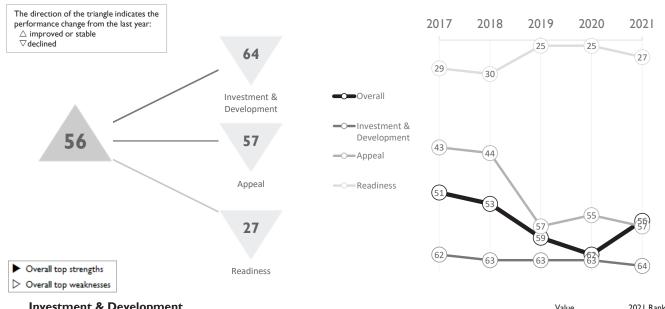


~	Remaner acioni or managemente	Total base salary plus bondses and long term meentives, oop	07,701	054	
\triangleright	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	14.32	%	62
	Justice	is fairly administered	7.33	Survey [010]	15
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	6.37	micrograms	5

Read	iness

	Readiness		Value	9	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.19	%	29
	Skilled labor	is readily available	7.03	Survey [010]	4
	Finance skills	are readily available	7.70	Survey [010]	7
\triangleright	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.06	Survey [010]	40
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.70	Survey [010]	Ш
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.66	Survey [010]	13
\triangleright	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	20.21	%	48
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	8.09	Survey [010]	9
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	7.72	Survey [010]	10
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	8.82	Survey [010]	3
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	4.33	number	19
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	481	Average	30

INDIA **OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)**



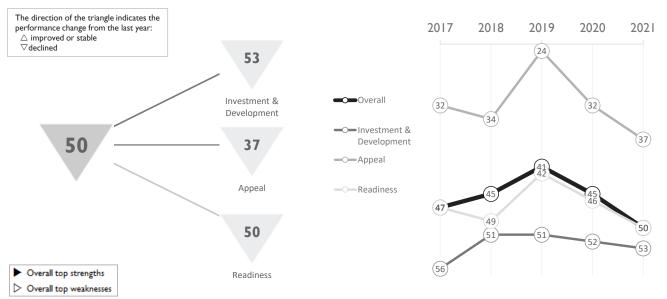
	Investment & Development		Value	9	2021 Rank
	Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	4.4	%	37
\triangleright	Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	332	US\$	62
\triangleright	Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	30.10	ratio	61
	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	24.67	ratio	58
	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	5.43	Survey [010]	26
	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	5.83	Survey [010]	34
\triangleright	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	23.02	%	59
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	4.64	Survey [010]	46

	Value	1	2021 Rank
Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	76.10	index	42
is a priority in companies	6.63	Survey [010]	34
in companies is high	6.07	Survey [010]	27
(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	4.93	Survey [010]	29
is high	5.14	Survey [010]	47
are attracted to your country's business environment	4.73	Survey [010]	41
Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	6,508	US\$	57
Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	103,745	US\$	45
On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	2.49	%	16
is fairly administered	5.43	Survey [010]	34
Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	83.30	micrograms	64
	is a priority in companies in companies is high (well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy is high are attracted to your country's business environment Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$ Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$ On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP is fairly administered	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100) 76.10 is a priority in companies 6.63 in companies is high 6.07 (well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy 4.93 is high 5.14 are attracted to your country's business environment 4.73 Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$ 6,508 Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$ 103,745 On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP 2.49 is fairly administered 5.43	is a priority in companies 6.63 Survey [010] in companies is high 6.07 Survey [010] (well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy 4.93 Survey [010] is high 5.14 Survey [010] are attracted to your country's business environment 4.73 Survey [010] Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$ 6,508 US\$ Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$ 103,745 US\$ On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP 2.49 % is fairly administered 5.43 Survey [010]

	Readiness		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	1.82	%	4
	Skilled labor	is readily available	6.15	Survey [010]] 24
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.93	Survey [010]] 17
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.32	Survey [010]	35
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.27	Survey [010]	20
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.93	Survey [010]] 37
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	32.17	%	6
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.11	Survey [010]	35
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.71	Survey [010]	26
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	7.09	Survey [010]	23
\triangleright	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	0.04	number	60
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	-	Average	-

INDONESIA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



Investment & Development

	investment & Development		value		ZUZT KATIK
	Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	3.1	%	55
\triangleright	Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	454	US\$	61
	Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	17.82	ratio	47
	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	15.21	ratio	50
	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	6.14	Survey [010]	10
	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	6.75	Survey [010]	18
\triangleright	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	34.65	%	57
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	5.46	Survey [010]	40

Value

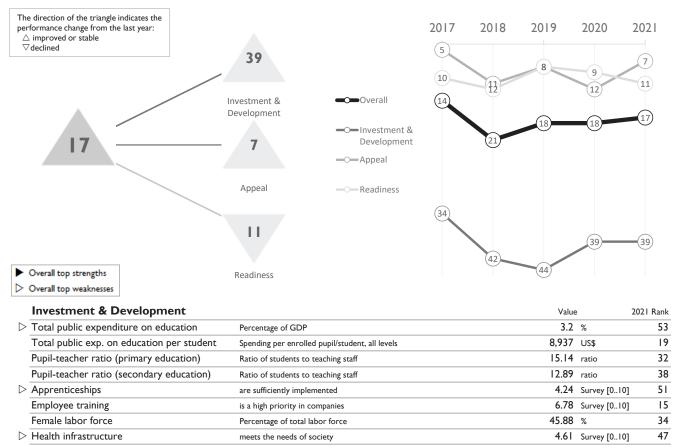
2021 Rank

	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	71.30	index	32
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.35	Survey [010]	20
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	6.40	Survey [010]	9
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	6.05	Survey [010]	6
	Quality of life	is high	5.92	Survey [010]	41
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	6.05	Survey [010]] 21
\triangleright	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	5,788	US\$	59
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	84,341	US\$	53
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	3.54	%	24
	Justice	is fairly administered	4.91	Survey [010]	40
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	19.67	micrograms	44

Readiness		Value	9	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	1.74	%	6
Skilled labor	is readily available	5.95	Survey [010]	30
Finance skills	are readily available	6.11	Survey [010]	40
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.30	Survey [010]	38
Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.24	Survey [010]	21
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.79	Survey [010]	40
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	19.42	%	51
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.95	Survey [010]	38
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.89	Survey [010]	44
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	5.81	Survey [010]	39
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	0.03	number	61
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	382	Average	58
	Labor force growth Skilled labor Finance skills International experience Competent senior managers Primary and secondary education Graduates in Sciences University education Management education	Labor force growthPercentage changeSkilled laboris readily availableFinance skillsare readily availableInternational experienceof senior managers is generally significantCompetent senior managersare readily availablePrimary and secondary educationmeets the needs of a competitive economyGraduates in Sciences% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural SciencesUniversity educationmeets the needs of a competitive economyManagement educationmeets the needs of a competitive economyLanguage skillsare meeting the needs of enterprisesStudent mobility inboundForeign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	Labor force growthPercentage change1.74Skilled laboris readily available5.95Finance skillsare readily available6.11International experienceof senior managers is generally significant5.30Competent senior managersare readily available6.24Primary and secondary educationmeets the needs of a competitive economy5.79Graduates in Sciences% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences19.42University educationmeets the needs of a competitive economy5.95Management educationmeets the needs of the business community5.89Language skillsare meeting the needs of enterprises5.81Student mobility inboundForeign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants0.03	Labor force growthPercentage change1.74 %Skilled laboris readily available5.95Survey [010]Finance skillsare readily available6.11Survey [010]International experienceof senior managers is generally significant5.30Survey [010]Competent senior managersare readily available6.24Survey [010]Primary and secondary educationmeets the needs of a competitive economy5.79Survey [010]Graduates in Sciences% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences19.42%University educationmeets the needs of a competitive economy5.95Survey [010]Management educationmeets the needs of the business community5.89Survey [010]Language skillsare meeting the needs of enterprises5.81Survey [010]Student mobility inboundForeign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants0.03number

IRELAND

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

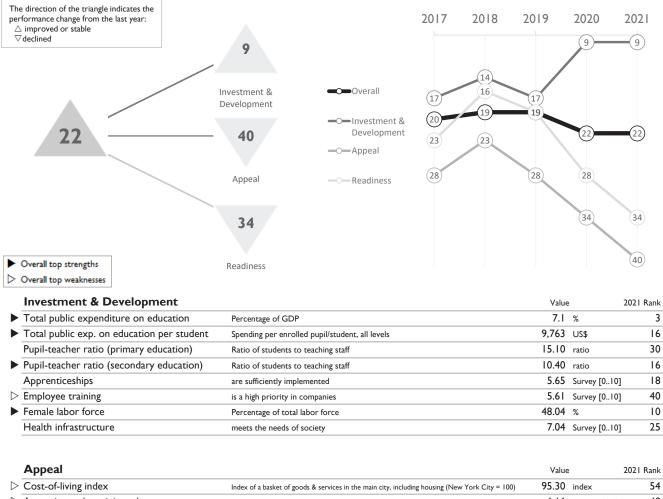


Appeal		Value	•	2021 Rank
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	78.70	index	46
Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	8.03	Survey [010]	5
Worker motivation	in companies is high	7.05	Survey [010]	
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	6.24	Survey [010]	
Quality of life	is high	8.28	Survey [010]	17
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	7.42	Survey [010]	9
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	46,792	US\$	8
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	210,279	US\$	17
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	7.13	%	43
Justice	is fairly administered	7.46	Survey [010]	4
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	7.85	micrograms	10

Readiness

Readiness		Value	1	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.51	%	37
Skilled labor	is readily available	6.07	Survey [010]] 27
Finance skills	are readily available	7.53	Survey [010]] 9
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	6.37	Survey [010]] 2
 Competent senior managers 	are readily available	6.95	Survey [010]] 9
 Primary and secondary education 	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.93	Survey [010]] 8
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	25.31	%	29
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.97	Survey [010]] 10
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	7.66	Survey [010]] []
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	5.97	Survey [010]] 37
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	5.06	number	15
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	505	Average	11

ISRAEL OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

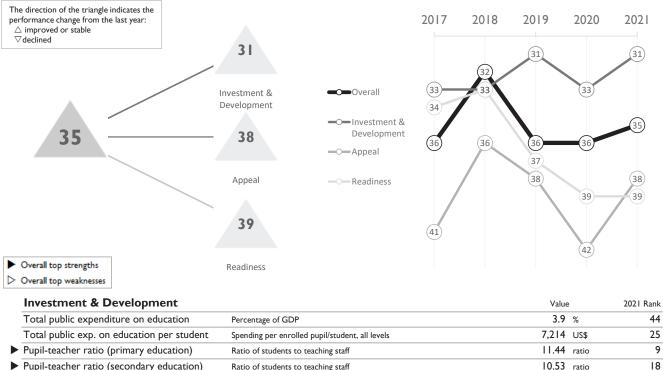


\triangleright	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.16	Survey [010]	48
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	6.20	Survey [010]	24
\triangleright	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	3.84	Survey [010]	47
	Quality of life	is high	7.64	Survey [010]	25
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.49	Survey [010]	33
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	35,783	US\$	21
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	181,516	US\$	24
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	6.39	%	39
	Justice	is fairly administered	5.49	Survey [010]	33
\triangleright	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	19.42	micrograms	43

Readiness

	Value		2021 Rank
Percentage change	-0.82	%	43
is readily available	6.20	Survey [010]	21
are readily available	6.20	Survey [010]	38
of senior managers is generally significant	6.08	Survey [010]	6
are readily available	6.12	Survey [010]	24
meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.16	Survey [010]	33
% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	-	%	-
meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.96	Survey [010]	25
meets the needs of the business community	6.24	Survey [010]	35
are meeting the needs of enterprises	6.47	Survey [010]	33
Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	-	number	-
PISA survey of 15-year olds	465	Average	38
	is readily available are readily available of senior managers is generally significant are readily available meets the needs of a competitive economy % of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences meets the needs of a competitive economy meets the needs of a competitive economy meets the needs of the business community are meeting the needs of enterprises Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	Percentage change -0.82 is readily available 6.20 are readily available 6.20 of senior managers is generally significant 6.08 are readily available 6.12 meets the needs of a competitive economy 6.16 % of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences - meets the needs of a competitive economy 6.96 meets the needs of a competitive economy 6.24 are meeting the needs of enterprises 6.47 Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants -	is readily available 6.20 Survey [010] are readily available 6.20 Survey [010] of senior managers is generally significant 6.08 Survey [010] of senior managers is generally significant 6.08 Survey [010] are readily available 6.12 Survey [010] meets the needs of a competitive economy 6.16 Survey [010] % of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences - % meets the needs of a competitive economy 6.96 Survey [010] meets the needs of the business community 6.24 Survey [010] are meeting the needs of enterprises 6.47 Survey [010] Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants - number

ITALY OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



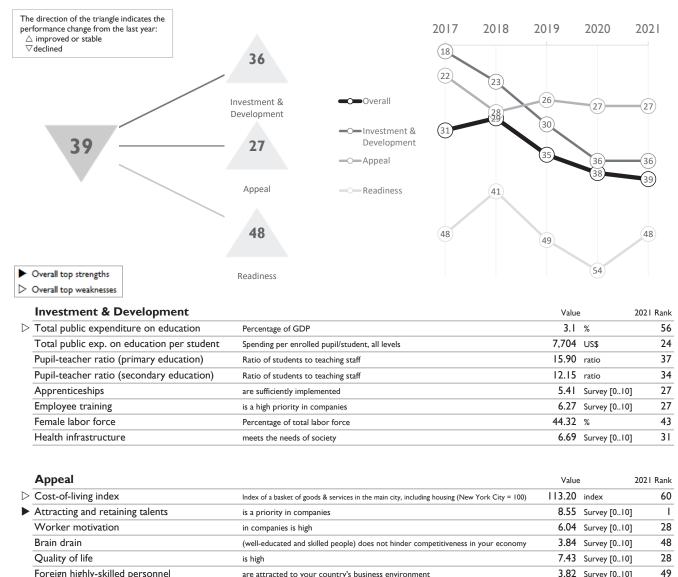
	Tupil-ceacher Tado (Secondary education)	Natio of students to teaching stan	10.55	Tatio	10
	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	4.63	Survey [010]	46
\triangleright	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	4.97	Survey [010]	53
	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	42.50	%	49
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	6.66	Survey [010]	32

	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	78.50	index	45
\triangleright	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	5.82	Survey [010]	55
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.59	Survey [010]	36
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	4.13	Survey [010]	40
	Quality of life	is high	7.52	Survey [010]	26
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	4.00	Survey [010]	48
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	32,932	US\$	23
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	256,104	US\$	10
\triangleright	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	10.91	%	55
	Justice	is fairly administered	3.86	Survey [010]	48
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	15.85	micrograms	32

Meaumess	Read	iness
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	Readiness		Value		2021 Rank
\triangleright	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-2.80	%	55
	Skilled labor	is readily available	5.98	Survey [010]	29
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.05	Survey [010]	42
\triangleright	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.74	Survey [010]	51
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.00	Survey [010]	26
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.77	Survey [010]	21
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	24.48	%	34
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.93	Survey [010]	26
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.50	Survey [010]	29
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	4.95	Survey [010]	48
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	1.76	number	42
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	477	Average	34

JAPAN OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



Foreign nignly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's dusiness environment	3.02	Survey [010]	47
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	45,806	US\$	14
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	269,256	US\$	7
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	5.97	%	37
Justice	is fairly administered	7.06	Survey [010]	18
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	13.65	micrograms	26

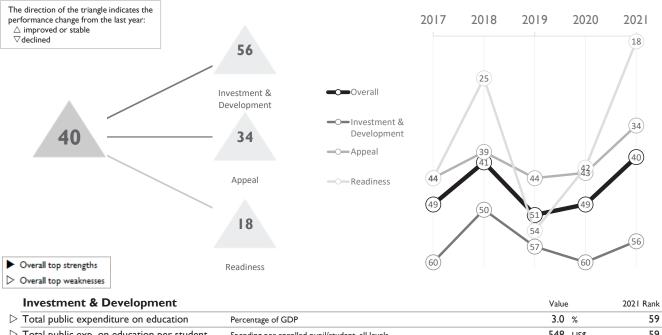
Value

2021 Rank

	Readiness		v aiue		ZUZT INdIIK
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.27	%	31
	Skilled labor	is readily available	4.93	Survey [010]	46
	Finance skills	are readily available	5.86	Survey [010]	45
\triangleright	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	2.61	Survey [010]	64
\triangleright	Competent senior managers	are readily available	3.52	Survey [010]	58
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.42	Survey [010]	31
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	21.77	%	44
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.64	Survey [010]	54
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	4.82	Survey [010]	55
\triangleright	> Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	3.19	Survey [010]	62
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	1.61	number	44
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	520	Average	5

JORDAN

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



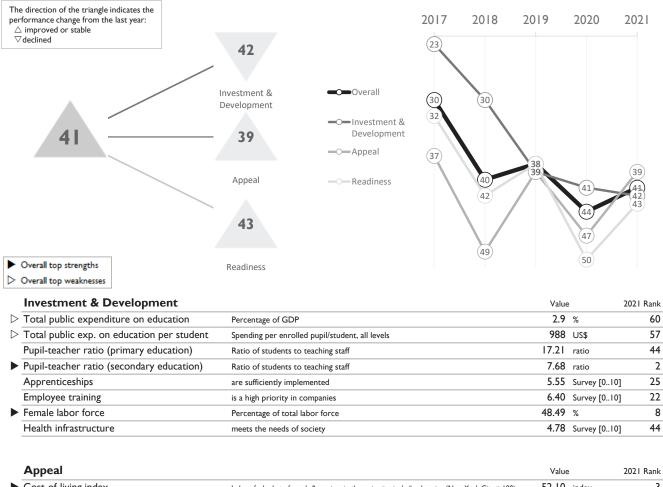
\triangleright	Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	548	US\$	59
	Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	16.38	ratio	39
	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	14.40	ratio	48
	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	6.14	Survey [010]	9
	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	6.83	Survey [010]	12
\triangleright	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	20.71	%	61
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	6.49	Survey [010]	34

Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	74.10	index	39
Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.14	Survey [010]	29
Worker motivation	in companies is high	6.16	Survey [010]	25
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	5.17	Survey [010]	27
Quality of life	is high	5.60	Survey [010]	43
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.51	Survey [010]	32
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	-	US\$	-
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	52,902	US\$	56
 Collected personal income tax 	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	0.74	%	4
Justice	is fairly administered	6.56	Survey [010]	23
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	30.13	micrograms	57

Readiness		Value	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	2.35 %	I
Skilled labor	is readily available	7.25 Survey	<i>r</i> [010] 2
Finance skills	are readily available	7.30 Survey	/ [010] I4
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	6.35 Survey	/ [010] I3
Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.58 Survey	/ [010] I 5
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.51 Survey	/ [010] 28
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	28.42 %	13
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.73 Survey	/ [010] 28
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.63 Survey	/ [010] 28
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	6.63 Survey	/ [010] 29
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	3.84 numbe	er 23
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	416 Avera	ge 49

KAZAKHSTAN

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	52.10	index	3
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.53	Survey [010]	35
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.55	Survey [010]	38
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	4.31	Survey [010]	37
	Quality of life	is high	5.28	Survey [010]	45
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.68	Survey [010]	25
\triangleright	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	6,244	US\$	58
\triangleright	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	16,000	US\$	62
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	1.26	%	7
	Justice	is fairly administered	5.76	Survey [010]	29
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	21.05	micrograms	47

Readiness

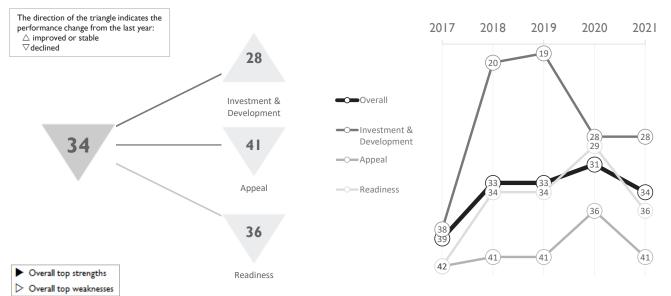
	Reautitess		value		2021 Kank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.44	%	36
	Skilled labor	is readily available	5.68	Survey [010]	34
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.51	Survey [010]	29
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.73	Survey [010]	29
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.40	Survey [010]	18
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.24	Survey [010]	45
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	24.73	%	32
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.11	Survey [010]	48
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.50	Survey [010]	48
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	4.94	Survey [010]	49
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	1.23	number	49
\triangleright	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	402	Average	53

Value

2021 Pank

KOREA REP.

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



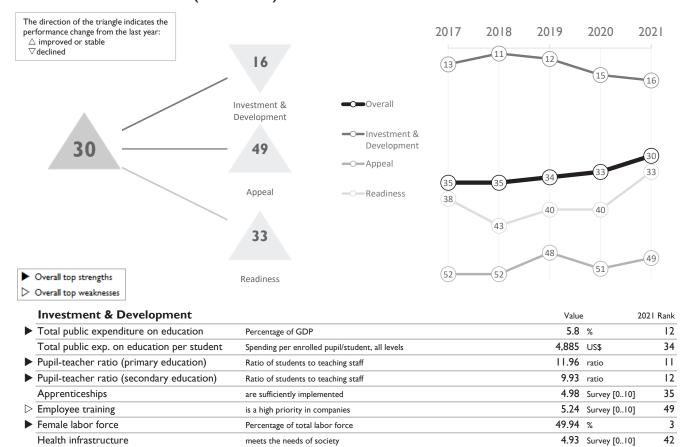
Investment & Development		Value	2021 Rank
Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	4.5 %	35
Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	7,722 Us\$	23
Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	16.62 ratio	43
Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	12.10 ratio	31
Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	6.00 Survey [01	0] 12
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	6.11 Survey [01	0] 32
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	42.86 %	47
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	8.15 Survey [01	0] 12

Appeal		Value	1	2021 Rank
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	95.90	index	55
 Attracting and retaining talents 	is a priority in companies	8.00	Survey [010]	6
Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.34	Survey [010]	43
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	5.28	Survey [010]	24
Quality of life	is high	6.44	Survey [010]	39
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	4.42	Survey [010]	46
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	24,963	US\$	28
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	237,687	US\$	15
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	4.78	%	30
Justice	is fairly administered	4.59	Survey [010]	43
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	27.45	micrograms	55

Readiness		Value	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.62 %	39
Skilled labor	is readily available	4.95 Survey [
Finance skills	are readily available	5.78 Survey [10] 46
▷ International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.66 Survey [
Competent senior managers	are readily available	4.24 Survey [10] 53
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.85 Survey [10] 38
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	29.61 %	12
▷ University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.23 Survey [010] 47
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.72 Survey [010] 46
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	6.17 Survey [
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	1.91 number	40
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	520 Average	6

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LATVIA **OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)**



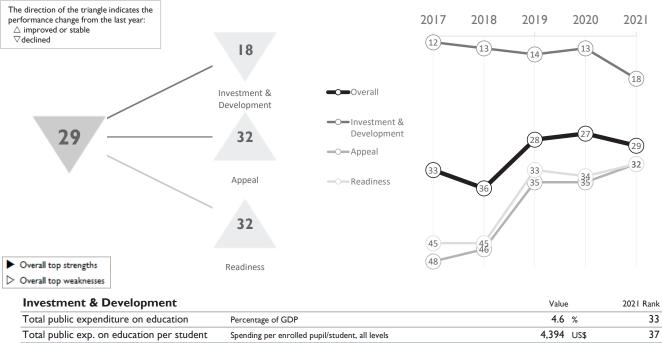
	Appeal		Value	•	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	67.60	index	23
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.49	Survey [010]	36
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.32	Survey [010]	44
\triangleright	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	3.69	Survey [010]	50
	Quality of life	is high	5.50	Survey [010]	44
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	4.62	Survey [010]	43
\triangleright	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$,43	US\$	51
\triangleright	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	99,037	US\$	46
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	6.50	%	40
	Justice	is fairly administered	4.89	Survey [010]	41
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	12.71	micrograms	24

Read	iness
Reau	mess

Readiness		Value	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.04 %	25
Skilled labor	is readily available	5.20 Survey [01	0] 40
Finance skills	are readily available	6.09 Survey [01	0] 41
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	6.09 Survey [01	0] 4
Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.60 Survey [01	0] 34
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.09 Survey [01	0] 36
▷ Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	19.93 %	49
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.32 Survey [01	0] 34
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.36 Survey [01	0] 34
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	7.78 Survey [01	0] I7
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	4.36 number	18
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	487 Average	29

LITHUANIA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	4,394	US\$	37
Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	14.45	ratio	28
Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	9.59	ratio	- 11
Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	6.03	Survey [010]	11
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	6.28	Survey [010]	26
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	49.51	%	4
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	5.75	Survey [010]	37

	Appeal		Value	e	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	60.70	index	10
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.91	Survey [010]	33
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.77	Survey [010]	30
\triangleright	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	3.90	Survey [010]	46
	Quality of life	is high	6.86	Survey [010]	34
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.14	Survey [010]	35
\triangleright	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	11,666	US\$	49
\triangleright	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	112,304	US\$	43
\triangleright	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	7.06	%	42
	Justice	is fairly administered	5.67	Survey [010]	31
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	10.47	micrograms	17

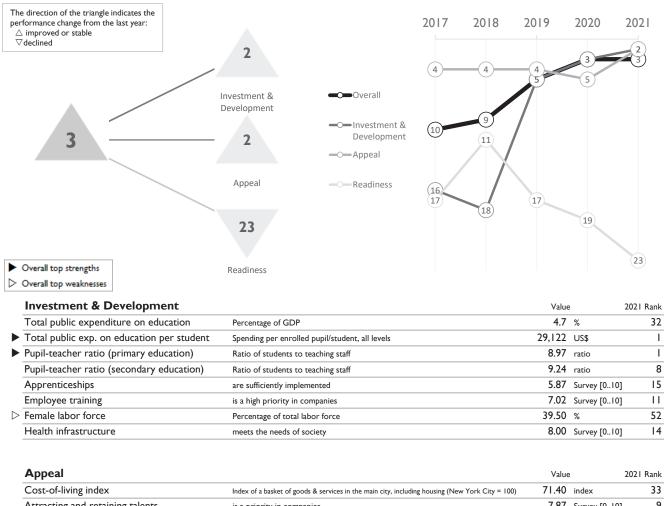
Readiness

adiness		Value	9	2021 Rank
or force growth	Percentage change	0.92	%	11
ed labor	is readily available	5.11	Survey [010]	42
nce skills	are readily available	4.96	Survey [010]	55
rnational experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.90	Survey [010]	22
npetent senior managers	are readily available	5.28	Survey [010]	39
nary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.10	Survey [010]	35
duates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	27.27	%	23
versity education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.85	Survey [010]	39
agement education	meets the needs of the business community	6.15	Survey [010]	38
guage skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	7.42	Survey [010]	20
dent mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	2.40	number	34
cational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	480	Average	32
	or force growth ed labor nce skills rnational experience npetent senior managers nary and secondary education duates in Sciences versity education agement education guage skills lent mobility inbound	Percentage change ed labor is readily available ncc skills are readily available rnational experience of senior managers is generally significant npetent senior managers are readily available nary and secondary education meets the needs of a competitive economy duates in Sciences % of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences versity education meets the needs of a competitive economy agement education meets the needs of a competitive economy guage skills are meeting the needs of enterprises lent mobility inbound Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	or force growth Percentage change 0.92 ed labor is readily available 5.11 nce skills are readily available 4.96 rnational experience of senior managers is generally significant 5.90 npetent senior managers are readily available 5.28 nary and secondary education meets the needs of a competitive economy 6.10 duates in Sciences % of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences 27.27 versity education meets the needs of a competitive economy 5.85 agement education meets the needs of the business community 6.15 guage skills are meeting the needs of enterprises 7.42 lent mobility inbound Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants 2.40	our force growth Percentage change 0.92 % ed labor is readily available 5.11 Survey [0.10] nce skills are readily available 4.96 Survey [0.10] rnational experience of senior managers is generally significant 5.90 Survey [0.10] npetent senior managers are readily available 5.28 Survey [0.10] nary and secondary education meets the needs of a competitive economy 6.10 Survey [0.10] duates in Sciences % of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences 27.27 % versity education meets the needs of a competitive economy 6.15 Survey [0.10] agement education meets the needs of a competitive economy 5.85 Survey [0.10] agement education meets the needs of a competitive economy 5.85 Survey [0.10] guage skills are meeting the needs of enterprises 7.42 Survey [0.10] lent mobility inbound Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants 2.40

79

LUXEMBOURG

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.87	Survey [010]	9
Worker motivation	in companies is high	6.94	Survey [010]	13
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	6.22	Survey [010]	12
Quality of life	is high	9.18	Survey [010]	9
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	7.90	Survey [010]	5
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	64,767	US\$	3
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	263,271	US\$	8
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	9.32	%	48
Justice	is fairly administered	7.90	Survey [010]	10
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	10.09	micrograms	16
	Attracting and retaining talents Worker motivation Brain drain Quality of life Foreign highly-skilled personnel Remuneration in services professions Remuneration of management Collected personal income tax Justice	Attracting and retaining talents is a priority in companies Worker motivation in companies is high Brain drain (well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy Quality of life is high Foreign highly-skilled personnel are attracted to your country's business environment Remuneration in services professions Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$ Remuneration of management Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$ Collected personal income tax On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP Justice is fairly administered	Attracting and retaining talentsis a priority in companies7.87Worker motivationin companies is high6.94Brain drain(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy6.22Quality of lifeis high9.18Foreign highly-skilled personnelare attracted to your country's business environment7.90Remuneration in services professionsGross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$64,767Remuneration of managementTotal base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$263,271Collected personal income taxOn profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP9.32Justiceis fairly administered7.90	Attracting and retaining talentsis a priority in companies7.87Survey [010]Worker motivationin companies is high6.94Survey [010]Brain drain(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy6.22Survey [010]Quality of lifeis high9.18Survey [010]Foreign highly-skilled personnelare attracted to your country's business environment7.90Survey [010]Remuneration in services professionsGross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$64,767US\$Remuneration of managementTotal base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$263,271US\$Collected personal income taxOn profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP9.32%Justiceis fairly administered7.90Survey [010]

Readiness

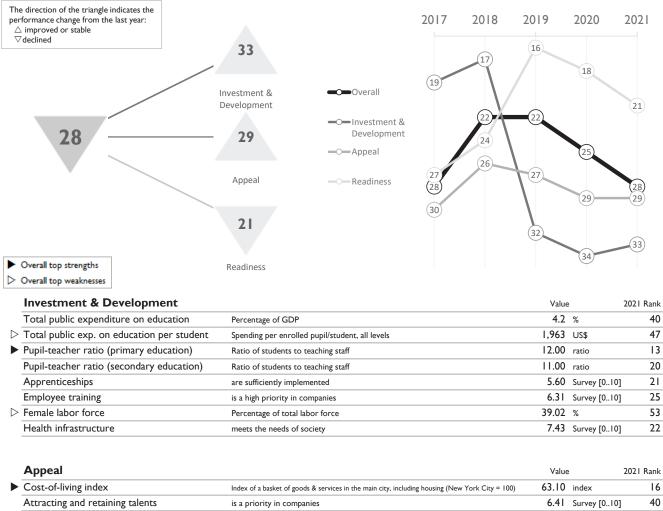
 Labor force growth 	Percentage change	2.32	%	2
▷ Skilled labor	is readily available	4.68	Survey [010]	48
Finance skills	are readily available	6.87	Survey [010]	21
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	7.27	Survey [010]	6
Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.35	Survey [010]	37
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.74	Survey [010]	23
▷ Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	18.96	%	53
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.51	Survey [010]	30
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.79	Survey [010]	24
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	8.32	Survey [010]	10
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	5.63	number	12
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	477	Average	35

Value

2021 Rank

MALAYSIA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

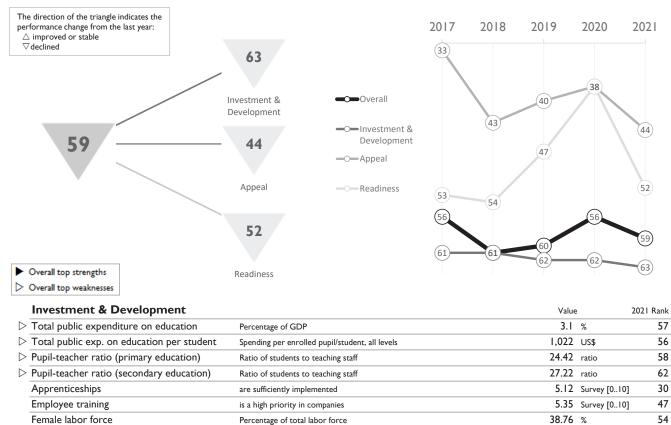


Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.41	Survey [010]	40
Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.76	Survey [010]	31
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	5.23	Survey [010]	26
Quality of life	is high	6.59	Survey [010]	37
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.87	Survey [010]	23
> Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	13,564	US\$	41
> Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	117,688	US\$	42
 Collected personal income tax 	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	2.56	%	17
Justice	is fairly administered	5.41	Survey [010]	35
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	16.55	micrograms	34

	Readiness		Value	•	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.55	%	16
	Skilled labor	is readily available	6.14	Survey [010]	25
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.29	Survey [010]	33
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.69	Survey [010]	30
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.89	Survey [010]	28
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.11	Survey [010]	34
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	39.17	%	2
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.33	Survey [010]	33
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.49	Survey [010]	31
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	6.66	Survey [010]	28
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	2.52	number	32
\triangleright	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	431	Average	45

MEXICO

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
►	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	66.10	index	22
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.21	Survey [010]] 45
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.57	Survey [010]] 37
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	4.10	Survey [010]] 41
	Quality of life	is high	5.18	Survey [010]] 46
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	4.75	Survey [010]] 40
\triangleright	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	7,429	US\$	56
►	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	200,980	US\$	21
►	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	3.42	%	23
	Justice	is fairly administered	2.45	Survey [010]] 54
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	20.11	micrograms	46

meets the needs of society

2.78 Survey [0..10]

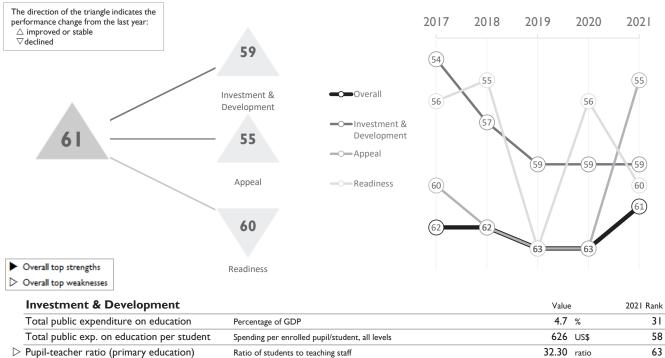
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Health infrastructure

Readiness		Value		2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	-3.03	%	56
Skilled labor	is readily available	5.83	Survey [010]	32
Finance skills	are readily available	6.12	Survey [010]	39
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	6.06	Survey [010]	17
Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.29	Survey [010]	38
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.10	Survey [010]	53
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	25.83	%	26
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.51	Survey [010]	42
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.81	Survey [010]	45
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	5.04	Survey [010]	45
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	0.26	number	55
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	416	Average	48

MONGOLIA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



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	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	20.00	ratio	55
	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	4.10	Survey [010]	53
	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	6.76	Survey [010]	17
	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	47.27	%	15
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	2.70	Survey [010]	59

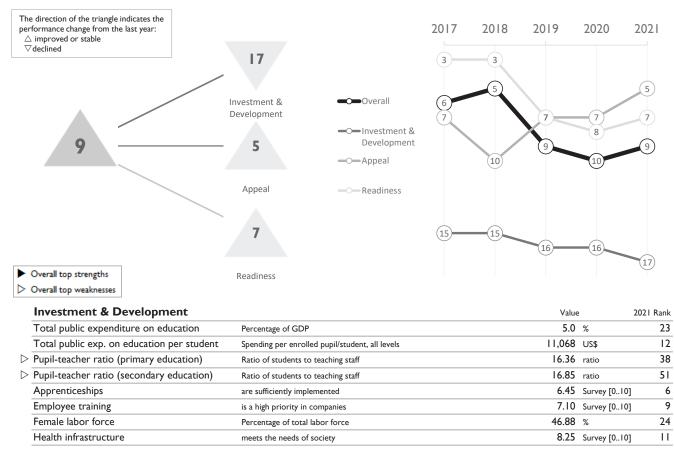
	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	-	index	-
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.26	Survey [010]	24
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	4.00	Survey [010]	61
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	3.52	Survey [010]	51
\triangleright	Quality of life	is high	2.52	Survey [010]	63
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	3.14	Survey [010]	56
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	-	US\$	-
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	-	US\$	-
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	2.48	%	15
	Justice	is fairly administered	2.38	Survey [010]	56
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	42.29	micrograms	59

	1
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	Readiness		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-4.50	%	59
\triangleright	Skilled labor	is readily available	2.76	Survey [010]	64
	Finance skills	are readily available	4.10	Survey [010]	61
\triangleright	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	3.31	Survey [010]	63
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	3.10	Survey [010]	63
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	3.38	Survey [010]	58
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	23.15	%	38
\triangleright	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	2.52	Survey [010]	64
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	3.79	Survey [010]	62
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	4.72	Survey [010]	53
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	0.69	number	51
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	-	Average	-

NETHERLANDS

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



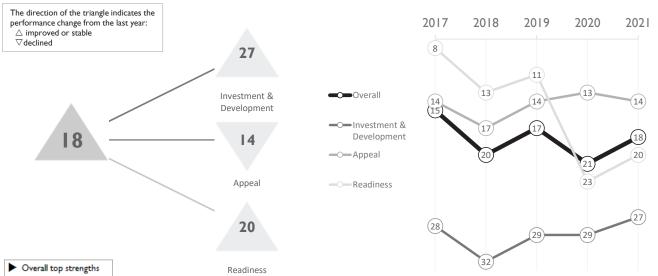
	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	75.70	index	41
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.86	Survey [010]	10
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	7.48	Survey [010]	7
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	7.67	Survey [010]	4
	Quality of life	is high	9.40	Survey [010]	6
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	8.02	Survey [010]	4
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	46,077	US\$	13
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	244,812	US\$	12
\triangleright	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	8.50	%	46
	Justice	is fairly administered	8.62	Survey [010]	4
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	12.03	micrograms	22

Readiness

	Readiness		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.44	%	18
	Skilled labor	is readily available	6.71	Survey [010]] 10
	Finance skills	are readily available	7.94	Survey [010]] 6
►	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	7.79	Survey [010]] 3
►	Competent senior managers	are readily available	7.37	Survey [010]] 2
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	8.37	Survey [010]] 5
\triangleright	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	18.58	%	55
►	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	8.79	Survey [010]] 2
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	8.08	Survey [010]	4
►	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	9.17	Survey [010]] I
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	6.27	number	10
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	502	Average	16

NEW ZEALAND

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



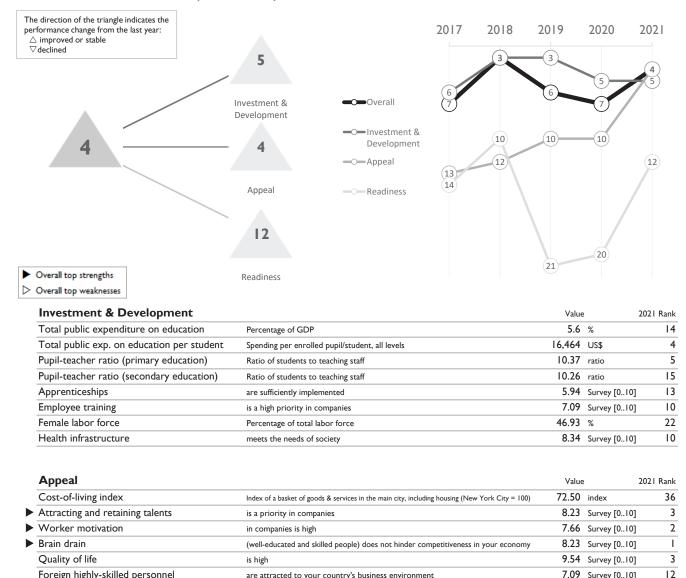
Overall top weaknesses

Investment & Development		Value	. 2	2021 Rank
Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	5.5	%	15
Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	8,798	US\$	21
Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	16.38	ratio	40
\triangleright Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	14.30	ratio	47
> Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	4.87	Survey [010]	40
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	5.57	Survey [010]	41
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	47.04	%	19
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	5.48	Survey [010]	39

Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	68.90	index	28
Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.94	Survey [010]	8
Worker motivation	in companies is high	6.39	Survey [010]	20
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	4.81	Survey [010]	30
Quality of life	is high	8.66	Survey [010]	3
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	7.10	Survey [010]	0
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	40,586	US\$	15
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	160,434	US\$	31
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	12.38	%	61
Justice	is fairly administered	8.48	Survey [010]	5
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	6.05	micrograms	4

Readiness		Value	9	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	1.80	%	5
▷ Skilled labor	is readily available	3.90	Survey [010]	57
Finance skills	are readily available	6.58	Survey [010]	28
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.77	Survey [010]	28
Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.61	Survey [010]	33
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.48	Survey [010]	30
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	22.99	%	39
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.00	Survey [010]	24
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.49	Survey [010]	30
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	6.58	Survey [010]	30
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	10.63	number	4
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	503	Average	14

NORWAY OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	6.67	micrograms	6
	Justice	is fairly administered	8.80	Survey [010]	3
\triangleright	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	10.38	%	52
\triangleright	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	36, 74	US\$	38
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	53,497	US\$	6
	Foreign nignly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	7.09	Survey [010]	12

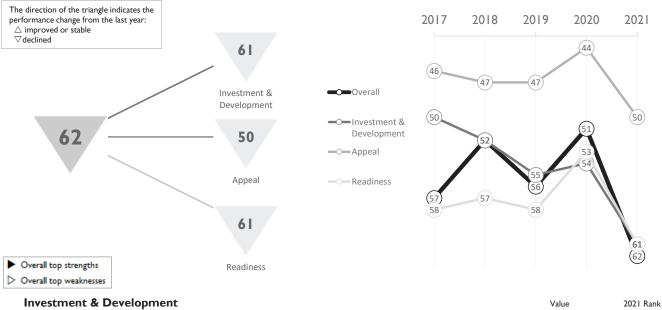
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Readiness

	Reautiless		value	2	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.27	%	20
	Skilled labor	is readily available	7.09	Survey [010]	3
	Finance skills	are readily available	8.00	Survey [010]	5
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.54	Survey [010]	33
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	7.06	Survey [010]	7
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	8.17	Survey [010]	6
\triangleright	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	20.95	%	45
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	8.46	Survey [010]	5
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	8.11	Survey [010]	3
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	8.40	Survey [010]	9
\triangleright	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	2.31	number	37
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	497	Average	22

PERU OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	3.8 %	47
Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	1,055 Us\$	55
Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	24.08 ratio	57
Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	22.87 ratio	56
Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	4.95 Survey [010]	36
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	4.89 Survey [010]	56
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	44.52 %	41
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	1.98 Survey [010]	63

	Appeal		Value	!	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	67.70	index	24
\triangleright	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	5.33	Survey [010]	60
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.23	Survey [010]	45
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	4.15	Survey [010]	39
	Quality of life	is high	4.55	Survey [010]] 51
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.67	Survey [010]	26
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	13,359	US\$	42
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	163,925	US\$	29
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	I.40	%	8
	Justice	is fairly administered	2.28	Survey [010]	58
\triangleright	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	31.06	micrograms	58

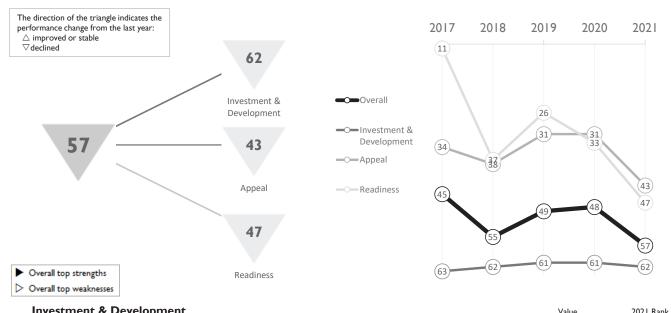
Readiness

Readiness		Value	1	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	-9.73	%	64
Skilled labor	is readily available	4.33	Survey [010]	51
Finance skills	are readily available	5.24	Survey [010]	52
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.30	Survey [010]	37
Competent senior managers	are readily available	4.38	Survey [010]	52
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	3.35	Survey [010]	60
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	29.64	%	11
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.58	Survey [010]	56
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.15	Survey [010]	52
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	4.10	Survey [010]	56
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	-	number	-
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	402	Average	54
	Labor force growth Skilled labor Finance skills International experience Competent senior managers Primary and secondary education Graduates in Sciences University education Management education Language skills Student mobility inbound	Labor force growthPercentage changeSkilled laboris readily availableFinance skillsare readily availableInternational experienceof senior managers is generally significantCompetent senior managersare readily availablePrimary and secondary educationmeets the needs of a competitive economyGraduates in Sciences% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural SciencesUniversity educationmeets the needs of a competitive economyManagement educationmeets the needs of a competitive economyLanguage skillsare meeting the needs of enterprisesStudent mobility inboundForeign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	Labor force growthPercentage change-9.73Skilled laboris readily available4.33Finance skillsare readily available5.24International experienceof senior managers is generally significant5.30Competent senior managersare readily available4.38Primary and secondary educationmeets the needs of a competitive economy3.35Graduates in Sciences% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences29.64University educationmeets the needs of a competitive economy4.58Management educationmeets the needs of enterprises4.10Student mobility inboundForeign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants-	Labor force growthPercentage change-9.73 %Skilled laboris readily available4.33 Survey [0.10]Finance skillsare readily available5.24 Survey [0.10]International experienceof senior managers is generally significant5.30 Survey [0.10]Competent senior managersare readily available4.38 Survey [0.10]Primary and secondary educationmeets the needs of a competitive economy3.35 Survey [0.10]Graduates in Sciences% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences29.64 %University educationmeets the needs of a competitive economy4.58 Survey [0.10]Management educationmeets the needs of the business community5.15 Survey [0.10]Language skillsare meeting the needs of enterprises4.10 Survey [0.10]Student mobility inboundForeign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants- number

87

PHILIPPINES

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



Investment & Development

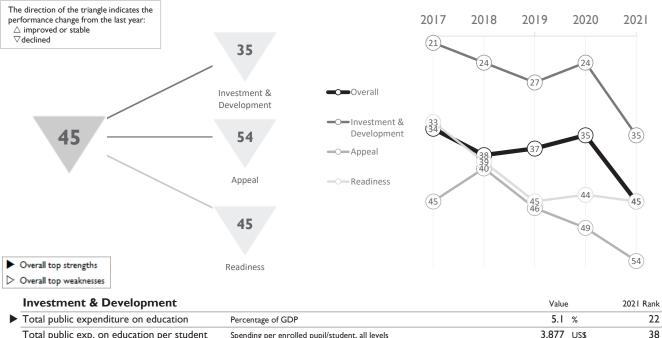
Investment & Development		Value	2021 Rank
Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	3.5 %	52
Dash Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	475 US\$	60
Dash Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	25.78 ratio	60
Dash Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	25.19 ratio	59
Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	4.42 Survey [0.	.10] 50
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	5.79 Survey [0.	.10] 35
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	38.04 %	55
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	3.69 Survey [0.	.10] 52

Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	72.00	index	34
Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.05	Survey [010]	32
Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.37	Survey [010]	42
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	3.94	Survey [010]	45
Quality of life	is high	4.50	Survey [010]	52
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	4.68	Survey [010]	42
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	12,791	US\$	43
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	159,418	US\$	32
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	2.39	%	13
Justice	is fairly administered	3.48	Survey [010]	49
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	18.79	micrograms	40

	Readiness		Value	1	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-2.09	%	52
	Skilled labor	is readily available	6.72	Survey [010]	9
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.40	Survey [010]	32
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.58	Survey [010]	32
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.44	Survey [010]	7
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.92	Survey [010]	46
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	28.28	%	15
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.70	Survey [010]	40
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.23	Survey [010]	36
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	7.26	Survey [010]	21
\triangleright	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	0.12	number	57
\triangleright	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	350	Average	59

POLAND

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



			•	<i>,</i> o	
	Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	3,877	US\$	38
	Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	9.64	ratio	3
	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	10.02	ratio	13
\triangleright	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	3.05	Survey [010]	59
\triangleright	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	4.20	Survey [010]	62
	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	44.64	%	39
\triangleright	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	2.71	Survey [010]	58

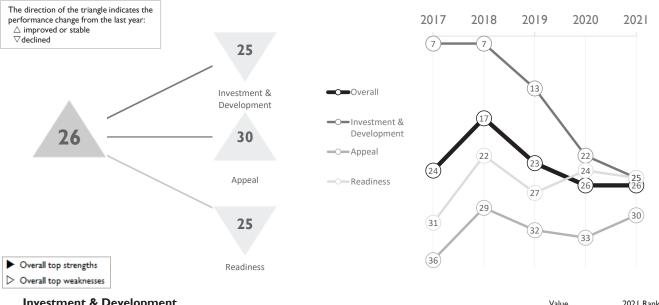
	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
►	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	57.70	index	8
\triangleright	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	4.43	Survey [010]	63
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	4.69	Survey [010]	53
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	3.07	Survey [010]	54
	Quality of life	is high	5.11	Survey [010]	48
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	3.34	Survey [010]	54
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	18,898	US\$	34
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	145,948	US\$	36
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	5.37	%	33
\triangleright	Justice	is fairly administered	2.35	Survey [010]] 57
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	22.77	micrograms	50

Readiness

Readiness		Value	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.24 %	30
Skilled labor	is readily available	4.09 Survey [0	10] 52
Finance skills	are readily available	4.91 Survey [0	10] 56
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.75 Survey [0	10] 50
Competent senior managers	are readily available	4.51 Survey [0	io] 51
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.37 Survey [0	10] 48
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	20.81 %	46
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.73 Survey [0	10] 53
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.14 Survey [0	10] 53
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	5.36 Survey [0	10] 42
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	1.44 number	46
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	513 Average	10

PORTUGAL

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

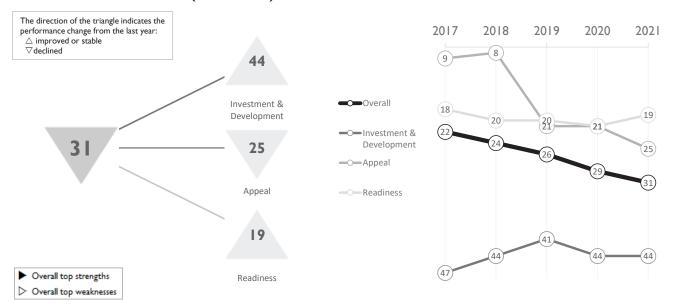


Investment & Development		Value	9	2021 Rank
Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	4.4	%	38
Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	5,302	US\$	32
Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	12.31	ratio	17
Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	9.15	ratio	6
• Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	4.61	Survey [010]	47
· Employee training	is a high priority in companies	4.56	Survey [010]	60
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	49.45	%	5
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	7.01	Survey [010]	27
	Total public expenditure on education Total public exp. on education per student Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education) Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education) Apprenticeships Employee training Female labor force	Total public expenditure on educationPercentage of GDPTotal public exp. on education per studentSpending per enrolled pupil/student, all levelsPupil-teacher ratio (primary education)Ratio of students to teaching staffPupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)Ratio of students to teaching staffApprenticeshipsare sufficiently implementedEmployee trainingis a high priority in companiesFernale labor forcePercentage of total labor force	Total public expenditure on educationPercentage of GDP4.4Total public exp. on education per studentSpending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels5,302Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)Ratio of students to teaching staff12.31Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)Ratio of students to teaching staff9.15Apprenticeshipsare sufficiently implemented4.61Employee trainingis a high priority in companies4.56Female labor forcePercentage of total labor force49.45	Total public expenditure on educationPercentage of GDP4.4 %Total public exp. on education per studentSpending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels5,302US\$Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)Ratio of students to teaching staff12.31ratioPupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)Ratio of students to teaching staff9.15ratioApprenticeshipsare sufficiently implemented4.61Survey [0.10]Employee trainingis a high priority in companies4.56Survey [0.10]Fernale labor forcePercentage of total labor force49.45%

	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	68.40	index	26
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.43	Survey [010]	39
\triangleright	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.04	Survey [010]	49
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	4.03	Survey [010]	43
	Quality of life	is high	7.73	Survey [010]	23
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.24	Survey [010]	34
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	21,500	US\$	32
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	157,932	US\$	33
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	6.35	%	38
\triangleright	Justice	is fairly administered	2.99	Survey [010]] 51
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	8.18	micrograms	11

	Readiness		Value	2	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-1.67	%	47
	Skilled labor	is readily available	6.47	Survey [010]	14
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.27	Survey [010]	34
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.00	Survey [010]	43
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.04	Survey [010]	44
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.59	Survey [010]	26
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	27.99	%	16
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.65	Survey [010]	17
►	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	7.49	Survey [010]	14
►	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	8.45	Survey [010]	8
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	3.48	number	27
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	492	Average	26

QATAR **OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)**



Investment & Development

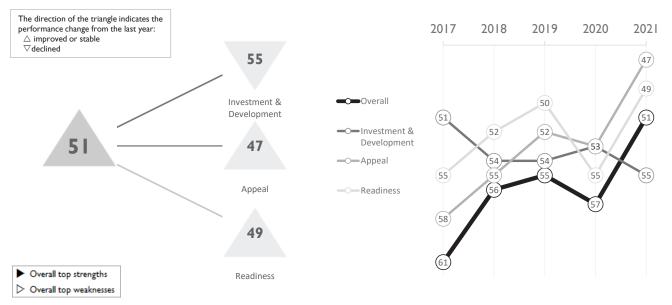
	Investment & Development		Value	9	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	2.8	%	61
►	Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	13,782	US\$	7
	Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	12.15	ratio	16
	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	11.77	ratio	26
	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	6.21	Survey [010]	8
	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	6.60	Survey [010]	19
\triangleright	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	13.82	%	63
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	8.36	Survey [010]	9

Appea	l		Value	2	2021 Rank
Cost-of-	living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	68.10	index	25
Attracti	ng and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.28	Survey [010]	23
Worker	motivation	in companies is high	6.48	Survey [010]	7
Brain dr	ain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	6.21	Survey [010]	4
Quality	of life	is high	8.31	Survey [010]	15
Foreign	highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	7.45	Survey [010]	8
Remune	ration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	22,573	US\$	31
Remune	ration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	161,676	US\$	30
Collecte	ed personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	0.00	%	I
Justice		is fairly administered	7.86	Survey [010]	2
▷ Exposur	e to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	77.11	micrograms	63

	Readiness		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	1.04	%	7
	Skilled labor	is readily available	6.05	Survey [010]] 28
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.87	Survey [010]] 20
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	7.21	Survey [010]] 7
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.67	Survey [010]] [2
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.76	Survey [010]] []
\triangleright	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	24.23	%	35
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.95	Survey [010]]
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	7.59	Survey [010]] 3
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	7.83	Survey [010]] [6
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	4.41	number	17
\triangleright	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	413	Average	50

ROMANIA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



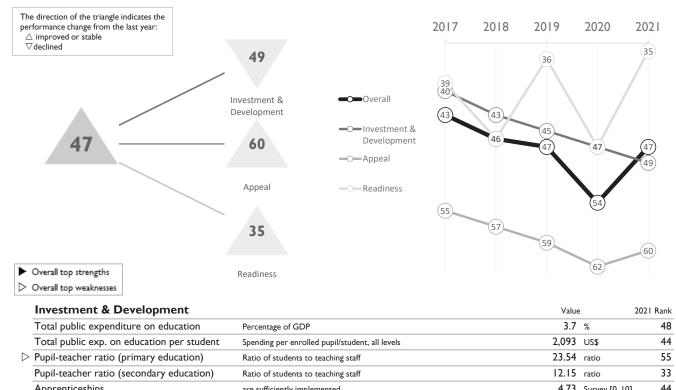
Investment & Development

Investment & Development		Value	2021 Rank
Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	3.6 %	49
Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	2,584 USS	\$ 42
Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	19.33 rati	o 52
Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	12.08 rati	o 30
> Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	2.70 Sur	vey [010] 62
> Employee training	is a high priority in companies	4.77 Sur	vey [010] 59
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	42.53 %	48
> Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	2.77 Sur	vey [010] 57

Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	56.50	index	6
Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	5.70	Survey [010]] 56
Worker motivation	in companies is high	4.37	Survey [010]] 56
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	2.98	Survey [010]] 56
Quality of life	is high	4.37	Survey [010]] 55
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	4.37	Survey [010]] 47
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	11,654	US\$	50
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	90,522	US\$	49
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	2.19	%	12
Justice	is fairly administered	4.20	Survey [010]] 47
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	15.06	micrograms	30

	Readiness		Value	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.07 %	27
	Skilled labor	is readily available	4.03 Survey [0	10] 55
\triangleright	Finance skills	are readily available	4.30 Survey [0	10] 60
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.03 Survey [0	10] 42
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	3.97 Survey [0	10] 55
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.10 Survey [0	10] 52
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	30.01 %	10
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.63 Survey [0	10] 55
\triangleright	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	4.07 Survey [0	10] 61
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	6.90 Survey [0	10] 26
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	1.56 number	45
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	428 Average	46

RUSSIA OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



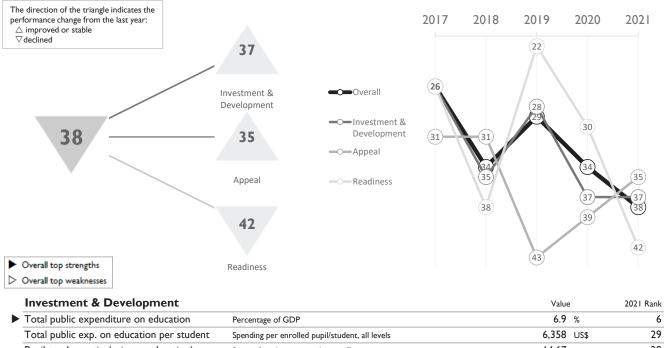
Apprenticesnips	are sufficiently implemented	4.73	Survey [010]	44
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	5.53	Survey [010]	42
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	48.52	%	7
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	4.64	Survey [010]	45

Appeal		Value		2021 Rank
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	86.70	index	52
Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	5.96	Survey [010]	53
\triangleright Worker motivation	in companies is high	4.38	Survey [010]] 55
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	3.37	Survey [010]	53
▷ Quality of life	is high	3.75	Survey [010]	59
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	3.53	Survey [010]	53
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	8,987	US\$	54
\triangleright Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	67,544	US\$	55
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	3.62	%	25
Justice	is fairly administered	3.44	Survey [010]	50
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	11.78	micrograms	20

	Readiness		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.63	%	40
	Skilled labor	is readily available	6.36	Survey [010]	8
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.64	Survey [010]	26
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.53	Survey [010]	54
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.84	Survey [010]	29
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.47	Survey [010]	44
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	31.36	%	8
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.33	Survey [010]	45
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.24	Survey [010]	50
\triangleright	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	4.07	Survey [010]	57
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	1.93	number	39
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	481	Average	31

SAUDI ARABIA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



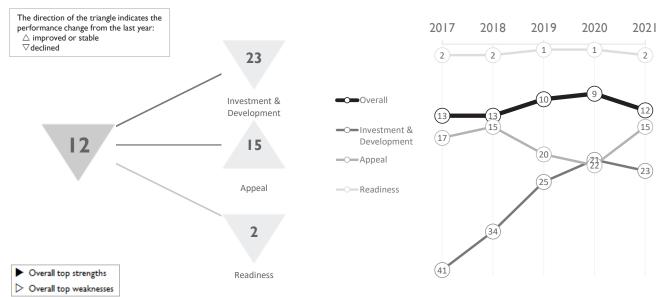
	Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	6,358	US\$	29
	Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	14.67	ratio	29
	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	13.57	ratio	45
	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	5.60	Survey [010]	21
	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	5.75	Survey [010]	36
\triangleright	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	21.52	%	60
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	7.48	Survey [010]	19

	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	83.10	index	48
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.15	Survey [010]	28
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.70	Survey [010]	32
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	5.25	Survey [010]] 25
	Quality of life	is high	6.81	Survey [010]	35
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	6.93	Survey [010]] 15
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	28,388	US\$	25
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	144,621	US\$	37
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	0.00	%	Ι
	Justice	is fairly administered	6.88	Survey [010]	22
\triangleright	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	64.06	micrograms	62

	Readiness		Value	9	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.47	%	17
\triangleright	Skilled labor	is readily available	4.89	Survey [010]	47
	Finance skills	are readily available	5.93	Survey [010]	43
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	6.73	Survey [010]	9
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.75	Survey [010]	30
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.25	Survey [010]	32
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	22.03	%	42
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.43	Survey [010]	31
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.97	Survey [010]	40
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	6.48	Survey [010]	32
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	2.15	number	38
\triangleright	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	386	Average	57

SINGAPORE

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



Investment & Development

Investment & Development		Value	2	2021 Rank
Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	2.5	%	62
Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	13,246	US\$	9
Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	14.20	ratio	27
Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	11.33	ratio	23
Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	5.63	Survey [010]	20
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	6.35	Survey [010]	23
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	46.27	%	30
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	8.60	Survey [010]	5

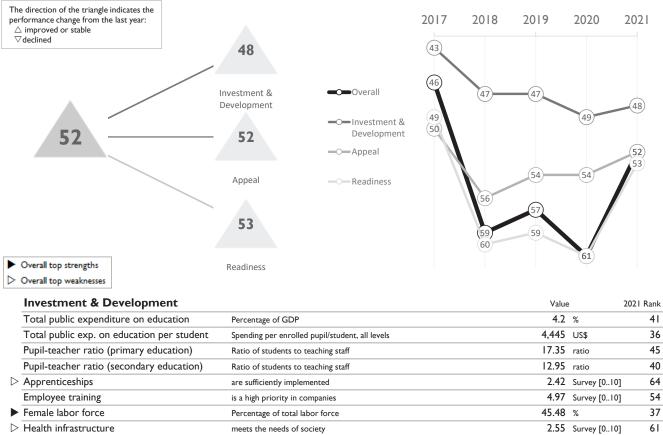
	Appeal		Value		2021 Rank
\triangleright	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	101.80	index	58
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.69	Survey [010]	2
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	6.45	Survey [010]	8
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	6.49	Survey [010]	9
	Quality of life	is high	8.27	Survey [010]	8
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	8.08	Survey [010]] 3
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	-	US\$	-
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	298,777	US\$	4
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	2.42	%	14
	Justice	is fairly administered	8.16	Survey [010]	8
\triangleright	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	19.00	micrograms	42

Readiness	
Readiness	

Readiness		Value	9	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.76	%	41
Skilled labor	is readily available	6.33	Survey [010]	20
Finance skills	are readily available	7.48	Survey [010]	11
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	6.85	Survey [010]	8
Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.64	Survey [010]	13
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	8.40	Survey [010]	4
 Graduates in Sciences 	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	35.40	%	4
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	8.35	Survey [010]	6
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	7.94	Survey [010]	8
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	8.49	Survey [010]	7
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	9.30	number	5
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	556	Average	2

SLOVAK REPUBLIC

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



 \triangleright Health infrastructure

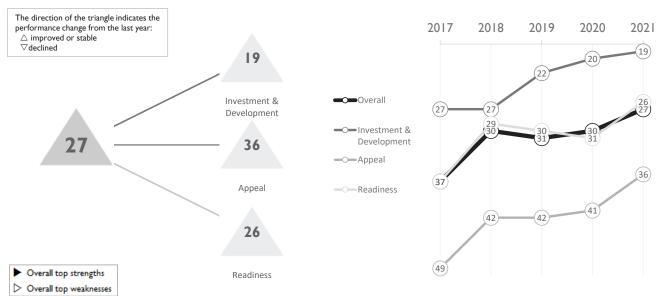
	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	64.20	index	17
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	5.33	Survey [010]	59
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	4.36	Survey [010]] 57
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	2.67	Survey [010]] 57
	Quality of life	is high	4.98	Survey [010]	49
\triangleright	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	2.58	Survey [010]	60
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	14,558	US\$	39
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	175,796	US\$	28
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	3.81	%	28
	Justice	is fairly administered	2.61	Survey [010]	53
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	18.53	micrograms	39

meets the needs of society

	Readiness		Value	2021 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.57 %	38
	Skilled labor	is readily available	4.00 Survey [0	10] 56
	Finance skills	are readily available	5.42 Survey [0	10] 49
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.42 Survey [0	10] 57
\triangleright	Competent senior managers	are readily available	3.45 Survey [0	10] 60
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	3.69 Survey [0	10] 57
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	21.82 %	43
\triangleright	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	3.82 Survey [0	10] 62
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	4.67 Survey [0	10] 56
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	4.73 Survey [0	10] 52
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	2.34 number	36
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	469 Average	37

SLOVENIA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



Investment & Development		Value	9	2021 Rank
Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	4.9	%	24
Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	6,401	US\$	28
 Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education) 	Ratio of students to teaching staff	10.58	ratio	7
Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	9.27	ratio	9
▷ Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	3.05	Survey [010]	60
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	6.45	Survey [010]	20
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	46.08	%	33
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	4.89	Survey [010]	43
Employee training Female labor force	is a high priority in companies Percentage of total labor force	6.45 46.08	Survey [010] %	

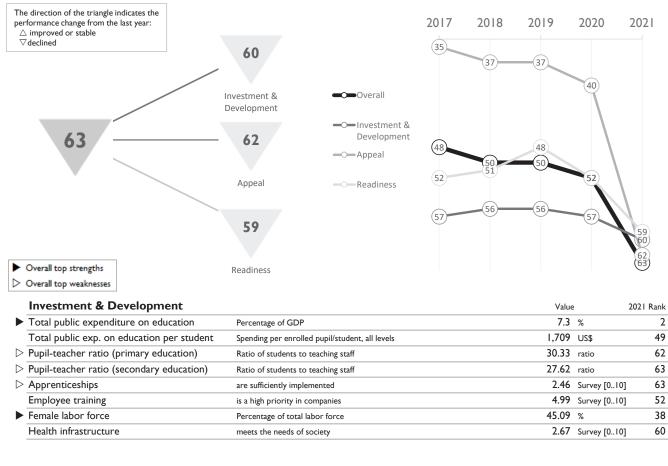
Α	ppeal		Value		2021 Rank
► C	ost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	62.40	index	14
A	ttracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.48	Survey [010]] 37
$\triangleright w$	/orker motivation	in companies is high	5.21	Survey [010]	46
⊳ Br	rain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	3.79	Survey [010]	49
Q	uality of life	is high	8.05	Survey [010]	22
⊳ Fc	preign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	3.07	Survey [010]] 57
Re	emuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	23,443	US\$	30
Re	emuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	127,847	US\$	41
С	ollected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	5.35	%	32
Ju	stice	is fairly administered	4.54	Survey [010]] 45
E>	posure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	17.06	micrograms	37

Readiness		Value	1	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.17	%	23
Skilled labor	is readily available	5.32	Survey [010]	38
Finance skills	are readily available	5.89	Survey [010]	44
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.21	Survey [010]	39
Competent senior managers	are readily available	4.94	Survey [010]	46
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.77	Survey [010]	22
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	27.97	%	17
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.09	Survey [010]	36
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.88	Survey [010]	22
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	8.13	Survey [010]	2
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	2.43	number	33
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	504	Average	12

97

SOUTH AFRICA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

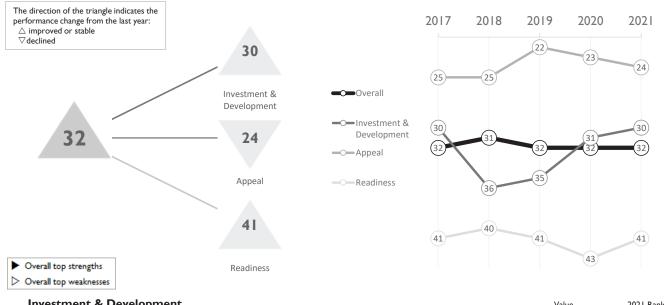


	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	51.60	index	2
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	5.54	Survey [010]	58
\triangleright	Worker motivation	in companies is high	3.72	Survey [010]	63
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	2.26	Survey [010]	59
	Quality of life	is high	4.44	Survey [010]	53
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	3.79	Survey [010]	50
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	17,757	US\$	35
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	43,111	US\$	58
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	10.39	%	53
	Justice	is fairly administered	5.03	Survey [010]	38
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	28.33	micrograms	56

Readiness

Readiness		Value	2	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	-3.84	%	57
Skilled labor	is readily available	3.67	Survey [010]	60
Finance skills	are readily available	5.31	Survey [010]	j 51
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.46	Survey [010]	56
Competent senior managers	are readily available	4.82	Survey [010]] 47
Dash Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	2.90	Survey [010]	61
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	18.33	%	58
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.51	Survey [010]] 57
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.33	Survey [010]	49
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	5.23	Survey [010]	43
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	0.69	number	50
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	-	Average	-

SPAIN OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



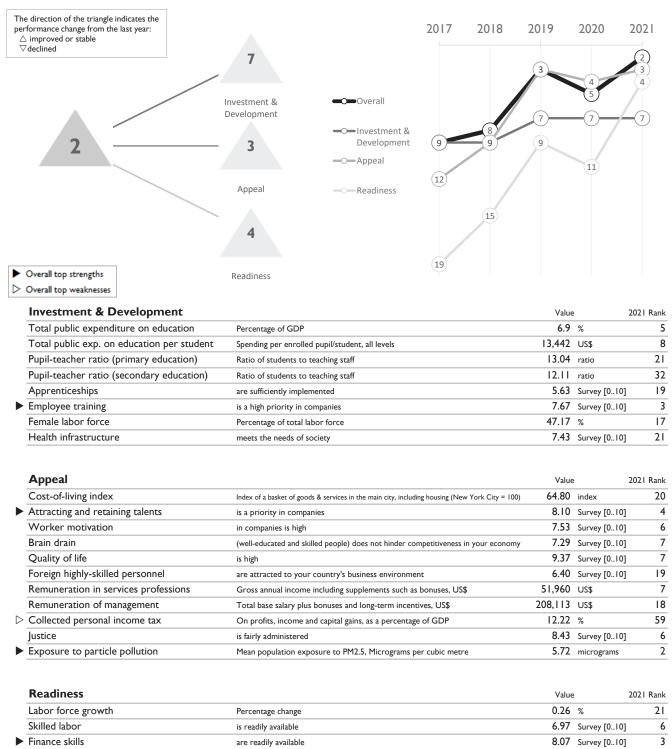
Investment & Development		Value	9	2021 Rank
Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	4.0	%	42
Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	5,663	US\$	31
Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	13.58	ratio	25
Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	11.02	ratio	21
Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	4.89	Survey [010]	38
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	5.28	Survey [010]	48
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	46.73	%	27
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	7.65	Survey [010]	18
	Total public expenditure on education Total public exp. on education per student Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education) Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education) Apprenticeships Employee training	Total public expenditure on educationPercentage of GDPTotal public exp. on education per studentSpending per enrolled pupil/student, all levelsPupil-teacher ratio (primary education)Ratio of students to teaching staffPupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)Ratio of students to teaching staffApprenticeshipsare sufficiently implementedEmployee trainingis a high priority in companiesFemale labor forcePercentage of total labor force	Total public expenditure on educationPercentage of GDP4.0Total public exp. on education per studentSpending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels5,663Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)Ratio of students to teaching staff13.58Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)Ratio of students to teaching staff11.02Apprenticeshipsare sufficiently implemented4.89Employee trainingis a high priority in companies5.28Female labor forcePercentage of total labor force46.73	Total public expenditure on educationPercentage of GDP4.0 %Total public exp. on education per studentSpending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels5,663US\$Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)Ratio of students to teaching staff13.58ratioPupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)Ratio of students to teaching staff11.02ratioApprenticeshipsare sufficiently implemented4.89Survey [0.10]Employee trainingis a high priority in companies5.28Survey [0.10]Female labor forcePercentage of total labor force46.73%

	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	71.10	index	31
\triangleright	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	5.93	Survey [010]	54
\triangleright	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.14	Survey [010]	47
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	4.42	Survey [010]	36
	Quality of life	is high	8.37	Survey [010]	4
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.77	Survey [010]	24
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	36,803	US\$	20
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	203,446	US\$	19
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	7.87	%	44
	Justice	is fairly administered	4.80	Survey [010]	42
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	9.99	micrograms	13

	Readiness		Value	2	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-1.28	%	46
	Skilled labor	is readily available	5.64	Survey [010]	35
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.44	Survey [010]	30
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.04	Survey [010]	41
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.45	Survey [010]	36
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.84	Survey [010]	39
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	22.27	%	41
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.43	Survey [010]	44
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	6.64	Survey [010]	27
\triangleright	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	4.52	Survey [010]	55
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	1.64	number	43
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	492	Average	27

SWEDEN

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



of senior managers is generally significant

meets the needs of a competitive economy

meets the needs of a competitive economy

meets the needs of the business community

Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants

are meeting the needs of enterprises

PISA survey of 15-year olds

% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences

are readily available

5

3

16

21

7

5

6

28

15

7.40 Survey [0..10]

7.32 Survey [0..10]

7.53 Survey [0..10]

8.17 Survey [0..10]

8.03 Survey [0..10]

8.60 Survey [0..10]

2.99 number

503 Average

27.32 %

International experience

Graduates in Sciences

Management education

Student mobility inbound

Educational assessment - PISA

University education

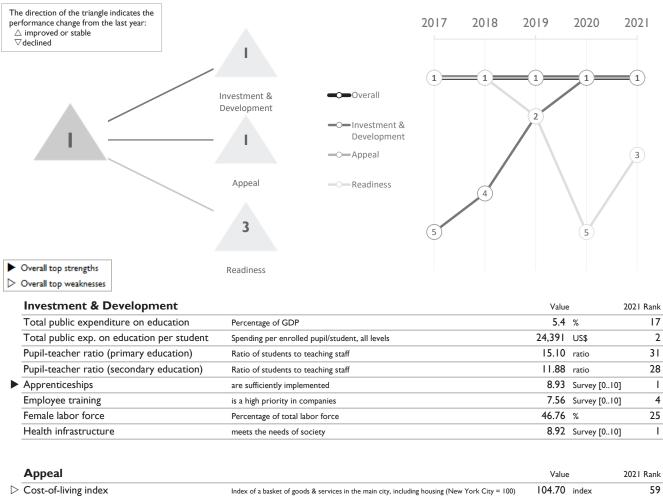
Language skills

Competent senior managers

Primary and secondary education

SWITZERLAND

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



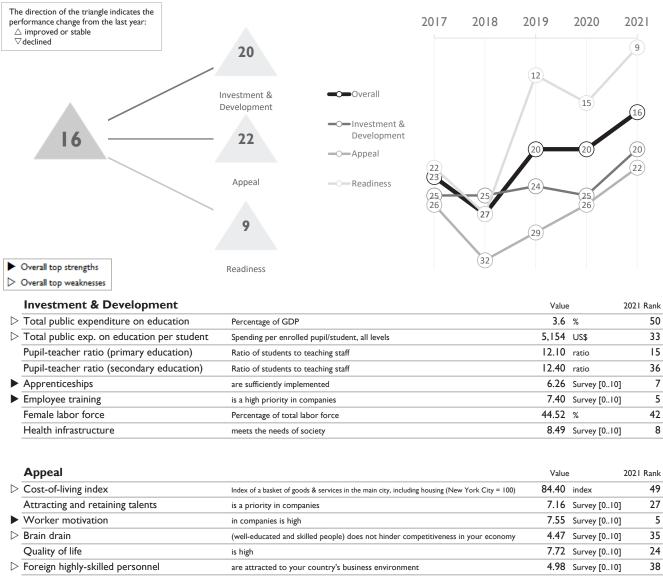
\triangleright	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	104.70	index	59
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.86	Survey [010]	11
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	7.58	Survey [010]	4
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	7.92	Survey [010]	2
	Quality of life	is high	9.67	Survey [010]	2
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	9.05	Survey [010]	I
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	81,614	US\$	I
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	456,448	US\$	I
\triangleright	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	8.40	%	45
	Justice	is fairly administered	8.40	Survey [010]	7
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	10.04	micrograms	15

Readiness

Readiness		Value	9	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.24	%	22
Skilled labor	is readily available	6.96	Survey [010]	7
Finance skills	are readily available	8.22	Survey [010]	2
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	7.98	Survey [010]	I
Competent senior managers	are readily available	7.20	Survey [010]	5
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	8.99	Survey [010]	2
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	25.35	%	28
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	9.10	Survey [010]	I
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	8.71	Survey [010]	I
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	8.75	Survey [010]	4
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	6.52	number	9
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	498	Average	21

TAIWAN, CHINA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	4.98 Survey [0.	10] 38
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	26,500 US\$	27
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	183,102 US\$	23
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	2.65 %	19
Justice	is fairly administered	6.42 Survey [0.	10] 25
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	16.20 microgram	ns 33

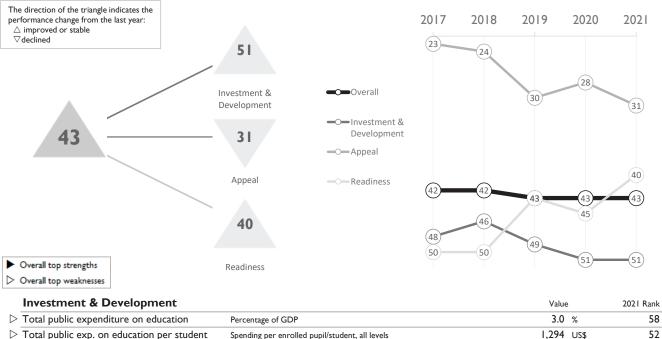
Value

2021 Rank

Readiness		v aiue	2	
Labor force growth	Percentage change	0.15	%	24
Skilled labor	is readily available	6.51	Survey [010]	13
Finance skills	are readily available	7.15	Survey [010]	15
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.84	Survey [010]	27
Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.06	Survey [010]	25
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.44	Survey [010]	18
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	32.27	%	5
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.33	Survey [010]	20
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	7.36	Survey [010]	16
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	6.49	Survey [010]	31
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	5.43	number	14
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	516	Average	8

THAILAND

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

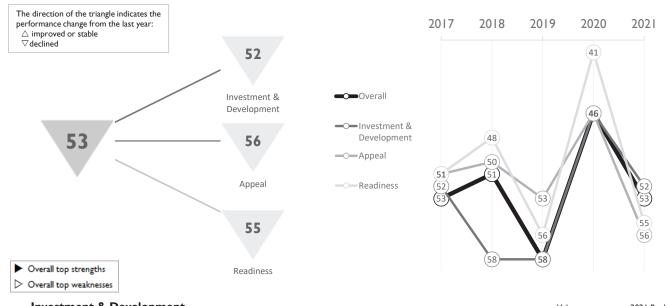


~	rotal public exp. on education per student	opending per en olica pupilistadent, an levels	1,271	054	52
	Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	13.00	ratio	20
\triangleright	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	26.25	ratio	61
	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	5.56	Survey [010]	24
	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	6.45	Survey [010]	20
	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	45.66	%	36
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	7.86	Survey [010]	16

Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	82.60	index	47
Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.23	Survey [010]] 25
Worker motivation	in companies is high	6.28	Survey [010]] 22
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	5.73	Survey [010]] 20
Quality of life	is high	6.54	Survey [010]] 38
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	6.02	Survey [010]] 22
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	12,681	US\$	44
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	193,546	US\$	22
Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	1.77	%	10
Justice	is fairly administered	5.70	Survey [010]] 30
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	27.32	micrograms	54

eadiness		Value	9	2021 Rank
bor force growth	Percentage change	0.96	%	9
illed labor	is readily available	6.19	Survey [010]] 22
nance skills	are readily available	6.22	Survey [010]] 37
ernational experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.87	Survey [010]] 25
ompetent senior managers	are readily available	6.37	Survey [010]] 19
imary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.63	Survey [010]] 42
aduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	27.86	%	19
niversity education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.95	Survey [010]] 37
anagement education	meets the needs of the business community	6.21	Survey [010]] 37
nguage skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	5.02	Survey [010]] 46
udent mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	0.38	number	54
ucational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	412	Average	51
	boor force growth Iled labor ance skills ernational experience ompetent senior managers mary and secondary education aduates in Sciences iversity education inagement education nguage skills ident mobility inbound	Door force growthPercentage changelled laboris readily availableance skillsare readily availableernational experienceof senior managers is generally significantompetent senior managersare readily availablemary and secondary educationmeets the needs of a competitive economyaduates in Sciences% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciencesviversity educationmeets the needs of a competitive economyinagement educationmeets the needs of a competitive economynguage skillsare meeting the needs of enterprisesident mobility inboundForeign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	Door force growth Percentage change 0.96 lled labor is readily available 6.19 ance skills are readily available 6.22 ernational experience of senior managers is generally significant 5.87 ompetent senior managers are readily available 6.37 mary and secondary education meets the needs of a competitive economy 5.63 aduates in Sciences % of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences 27.86 niversity education meets the needs of a competitive economy 5.95 inagement education meets the needs of a competitive economy 5.95 unagement education meets the needs of enterprises 5.02 guage skills are meeting the needs of enterprises 5.02 ident mobility inbound Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants 0.38	Percentage change0.96boor force growthPercentage change0.96lled laboris readily available6.19survey [0.10]are readily available6.22ance skillsare readily available6.22ernational experienceof senior managers is generally significant5.87survey [0.10]survey [0.10]ompetent senior managersare readily available6.37survey [0.10]survey [0.10]mary and secondary educationmeets the needs of a competitive economy5.63aduates in Sciences% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences27.86viversity educationmeets the needs of a competitive economy5.95survey [0.10]meets the needs of the business community6.21survey [0.10]are meeting the needs of enterprises5.02survey [0.10]survey [0.10]5.02udent mobility inboundForeign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants0.38

TURKEY OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

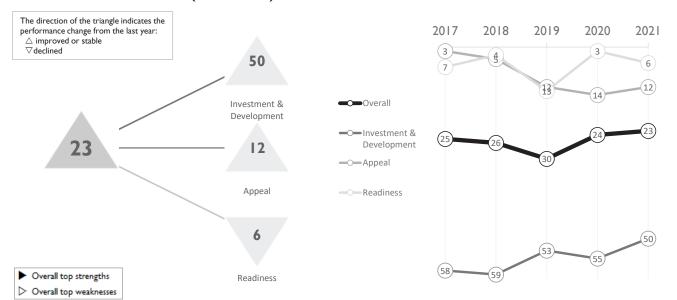


Investment & Development		Value	2021 Rank
Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	4.4	% 36
Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	1,306	US\$ 51
Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	17.52	ratio 46
Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	13.37	ratio 44
Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	4.43	Survey [010] 48
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	5.19	Survey [010] 50
▷ Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	31.53	% 58
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	6.94	Survey [010] 28

Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
 Cost-of-living index 	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	61.00	index	11
Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.04	Survey [010]	50
Worker motivation	in companies is high	4.94	Survey [010]	51
Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	3.40	Survey [010]	52
Quality of life	is high	4.43	Survey [010]	54
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	3.19	Survey [010]	55
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	8,368	US\$	55
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	128,492	US\$	40
 Collected personal income tax 	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	3.77	%	27
> Justice	is fairly administered	2.21	Survey [010]	59
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	26.85	micrograms	53

	Readiness		Value	9	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-5.15	%	61
	Skilled labor	is readily available	6.13	Survey [010]] 26
	Finance skills	are readily available	6.43	Survey [010]] 31
\triangleright	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.30	Survey [010]] 59
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.66	Survey [010]] 32
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.00	Survey [010]] 55
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	18.36	%	57
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.43	Survey [010]] 58
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	4.85	Survey [010]] 54
\triangleright	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	4.04	Survey [010]] 58
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	1.86	number	41
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	462	Average	40

UAE **OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)**



Investment &	Development
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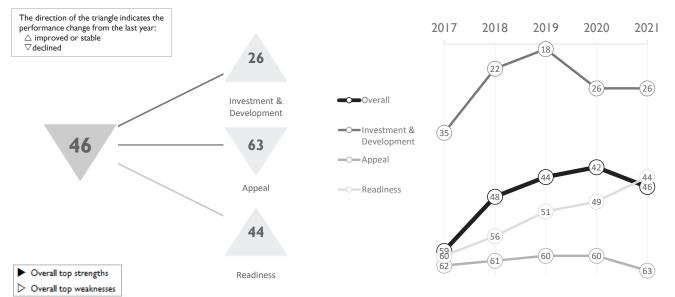
	Investment & Development		Value	2	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	3.1	%	54
	Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	7,984	US\$	22
	Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	18.60	ratio	49
	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	10.46	ratio	17
	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	6.48	Survey [010]	5
	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	7.13	Survey [010]	8
\triangleright	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	14.62	%	62
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	8.50	Survey [010]	7

	Appeal		Value	1	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	85.80	index	51
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.58	Survey [010]	4
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	7.35	Survey [010]	8
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	7.79	Survey [010]] 3
	Quality of life	is high	8.92	Survey [010]] 10
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	8.42	Survey [010]] 2
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	32,449	US\$	24
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	243,522	US\$	13
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	0.00	%	I
	Justice	is fairly administered	7.90	Survey [010]	
\triangleright	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	43.08	micrograms	60

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UKRAINE

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



Investment & Development	
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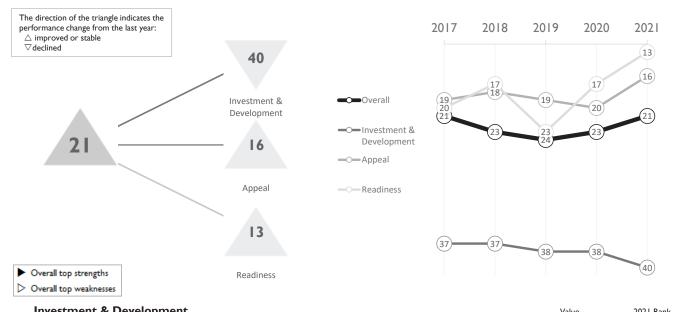
Investment & Development		Value	9	2021 Rank
 Total public expenditure on education 	Percentage of GDP	5.4	%	16
Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	1,205	US\$	53
 Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education) 	Ratio of students to teaching staff	12.98	ratio	19
 Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education) 	Ratio of students to teaching staff	7.34	ratio	I
Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	4.98	Survey [010]	34
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	5.68	Survey [010]	37
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	47.61	%	13
> Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	2.22	Survey [010]	62

	Appeal		Value		2021 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	68.40	index	26
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.35	Survey [010]	42
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	4.95	Survey [010]	50
\triangleright	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	1.90	Survey [010]	62
\triangleright	Quality of life	is high	3.11	Survey [010]	62
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	2.86	Survey [010]	58
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	3,311	US\$	60
\triangleright	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	30,281	US\$	60
	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	6.92	%	41
\triangleright	Justice	is fairly administered	1.97	Survey [010]	61
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	14.70	micrograms	29

Readiness		Value	2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	-2.68 %	54
Skilled labor	is readily available	5.87 Survey [0.	.10] 31
Finance skills	are readily available	5.77 Survey [0.	.10] 47
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.76 Survey [0.	.10] 49
Competent senior managers	are readily available	5.02 Survey [0.	.10] 45
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.92 Survey [0.	.10] 47
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	25.05 %	31
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	4.87 Survey [0.	.10] 51
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.94 Survey [0.	.10] 42
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	4.73 Survey [0.	.10] 51
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	1.32 number	48
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	463 Average	39

UNITED KINGDOM

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

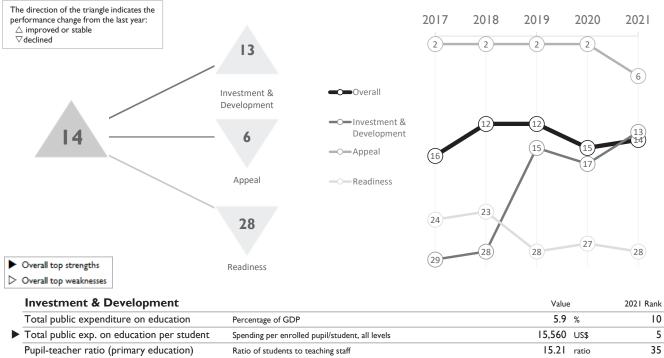


	investment & Development		value	2021 Kank
	Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	4.9 %	26
	Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	8,932 US\$	20
\triangleright	Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	19.88 ratio	53
\triangleright	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	17.30 ratio	52
	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	4.88 Survey [010]	39
	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	5.67 Survey [010]	38
	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	47.53 %	14
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	6.83 Survey [010]	29

	Appeal		Value	!	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	87.50	index	53
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.13	Survey [010]	30
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	6.14	Survey [010]	26
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	6.20	Survey [010]] 15
	Quality of life	is high	7.09	Survey [010]	30
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	6.37	Survey [010]	20
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	39,774	US\$	17
►	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	242,150	US\$	14
\triangleright	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	9.09	%	47
►	Justice	is fairly administered	7.84	Survey [010]] 13
►	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	10.02	micrograms	14

Readiness		Value		2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	-0.08	%	28
Skilled labor	is readily available	6.42	Survey [010]	16
Finance skills	are readily available	6.89	Survey [010]	18
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.88	Survey [010]	23
Competent senior managers	are readily available	6.58	Survey [010]	14
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.03	Survey [010]	20
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	26.25	%	24
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.69	Survey [010]	16
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	7.15	Survey [010]	20
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	5.38	Survey [010]	41
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	7.32	number	8
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	503	Average	13

USA OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



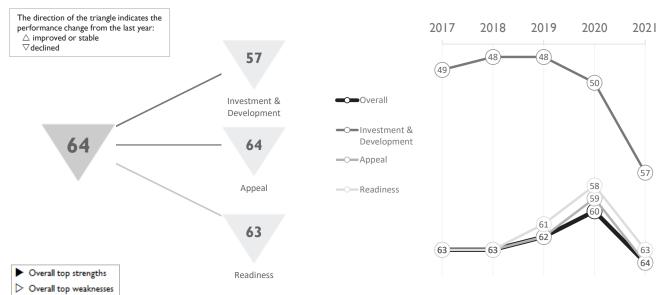
\triangleright	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	15.16 ratio	o 4	19
	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	4.74 Surv	vey [010] 4	1 3
	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	6.23 Surv	vey [010] 2	29
	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	46.99 %	2	20
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	6.34 Surv	vey [010] 3	35

	Appeal		Value	2	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	100.00	index	57
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.68	Survey [010]	3
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	6.49	Survey [010]	6
	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	7.21	Survey [010]	8
	Quality of life	is high	7.51	Survey [010]	27
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	7.87	Survey [010]	6
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	59,616	US\$	4
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	396,392	US\$	2
\triangleright	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	10.14	%	51
	Justice	is fairly administered	6.04	Survey [010]	27
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	7.68	micrograms	9

	Readiness		Value	2	2021 Rank
\triangleright	Labor force growth	Percentage change	-1.71	%	48
	Skilled labor	is readily available	6.45	Survey [010]	15
	Finance skills	are readily available	7.50	Survey [010]	10
	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	5.87	Survey [010]	26
	Competent senior managers	are readily available	7.00	Survey [010]	8
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.51	Survey [010]	29
\triangleright	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	19.23	%	52
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	7.49	Survey [010]	19
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	7.64	Survey [010]	12
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	6.06	Survey [010]	36
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	2.97	number	29
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	495	Average	24

VENEZUELA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)



Investment & Development		Value	2021 Rank
Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	- %	-
Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	- US\$	-
Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	- ratio	-
Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	- ratio	-
Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	4.18 Survey [0.	.10] 52
Employee training	is a high priority in companies	4.91 Survey [0.	.10] 55
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	37.22 %	56
Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	1.01 Survey [0.	.10] 64

Appeal			Value	2	2021 Rank
Cost-of-living i	ndex	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	-	index	-
Attracting and	retaining talents	is a priority in companies	6.20	Survey [010]	46
Worker motiva	ation	in companies is high	3.95	Survey [010]	62
Brain drain		(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	1.93	Survey [010]	61
▷ Quality of life		is high	1.43	Survey [010]	64
▷ Foreign highly-	skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	0.95	Survey [010]	64
Remuneration	in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	-	US\$	-
Remuneration	of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	23,610	US\$	61
Collected pers	onal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	-	%	-
▷ Justice		is fairly administered	0.55	Survey [010]	64
Exposure to pa	article pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	22.22	micrograms	48

Readiness		Value		2021 Rank
Labor force growth	Percentage change	-4.76	%	60
Skilled labor	is readily available	3.48	Survey [010]	61
Finance skills	are readily available	4.08	Survey [010]	62
International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.10	Survey [010]	60
Competent senior managers	are readily available	3.40	Survey [010]	61
Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	2.33	Survey [010]	64
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	-	%	-
University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	3.98	Survey [010]	61
Management education	meets the needs of the business community	4.48	Survey [010]	59
Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	3.53	Survey [010]	61
Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	-	number	-
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	-	Average	-

The IMD World Talent Ranking methodology

I. The structure of the IMD World Talent Ranking

The ranking is structured according to three factors:

- 1) investment and development
- 2) appeal
- 3) readiness

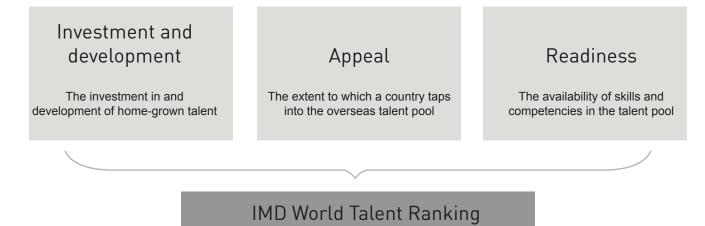
The first factor takes into account the investment in and development of home-grown talent. It traces the size of public investment on education by incorporating an indicator of public expenditure. It also looks at the quality of education through indicators related to pupil-teacher ratios. The development of talent is covered by variables related to the implementation of apprenticeship and the priority of employee training for companies. It also looks at the development of the female labor force. In addition, this factor takes into account the quality of the health infrastructure in terms of meeting the health needs of society.

The appeal factor goes beyond the focus on the local labor force to incorporate the ability of a country to tap into the overseas talent pool. It does so by including indicators such as the cost of living and quality of life in a particular economy. Specifically, it examines the ability of a country to attract highly skilled foreign labor. In addition, it assesses the way enterprises prioritize the attraction and retention of talent. Another component of this factor evaluates the impact of brain drain on the competitiveness of countries. It also takes into account the level of worker motivation. Salary and taxation levels are important for an economy to be able to maintain an effective flow of talent. The appeal factor thus considers remuneration at the management and services professions levels and personal income tax rates. This factor also incorporates measures of personal security and the protection of private property rights because they play a key role in increasing the attractiveness of a particular economy.

The success of the investment in and development of talent and the ability to attract and retain talent is reflected in the availability of skills and competencies to sustain an economy's talent pool. The readiness factor looks at the context of the talent pool. It considers the growth of the labor force and the quality of the skills available. It also takes into consideration the experience and competencies of the existing senior managers' pool. In addition, the readiness factor focuses, on the ability of the educational system to meet the talent needs of enterprises. It examines the way in which the educational system fulfils the talent demands of the economy, the ability of higher education to meet that demand and the languages skills available. Finally, it considers the mobility of students (inbound) and educational assessment (PISA).

Such a comprehensive set of criteria enables us to observe how countries perform in terms of sustaining their talent pool. In developing the talent ranking, we have omitted measures of the regulation of labor and productivity. The reason for this is because our objective is to assess the development and retention of talent, and the regulation of labor and its focus on conflict resolution could be perceived as peripheral to that objective. Similarly, productivity is an outcome of what we want to assess.

Graph 1. Relation between Competitiveness and the Scientific Infrastructure sub-factor



II. Constructing the IMD World Talent Ranking

In order to calculate the IMD World Talent Ranking, we:

- Normalize criteria data using the same STD methodology used in the IMD World Competitiveness Yearbook
- Average the criteria STDs to generate the three talent competitiveness factors
- Aggregate factors to build the overall talent ranking
- Normalize the factors and overall ranking to the 0 to 100 range to facilitate the interpretation of results.

We employ this methodology to rank the countries' evolution in talent aspects from 2013 onward. However, there are some caveats. For certain years, our sample varies according to the evolution of the IMD World Competitiveness

Table 1: Sample size (2017-2021)

Year:	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
# Countries:	63	63	63	63	64

Yearbook. That is to say, some countries appear in the talent ranking only for the years since they became part of the Yearbook. For example, talent rankings for Mongolia are available from 2015 onward and Cyprus and Saudi Arabia are available only from 2017.

Additionally, hard data may not be available for specific countries in specific years. Whenever possible, we use the most recent data available.

In Table 2 we present all the definitions of hard and survey criteria. Note that the value range for all survey-based criteria is of 0 to 10.

Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP
Total public expenditure on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels
Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff
Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff
Apprenticeships	Apprenticeships are sufficiently implemented
Employee training	Employee training is a high priority in companies
Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force
Health infrastructure	Health infrastructure meets the needs of society

Investment & Development

Appeal

Cast of living index	
Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)
Attracting and retaining talents	Attracting and retaining talents is a priority in companies
Worker motivation	Worker motivation in companies is high
Brain drain	Brain drain (well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your econom
Quality of life	Quality of life is high
Foreign highly-skilled personnel	Foreign highly-skilled personnel are attracted to your country's business environment
Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements suc as bonuses, US\$
Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$
Collected personal income tax rate	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percen age of GDP
Justice	Justice is fairly administered
Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre

Labor force growth	Percentage change
Skilled labor	Skilled labor is readily available
Finance skills	Finance skills are readily available
International experience	International experience of senior managers is generally significant
Competent senior managers	Competent senior managers are readily available
Primary and secondary education	Primary and secondary education meets the need of a competitive economy
Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences
University education	University education meets the needs of a competitive economy
Management education	Management education meets the needs of the business community
Language skills	Language skills are meeting the needs of enterprises
Student mobility inbound Foreign tertiary-level students per 1 inhabitants	
Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds

Notes and Sources by Criteria

The source of the survey criteria is always :

IMD World Competitiveness Center's Executive Opinion Survey 2021. Which was conducted from mid-February to early May 2021, with a total number of 5'776 respondents.

Background Criteria

0.01 [B] Exchange Rate International Financial Statistics Online February 2021 (IMF) National sources

Period average.

0.02 [B] Population - Market Size World Economic Outlook April 2021 National sources

Mid-year estimates. Croatia: new census in 2011 with a new methodology. India: break in series in 2011. Iceland, Romania as of January 1. Jordan: series have been revised according to the the new Population and Housing Census published in 2016. End of year population for 2019 and 2020. Lithuania: break in series 2011 - census revised population figure downwards by 10% (emigration to EU over past decade). Philippines: Projected population (medium assumption) excluding for 2015, which is based on the 2015 Census. Portugal: methodological change in 2011. Russia: including Crimea as of 2015. UAE: re-estimation of the national population was made by the National Bureau of Statistics in 2010 (consequent increase as of 2008).

0.03 [B] GDP per capita

OECD (2021), Main Economic Indicators - complete database National sources

Provisional data or estimates for most recent year. Malaysia: Data 2018 & 2019: Preliminary; Data 2020 is sum of 4 quarters.

Factor 1: Investment & Development

1.01 Total public expenditure on education UNESCO http://stats.uis.unesco.org Eurostat October 2021 National sources

Total general (local, regional and central) government expenditure in educational institutions (current and capital). It excludes transfers to private entities such as subsidies to households and students, but includes expenditure funded by transfers from international sources to government. It includes pre-primary, primary, secondary all levels and tertiary public institutions. Chile and Jordan: Budgetary central government. Philippines: Includes expenditure for items other than basic and higher education such as vocational education, culture and sports.

1.02 Total public expenditure on education per student UNESCO http://stats.uis.unesco.org Eurostat October 2021 National sources

Total general (local, regional and central) government expenditure in educational institutions (current and capital). It excludes transfers to private entities such as subsidies to households and students, but includes expenditure funded by transfers from international sources to government. It includes pre-primary, primary, secondary all levels and tertiary public institutions. Chile and Jordan: Budgetary central government. Philippines: Includes expenditure for items other than basic and higher education such as vocational education, culture and sports.

1.03 Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education) UNESCO http://stats.uis.unesco.org OECD Education at a Glance 2021 National sources

For public and private institutions, based on full-time equivalent. Primary education (ISCED level 1): level of which the main function is to provide the basic elements of education at such establishments as elementary schools, primary schools. The ratio of students to teaching staff is calculated as the total number of full-time equivalent students divided by the total number of full-time equivalent educational personal. Teaching staff refers to professional personnel directly involved in teaching students. The classification includes classroom teachers; special education teacher; and other teachers who work with students as a whole class in a classroom, in small groups in a resource room, or in one-to-one teaching inside a regular classroom. Teaching staff also includes chairpersons of departments whose duties include some amount of teaching, but it does not include non-professional personnel

who support teachers in providing instructions to students, such as teacher's aides and other paraprofessional personnel. Data are UNESCO or OECD estimates and from national statistics. Brazil, Bulgaria, China, Cyprus, Greece, Hong Kong SAR, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Romania, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, Thailand, UAE and Ukraine: based on headcounts. Canada and Slovenia: Include data from another category.

1.04 Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education) UNESCO http://stats.uis.unesco.org OECD Education at a Glance 2021 National sources

For public and private institutions, based on full-time equivalent. Secondary education (ISCED levels 2 and 3): level providing general and/or specialized instruction at middle schools, secondary schools, high schools, teacher training schools and schools of a vocational or technical nature. The ratio of students to teaching staff is calculated as the total number of full-time equivalent students divided by the total number of full-time equivalent educational personal. Teaching staff refers to professional personnel directly involved in teaching students. The classification includes classroom teachers; special education teacher; and other teachers who work with students as a whole class in a classroom, in small groups in a resource room, or in one-to-one teaching, but it does not include non-professional personnel who support teachers in providing instructions to students, such as teacher's aides and other paraprofessional personnel. Data are UNESCO or OECD estimates and from national statistics. Brazil, China, Cyprus, Hong Kong, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Romania, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Thailand, UAE, Ukraine and Venezuela: Based on headcounts. Australia: general programs only. Bulgaria, Canada: upper secondary only. Estonia, Italy, Japan, Portugal, Switzerland and United Kingdom: Include data from another category. Iceland: lower secondary only.

1.07 Female labor force

OECD (2021), Main Economic Indicators - complete database National sources

Estimates for the most recent year. Austria: break in series in 2008. Belgium: untill Q3 for 2018. Denmark: break in series in 2009. Malaysia: break in series in 2010. Philippines: 2018 data calculated from the July 2018 Labor Force Survey. Philippines: 2020 data are preliminary figures for October 2020. Portugal: methodological change in 2011. Singapore: estimates from the Ministry of Manpower. Spain: break in series in 2005.

Factor 2: Appeal

2.01 Cost-of-living index MERCER Cost of Living survey 2020 www.mercer.com

Break in series in 2015: In the main city as of 2015, average of main cities in large countries (made by IMD WCC) or in the capital in smaller ones up to 2014. The Mercer survey covers 214 cities across five continents and measures the comparative cost of over 200 items in each location, including housing, transport, food, clothing, household goods and entertainment. It is the world's most comprehensive cost of living survey and is used to help multinational companies and governments determine compensation allowance for their expatriate employees. New York is used as the base city (=100) for the index and all cities are compared against New York. Currency movements are measured against the US dollar. The cost of housing - often the biggest expense for expats - plays an important part in determining where cities are ranked.

Data is not always comparable over years (money fluctuations in 2010 and 2011).

2.07 [7] Remuneration in services professions UBS Prices and Earnings 2018 National sources

Figures are estimates remuneration paid in major cities. Gross annual income including possible supplementary benefits, such as bonuses, vacation pay, meal or housing allowances, or family assistance. roduct Manager: manager in pharmaceutical, chemical or food industry, about five years of experience, tertiary educational degree, middle management, approximate age and status: 35, married. Primary school teacher: teaching for about 10 years in government-operated schools, approximate age and status: 35, married, two children. Secratary/Personal Assistant: secretary of a department manager in an industrial firm, at least five years of experience; knowledge of PCs and one foreign language, approximate age and status: 25, single. Call center agent: trained agent at an inbound call/service center in the telecommunications or technology sector, approximate age and status: 25, single. Nurse: Completed apprenticeship or studies, at least 10 years of experience, approx. age and status: 35, married, two children. Sales in ladies' apparel at a large department store, specialized training in sales, several years of experience, approx. age and status: 25, single.

2.08 [4] Remuneration of management HCM International Ltd, April 2021 National sources

Total remuneration: including annual base salary, annual short-term incentive bonus and long term incentive. Based on companies having a minimal turnover of US\$ 250 million. Chief Executive Officer: directs all company's operations, including sales, marketing, manufacturing and support function; coordinates and provides guidance for the development and implementation of business strategies; optimizes market potential; provides long-term vision and leadership; identifies growth opportunities; assures organizational efficiency of the operations; builds long-term partnership with key accounts. Estonia: break in series in 2011 (change of source, data for earlier years are not comparable).

2.09 Collected personal income tax OECD (2021), "Revenue Statistics: Comparative tables", OECD Tax Statistics (database) Government Finance Statistics 2021 National sources

Personal income taxes paid to general government. Russia: break in series in 2005 and 2007. Singapore: financial year.

2.11 Exposure to particle pollution

OECD (2021), "Green growth indicators", OECD Environment Statistics (database)

Particle pollution, also called particulate matter or PM, is a mixture of solids and liquid droplets floating in the air. Some particles are released directly from a specific source, while others form in complicated chemical reactions in the atmosphere. Particles less than 10 micrometers in diameter pose the greatest problems, because they can get deep into lungs and even the bloodstream. Cyprus: includes PM2.5 and PM10.

Factor 3: Readiness

3.01 Labor force growth OECD (2021), Main Economic Indicators - complete database National sources

Estimates for the most recent year. Austria: break in series in 2008. Belgium: untill Q3 for 2018. Brazil: break in series in 2014. Denmark: break in series in 2009. Lithuania: break in series 2011 - census revised labor force figure downwards by 10% (emigration to EU over past decade). Latvia: break in series in 2012. Malaysia: break in series in 2010. Philippines: 2020 data are preliminary figures for October 2020. Portugal: methodological change in 2011. Singapore: estimates from the Ministry of Manpower. Spain: break in series in 2005.

3.07 Graduates in Sciences UNESCO National sources

Share of graduates in Natural Sciences; Mathematics and Statistics; Information and Communication technologies; Engineering, manufacturing and construction. In tertiary education (ISCED2011 levels 5 to 8), both sexes (%). Japan: Data on information and communication technologies are included in other fields. Jordan: 2020 data used in 2019. Philippines: includes Medical and Allied Disciplines Graduates.

3.11 Student mobility inbound UNESCO http://stats.uis.unesco.org

International mobile students (men and women) from abroad studying in a given country (in tertiary education). Data can refer to the school or financial year prior or after the reference year. Thailand : 2020 data have been used in 2019.

3.12 [2] Educational assessment - PISA PISA 2018 (OECD) http://www.oecd.org/pisa/

The OECD's Programme for International Student Assessment (PISA) is a regular survey of 15-year olds which assesses aspects of their preparedness for adult life. PISA selects a sample of students that represents the full population of 15-year-old students in each participating country or education system, in both public and private schools. Mathematical literacy: an individual's capacity to identify and understand the role that mathematics plays in the world, to make well-founded judgments and to use and engage with mathematics in ways that meet the needs of that individual's life as a constructive, concerned and reflective citizen. Scientific literacy: an individual's scientific knowledge and use of that knowledge to identify questions, to acquire new knowledge, to explain scientific phenomena, and to draw evidence based conclusions about science-related issues, understanding of the characteristic features of science as a form of human knowledge and enquiry, awareness of how science and technology shape our material, intellectual, and cultural environments, and willingness to engage in science-related issues, and with the ideas of science, as a reflective citizen. Hong Kong (China), Netherlands, Portugal and United States: Data did not meet the PISA technical standards but were accepted as largely comparable. China: limited regions (B-S-J-Z); the municipalities of Beijing and Shanghai and the provinces of Jiangsu and Zhejiang participated.

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